The Bee.

VOL. XVI. NO. 141. TOLEDO, OHIO, FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 9, 1891. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

ARMSTRONG & CLARKE

W. S. T. B.

CASH GROCERS

OFFER

8 lbs of Schumacher's Oat Meal for	$	25
7 lbs Schumacher's Rolled Avena for		25
1 Doz Cans French Peas for	1	70
1 " " French Mushrooms for	2	50
1 " " Nectar Corn for	1	10
1 " " Asparagus for	2	75
1 " " Buckeye Tomatoes for	1	60
1 " " Early June Peas for	1	30
1 " " Pumpkin for		95
1 " " California Apricots for	2	50
1 " " Blueberries for	2	25
1 " " White Cherries for	2	75
1 " " Yellow Peaches for	1	50
1 " " Bartlett Pears for	2	90
1 " " Plums for	2	80
1 " " Pine Apple for	2	75
1 " " Orange Quinces for	2	50
1 " " Franco-American Soup for	3	75
1 " " Mustard Sardines for	1	10
1 " " Clam Chowder for	2	50
1 " " Clam Juice for	2	50
1 " " Shrimps for	2	60
1 " " Deviled Crabs for	2	50
1 " " Salmon for	1	50
1 " " Salmon Steak for	2	25
1 " Bottles Snider's Catsup for	2	40
1 " " Beefsteak Catsup for	2	25
1 " " Bass Ale for	2	30
1 " " Guinness Stout for	2	10
1 " " India Pale Ale for	1	40
1 " " India Porter for	1	40
1 " " Hires Root Beer for	2	00
1 " " Apollinaris, Quarts, for	2	00
1 " " Apollinaris, Pints, for	1	60
1 " " Delatours Club Soda for	1	60
1 " " Delatour Lemon Soda for	1	00
1 " " Congress Water for	1	75

All Goods Warranted

—AT—

ARMSTRONG & CLARKE'S,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,

MASONIC TEMPLE BLOCK

Mantels!

Are you looking for something rich in design and substantial in appearance?

We have them.

Mantels!

Do you want something at moderate cost yet well finished?

We have them.

Mantels!

If it is something exclusive in design we can suit you, because we can make just what you want from the wood you may select.

THE CONANT BROS.' FURNITURE CO.

Summit, Adams and Water Sts.

STOVES! STOVES!

Don't forget that we sell stoves on easy terms as well as

FURNITURE,

AND OTHER HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

DON'T PUT OFF GETTING YOUR

Heating Stoves!

Until a cold day. Call and see us at once.

DRAPER & NUGENT,

MONROE AND ST. CLAIR STS.

Grand Central!

A First-Class Restaurant.
MEALS 25 CENTS.

503 Monroe St., cor. Market Spac

HENRY WRITZEL, Propr.

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CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES of our own manufacture, at lowest prices; Wooden and Willow ware; Hammocks and Croquet Sets, Baskets of every variety, Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes, etc., etc.

DUNSCOMB & CO., 510 & 512 Summit St.

OUR NORMAL

Condition of prices on Wall Paper will soon commence. Come while its cheap.

Allen & Parkhurst.

IN OLD WYANDOT.

Gov. Campbell Continues His Wonderful Tour.

A Grand Meeting in Upper Sandusky Addressed by the Governor This Afternoon.

Upper Sandusky, O., Oct. 9.—(Special)—This is democratic day at Upper Sandusky and the boys are making the most of it. Gov. Campbell was up at an early hour to meet the sturdy democrats of Wyandot as they were presented to him in the parlors of the Pierson house.

The governor is feeling splendidly after the debate and said this morning to the Bee:

"These joint debates mean plenty of hard work, but the fun connected with them is more than sufficient remuneration.

He is satisfied that the people sat in judgment on the great discussion.

The governor was driven to the fair grounds at 12:30 o'clock. The democratic meeting was presided over by Hon. D. D. Hare, who introduced the governor in a few well-chosen words.

Gov. Campbell spoke for nearly an hour and a half and delivered some telling blows for the cause of democracy.

At the close of his speech he was introduced to nearly all the democrats in Wyandot county.

The meeting was a splendid one and cannot but have beneficial results. Gov. Campbell will go to Columbus to-night.

FUNERAL OF PARNELL.

It Will Occur on Sunday—His Last Words.

London, Oct. 9.—It has now been decided that the funeral ceremonies of the late Mr. Parnell will be held at the cemetery at Glasneven, a village about three and a half miles north of Dublin, on Sunday next. The body will arrive in Dublin Sunday morning and will be taken in state to the city hall and from there the funeral will proceed. Extensive preparations have already been commenced in view of the monster demonstration which is sure to follow.

During the patient's delirium, some hours before he died, he talked constantly of Ireland and told what he would do for her if he lived. In a brief lucid interval just before death he said—and they were almost his last words—"Let my love be conveyed to my colleagues and the Irish people."

When these words were subsequently communicated to a meeting of the delegates many of them burst into tears.

Messrs. Redmond and Mahoney are in charge of the details of the funeral. The body will be placed in a leaden coffin.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY

WEATHER

The present fine weather will continue through to-morrow, with slight change in temperature. Northerly winds.

Forecast for Western New York and Ohio—Fair till Sunday; continued low temperature; variable winds.

For Indiana and Illinois—Fair till Sunday; slightly cooler to-night, with frosts; warmer to-morrow; variable winds.

For Michigan and Wisconsin—Generally fair; warmer to-morrow; winds becoming southwesterly.

Stations.	Tem.	Wind.	Vel.	Weath.
Buffalo	46	SE	14	clear
Cleveland	46	S	14	cloudy
Toledo	47	N	14	clear
Indianapolis	48	NE	14	fair
St. Louis	48	N	10	cloudy
Kansas City	38	N	8	clear
Denver	38	S	6	clear
Chicago	44	N	14	fair
Des Moines	34	N	14	clear
St. Paul	34	SW	6	clear
Bismarck	36	Calm	..	clear
Moorhead	38	S	12	clear
St. Vincent	42	SW	8	clear
Helena	44	SW	6	clear
North Platte	38	Calm	..	clear
Minnedosa	32	Calm	..	clear
Alpena	40	NW	14	clear
Sault Ste. Marie	42	SW	8	clear

LOCAL.

The club and social.

Liquor dealers elect officers.

Natural gas trustees' meeting.

C. J. Wooley surprised last night.

What is going on in labor circles.

Council committees' weekly grind.

First day's registration in the city.

Workhouse board's monthly meeting.

An interview with Hon. Thos. Cogan.

The Mills meeting at Memorial hall to-night.

Local democrats satisfied with the Ada meeting.

Supposed Pennsylvania bank robber under arrest.

Congressman Mills predicts victory for the democracy.

UNITED STATES.

President Harrison's fear of Blaine.

Gossip from the thriving city of Findlay.

Reunion of the Sixty-eighth Ohio at Napoleon.

The great joint debate at Ada between Campbell and McKinley.

Gover Cleveland and David B. Hill indorse Flower from the same platform in New York.

COMING BY THE HUNDREDS.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 9.—It is estimated that during the last four weeks over two hundred Chinamen have passed through here into the United States. Twenty Chinamen are now in the city awaiting transportation. A local hotel keeper is getting rich handling the celestials.

"EUREKA"

FAMILY SUPPLY STORE!

CHENEY BLOCK—1212 ADAMS ST—CHENEY BLOCK

NOW OPEN FOR FOR BUSINESS.

Bread, Cakes, Pastry, &c., Strictly Home-Made!

AND THE FINEST TO BE HAD.

RAILROADERS, ATTENTION!

"A Dollar Saved is a Dollar Earned."

An old saying, but very true. We are in position just now, when you are compelled to buy watches, to save you many dollars. We have now in stock any watch you may desire, and are open for comparison as to prices. Get our prices first or last and you will find them away down. You cannot afford to buy without seeing us.

J. J. FREEMAN.

SHOVEL 'EM OUT! SHOVEL 'EM OUT!

THE WHEN

Gives the Best for the Least Money. That's why the people are with us in person and purse whenever we announce a

MONSTER

SHOVEL 'EM OUT SALE!

THIS WEEK WE CUT 'EM DOWN.

$ 5.00	Men's	Suits	cut down to	$3.50
6.00	"	"	"	4.50
7.00	"	"	"	5.50
8.00	"	"	"	6.00
10.00	"	"	"	7.00
4.00	Overcoats	"	"	2.50
5.00	"	"	"	3.50
6.00	"	"	"	4.50
7.00	"	"	"	5.00
10.00	"	"	"	7.00

Come in and look around this week. You are welcome to see these bargains.

THE WHEN CLOTHING HOUSE,

41 and 43 Summit Street, Cor. Monroe.

NEW SHAPES!

IN

Ladies' and Children's Felt Hats

JUST RECEIVED.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

FEATHER BOAS & COLLARETTES.

C. A. HARLEY & CO.

FORCES MASSED.

New York's Democracy Presents a Solid Front.

Cleveland and Hill, From the Same Platform,

Appeal to the People to Elect Roswell P. Flower.

Splendid Speech by the Ex-President.

Tariff is the Text of the Campaign—The Importance of the Contest in the Empire State Fully Set Forth.

New York, Oct. 9.—The democrats of this city assembled in mass meeting in the large hall of the Cooper union last evening to ratify the nominations made at the Saratoga convention. The time set for opening the meeting was 8 o'clock, but an hour before that time large throngs of men were massed before each of the entrances to the hall. When the doors were opened there was a wild rush that Capt. McCullagh and his hundred policemen were utterly unable to control. When the gates were closed lines of policemen held them fast against a crowd large enough to fill three halls as large as the one selected for the mass meeting. Down in the hall a band played an almost unceasing succession of patriotic and popular airs.

It was 8:20 o'clock before the meeting was called to order by Charles W. Dayton, who announced that that duty had been deputed to him by the state executive committee. He read a long list of vice presidents and secretaries, embracing the names of most of the leading city democrats. The list was headed by the name of ex-President Grover Cleveland, as president of the meeting.

A committee sent to escort Mr. Cleveland to the stage soon reappeared conducting him. Tumultuous applause greeted the appearance of the democratic ex-president. In all parts of the hall men stood up and waved their hats, cheered, clapped hands and stamped the floor with their canes.

Waiting for the applause to stop, he stood quietly at the reading desk, dressed in a black frock coat and trousers, and at length obtained silence by waving his hand. He said:

"My Fellow Citizens: The democratic party has at all times been by profession and by tradition the party of the people. I say by profession and tradition, but I by no means intend to hint in the use of this expression that in its conduct and action it has failed to justify its profession or been recreant to its traditions.

"It must, however, be admitted that we have had our seasons of revival, when the consciousness of what true democracy really means has been especially awakened, and when we have been unusually aroused to a lively appreciation of the aggressiveness and activity which conscience exacts of those who profess democratic faith and who are thus enlisted in the people's cause.

"We contemplate such a revival and the stupendous results which have thus far attended it. In view of these things we cannot be honest and sincere and fail to see that a stern and inexorable duty is now at our door.

"We saw the money of the people unnecessarily extorted from them under the guise of taxation.

"We saw that this was the result of a scheme perpetuated for the purpose of exacting tribute from the poor for the benefit of the rich.

"We saw growing out of this scheme the wholesale debauchery and corruption of the people whom it impoverished.

"We saw a party which advocated and defended this wrong gaining and holding power in the government by the shameless appeal to selfishness which it invited.

"We saw the people actually burnishing the bonds of misrepresentation and misconception which held them, and we saw sordidness and the perversion of all that constitutes good citizenship on every hand and sturdy Americanism in jeopardy.

"We saw a party planning to retain partisan ascendancy by throttling and destroying the freedom and integrity of the suffering through the most radical and reckless legislation.

"We saw waste and extravagance raiding the public treasury, and justified in official places, while economy in government expenditures was ridiculed by those who held in trust the people's money.

"We saw the national assembly of the people's representatives transformed to the mere semblance of a legislative assembly by the brute force of a violently created majority and by unprecedented arbitrary rulings, while it was jeeringly declared by those who usurped its functions to be no longer a deliberative body.

"Then it was that the democratic party, standing forth to do determined battle against these abuses which threatened the welfare and happiness of the people, called upon them to trust it, and promised them that the warfare should be relentless and uncompromising.

"As a result of the struggle then entered upon, never has the resistless force of the awakened thought of our countrymen been more completely demonstrated, and never has the irresistable strength of the principles of democracy been more fully exemplified.

"From the west and from the east came tidings of victory. In the popular branch of the next congress the party which lately impudently arrogated to itself the domination of that body will fill hardly more than one-fourth of its seats.

"Democratic governors occupy the enemy's strongholds in Iowa, Massachusetts, Ohio, Wisconsin and Michigan. In Pennsylvania the election of a democratic governor presented conclusive proof of republican corruption exposed and republican dishonesty detected.

"But with all these results of a just and fearless democratic policy our work is not yet completely done, and I want to suggest to you that any relaxation of effort within the lines established by the national democracy will be a violation of the pledges we gave the people when we invited their co-operation and undertook their cause.

"I do not forget that we are gathered together to ratify state nominations, and that we are immediately concerned with a state campaign. It seems to me, however, that while national questions of the greatest importance are yet unsettled, and when we are on the eve of a national campaign in which they must be again pressed upon the attention of the voters of the country, the democracy of the great state of New York cannot and will not entirely ignore them.

If we fail to retain ascendancy in the Empire State, no matter upon what issue it is fought, it will be claimed as the verdict of our people against the principles and platforms of the national democracy.

Those who act with us merely because they approve the present position of the national democracy and the reforms we have undertaken, and who oppose in national affairs republican policy and methods, and who still think the state campaign we have in hand has no relation to the principles and policy which they approve are in danger of falling into grave error.

Our opponents in the pending canvass, though now striving hard to hide their identity in a cloud of dust raised by their iteration of irrelevant things, constitute a large factor in the party which, still far from harmless, seeks to perpetuate all the wrongs and abuses of republican rule in national affairs. Though they may strive to appear tame and tractable in a state campaign, they but dissemble to gain a new opportunity for harm."

Mr. Cleveland then paid a handsome tribute to the democratic candidate for governor, Hon. R. P. Flower, and then added: "We seek further to secure the Empire State in her democratic steadfastness and we seek to win a victory which shall redeem the pledge we have made to regard constantly the interests of the people of the land and which shall give hope and confidence to the national democracy in the struggles yet to come."

Mr. Cleveland was frequently interrupted by applause. The applause was especially enthusastic when he spoke of extortionate taxation and the defeat the republicans sustained at the last congressional elections.

At the conclusion of Mr. Cleveland's address he introduced Senator Hill who made a stirring speech and the meeting closed with cheer after cheer for Cleveland, Hill, Flower and everything that was democratic.

ADMITTED TO THE BAR.

Half a Hundred Young Men Pass the Examination.

Columbus, Oct. 9.—Out of a class of 58 applicants for admission to the bar 50 passed the examination and were admitted by the supreme court to-day as follows:

Lincoln E. Andrews, Pickerington; Frank W. Babcock, Canton; John M. Bigger, Steubenville; Silas E. Bauder, Sandusky; John S. Black, Cambridge; F. Ford Belford, Toledo; George L. Blim, Ashland; Edward Claffey, Akron; James A. Collins, Tiffin; E. B. Dillon, Lancaster; David E. Dozer, Defiance; Jeremiah Donovan, Toledo; William T. Dever, Ashland; Orville W. Dwyer, Cincinnati; Walter S. Earxman, Canton; Robert L. Gilliam, Columbus; James Glenn, Cambridge; Charles H. Gale, Cleveland; Charles R. Coulterhoff, Cincinnati; Stephen H. Hayes, Cleves; Myles H. House, Washington C. H.; Thomas J. Hughes, Greenville; William T. Hewetson, St. Clairsville; Evan H. Hopkins, Cleveland; Cedric L. Johnson, Kenton; Samuel M. Johnson, Cambridge; Frank H. Kerr, Steubenville; James Ward Keyt, Piqua; A. B. Kiefaber, Amanda; H. L. Krauth, Seven Mile; Michael Livingstone, Youngstown; Nelson W. Miller, Tiffin; George W. Morrison, Ashville; Herbert McCoy, Columbus; H. H. Newell, Upper Sandusky; Oscar W. Newman, Portsmouth; George W. Ozias, Dayton; Frederick D. Prentis, Napoleon; William E. Peters, Athens; James L. Patterson, McConnelsville; John W. Roby, Delphs; Elias E. Roberts, Newton Falls; S. L. Swarts, Cincinnati; William Tingle, Columbus Grove; Charles W. Vorhees, Columbus; Julius F. Workum, Cincinnati; Henry L. Woodford, Athens; Alfred N. Wilcox, Paulding; E. H. Westenhaver, North Baltimore; George B. Smith, Youngstown.

WEEPING AT THE GRAVE.

A Woman Claims to Have Been Allen's Wife.

Found at Midnight by the Side of His Tomb Entreating Her Loved One to Return.

Augusta, Me., Oct. 8. — A strange woman has appeared in Augusta, claiming to be the widow of Millionaire E. C. Allen. She says she was married to him in Paris several years ago.

Allen was buried in Augusta on Sunday, Aug. 9, and two watchers who were stationed at his grave that night were startled about midnight by the appearance of a woman, who knelt at the grave and seemed to be in great sorrow and pleaded for the return to life of her husband.

The watchers did not disturb her, and after about half an hour she went away. The next night, at about the same hour, she again appeared, kneeling and weeping as before. She was allowed to remain undisturbed until she was about to arise, when she was accosted.

She started to run, but her feet became entangled in the evergreen and she fell to the ground. The men assisted her to her feet and then, for the first time, she spoke in French, demanding to know why she was rudely treated. She said she was a relative and was permitted to depart.

One of Mr. Allen's kinswomen, to whom the circumstance was reported, said she must be an impostor. An hour or so later, it is said, Miss Allen received a visit from the stranger and a long interview took place.

The relatives make no statements in regard to the case at present.

TOO MUCH FOR M'KINLEY.

Campbell Made a Big Hit at Ada.

Interviews With Prominent Citizens Who Heard the Debate and are Not Prejudiced.

Upper Sandusky, Oct. 9.—(Special)—Gov. Campbell and party arrived here at 11 o'clock. He was met by a committee and escorted to the Pierson house, where he held a midnight levee.

He is well satisfied with the result of his debate with McKinley at Ada yesterday, and so are his friends.

He speaks at the fair grounds here this afternoon.

Leading democrats do not hesitate in expressing their opinion as to the result of the discussion.

Hon. W. C. Green said: "He cleaned McKinley up in a thorough manner."

Ex-Congressman Yoder: "He is too much for McKinley as a debater. The god of protection was not in it."

George Foster, sergeant-at-arms Ohio house of representatives: "Gov. Campbell in my opinion achieved a telling victory.

Hon. D. J. Dalton: "McKinley was badly licked by the governor."

Lieut.-Gov. Marquis: "That discussion made many democratic votes."

Clarence Meeker, private secretary: "I told you he would do it."

Hon. Dodge Hare: "A splendid victory for the governor."

Walter B. Ritchie: "A great debate, but only on one side. McKinley was not in it."

Daniel Flanagan, of the Kenton Democrat: "Campbell is a wonderfully clever debater. A great victory."

Hon. George Hill, Lima: "Campbell routed him all along the line."

Judge Brotherton, Van Wert: "It is all right. Campbell pursued the proper tactics. A big democratic victory."

These are but a few opinions expressed.

ROBBED A STAGE.

San Francisco, Oct. 9.—Information has been received here by Wells, Fargo & Co. that the stage between Linkville and Lakeview, Ore., was held up and robbed Wednesday by two men, near Lakeview. The amount of the booty secured by the robbers is not known, but it is said they did not molest the mails.

GALVANIZED HIM.

The Tin Soldier Takes His Sugar Coated Pills,

And They Make Him Very Sick at Heart.

Gov. Campbell's Unanswerable Argument at Ada.

Challenged Before Thirty Thousand People

To Show Where Protection Had Raised Wages,

McKinley Dodged the Question and Refused to Answer.

The High Priest of the High Tax Advocates

Handled Like a Toy in Hands of Ohio's Governor.

One of the Grandest Political Meetings Ever Held in the State of Ohio—Speeches That Every Voter in the Country Should Read.

Ada, Oct. 9.—(Special)—The great debate here yesterday between Gov. Campbell and Maj. McKinley, was without doubt one of the greatest events of the kind that ever occured in the state of Ohio.

It was a battle royal between two giants, but one of these giants had right on his side, and the universal opinion with democrats as well as many republicans, was that Gov. Campbell had much the best of the argument.

The audience which listened to the discussion was, perhaps, as large as will be assembled at a political meeting in Ohio for years to come, and that audience, sitting as a jury when divested of prejudice, will not fail to admit that the brilliant leader of Ohio's democracy gave the protection champion one of the sharpest tilts he has ever had in his life.

The great cause of the people was presented by him in a succient and convincing manner, and his magificent argument in favor of lower taxation in this country of ours was unanswerable and was not answered by his opponent.

McKinley sought by his well known eloquence and pleasing platitudes to get as far away from the points at issue in the debate, as laid down by the governor in his opening speech, as possible, and did nothing more than repeat the same oration that he has delivered in Ohio many times during the present campaign.

In his opening speech, Gov. Campbell did not refer to the silver question and sought to confine McKinley to a discussion of the great question of taxation, but the latter devoted nearly half of his time to silver.

The audience present was estimated by men who are good guessers, at from 20,000 to 25,000 people, and although it was decidedly enthusiastic, it was respectfully attentive. Being composed of adherents of all political parties, it cheered first for Campbell, then for McKinley, and then for the governor again; but each speaker was the recipient of the most respectful consideration.

Not one-third of the people could be seated, but the big amphitheater and the space in front of it, which was seated, was packed as closely as sardines in a box.

A huge canvas protected the audience from the sun's rays, and back of those who were fortunate enough to obtain seats, thousands of people were standing eager to catch the words which fell from the lips of the speakers, so far away form them.

Upon the speakers' stand were seated a hundred or more Ohio politicians, among whom might be mentioned Lieut. Gov. Marquis, W. C. Cappellar, Judge Isaiah Pillars, of Lima; Congressman Bellamy Storer, of Cincinnati; Ferd Layton,

WM. M'KINLEY, JR.

of Wapakoneta; Gautz, of Troy; Private Secretary Meeker, Doc Norton, Chas. N. Lamison Lima, W. B. Ritchie, Judge S. S. Yoder, Eb Poe, T. E. Peckinpaugh, republican candidate for state treasurer, and many others.

The press representatives were located immediately in front of the speakers' stand, and it may be said right here that the arrangements for the accommodation of the newspapers were never more thorough or complete at any political gathering or convention in the state of Ohio.

The state was well represented. So far as democrats were concerned, the Duckworth club of Cincinnati and the Young Men's Brice club of Lima made the most creditable showing.

The Duckworth club was headed by Dan Dalton and a splendid band of 24 pieces.

The arrangements for the debate had been so perfectly arranged that there was no hitch in getting the affair under way.

When Gov. Campbell was introduced by Chairman Van Fleet he was cheered for a minute or two and the people for that length of time appeared to be frantic in their enthusiasm for their governor. When McKinley arose to reply, he was also accorded a magnificent ovation, but the scene occurred when Gov. Campbell arose to close the debate.

His arising was the signal for what was probably the most wonderful demonstration of the campaign. The vast audience appeared to rise en masse and nothing could be heard save cheers for the governor. Men, wild and frantic, waved their hats and handkerchiefs, and the ladies joined in the melee. The audience was a shrieking, howling mob, and back of it could be seen the white hats of the Duckworth club, high in the air on the canes of the Cincinnati lads.

Gov. Campbell endeavored in vain to induce the audience to subside, and finally it appeared to be worn out and quiet was restored. Just as the governor was about to open some enthusiastic democrat proposed three cheers for "Fighting Jimmy," the audience again went wild and the scene of a few moments previous was repeated.

So far as the merits of the debate are concerned a perusal of the speeches will determine. Campbell asked McKinley many questions which were ignored by him, while the governor answered questions propounded by his advesrary in a prompt and satisfactory manner.

McKinley is no manner of match for

JAMES E. CAMPBELL.

the governor in joint debate, and his managers must have foreseen the result of this debate when they refused to permit McKinley to meet Campbell in eight more joint discussions.

The governor is quick at repartee and has a great faculty of seeing and making a point quickly, while McKinley when driven off his beaten patch is like a ship at sea without a compass, or a school boy at his first oration.

He was not in it with the governor at any stage, to use a slang term, and this was common opinion. At the close of his opening speech Gov. Campbell was presented with an elegant floral horseshoe, the gift of the ladies of Ada.

At the conclusion of the debate both of the participants entered a carriage and escorted by the Duckworth and Brice clubs, were driven to the residence of Prof. Lehr, where they dined.

Gov. Campbell left for Upper Sandusky at 9 o'clock.

Campbell's Opening.

When quiet had been restored, after Governor Campbell had been introduced to the vast audience of thirty thousand people, he spoke as follows:

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: The time allotted me to open this debate is so short that it precludes indulgence in remarks regarding the cordial greeting accorded by this meeting. The moments at my disposal are too few to properly present the indictment against this monster iniquity masquerading in the garb of protection, which subsists on the taxes wrung from the wage worker and agriculturist. Like the French Madame Roland, who protested against crimes committed in the name of freedom, I protest against the heinous crimes committed in the name of protection. With the enormous increase in the cost of living and the necessaries of life, with almost daily reductions of wages, with yearly decrease in the value of lands, with growing unprofitableness of farming—(Being interrupted by noise of an approaching band the governor said, "I will suspend until the rest of the state arrives." After a pause, "I understand the music was that of democratic bands accompanying clubs just arrived from Cincinnati and Lima, and I guess I can stand that.")—With our once proud commerce now swept from the seas and this great industry abandoned, we find the temples of protection crowning our hills, while in the valleys Italians, Hungarians and Bohemians, who are crowding out American workmen, crouch in their hovels.

It is no doubt comforting to the wives of these workmen who have been crowded out of employment to be told that the tariff is for the protection of their husbands' wages, and it is, no doubt, pleasing to the starving miners to be told that too many men have been working and production must be limited for a time that the protected mine owners may reap additional profits from their production to add to coffers already overflowing. All these things, combined with the fact that 75,000 people in this country have as much wealth as the other 65,000,000, discredits the protection of this 60 per cent. tariff. And all the time some of these men, sometimes termed the rotten rich, are endeavoring to blacken the character and destroy the reputation of honest men who have the misfortune not to be wealthy. (This reference to recent publications regarding the governor's private business was lustily cheered.)

We are rapidly reaching the condition predicted by that great and wise statesman, Abraham Lincoln, who, in his last days, with wonderful foresight, uttered these words: "As a result of the civil war and its financial operations, I fear the corporations will be enthroned and an era of corruption in high places will follow until all wealth is in the hands of the few, and this will last until the republic is lost."

To show you that this is not overstating the case and that I want to be fair, I will cite the utterance of a republican congressman, whose successor I see here on this platform. I mean Ben Butterworth. He said he could count on the 10 fingers of his two hands, men who had added more wealth to their store in 20 years than was added to all the agriculturists in the union. I have the authority of the American Economist that in 1889 the number of people in the United States who owned their own homes had fallen from five-eighths of the population in 1850 to three-eighths. How many years will it take to reduce the population to one-eighth, or one one-hundredth? History is not without its lessons in this regard. I quote from a publication issued in the city of Baltimore: "When Egypt fell 2 per cent. of her population owned four-fifths of the wealth of the country; when Babylon fell 2 per cent. of the population possessed all the wealth; when Persia fell 1 per cent. of the population owned all the land—the people starved to death; when Rome fell 1,800 men owned all the world."

In 1850, in this country, capitalists owned 37 1-2 per cent. of all the wealth; to-day they own more than twice that much. Have they been more honest, industrious or energetic? Have they lived closer, or more economically than the wage-workers? Or for that matter than the lawyers, doctors and preachers? Yet he who goes before the people and points to these facts is discredited and the only answer given to his charges is to be sneered at as a "calamity croaker." I'll read you, appropos of this, an extract from another "calamity croaker." This particular "calamity croaker" is Bradstreet's, a paper giving mercantile and business information and recognized everywhere as a publication that is perfectly fair. Bradstreet's croaks a little too. The article is headed "Largely Increased Failures." It says the total number of business failures for the first nine months of 1891—which is also the first nine months of the new tariff law—was 8,866, as compared with a total of 7,538 for the corresponding period of 1890, a gain of 1,328.

Now, Major McKinley said, when he accepted the nomination for congress in 1890, that if his bill passed the senate—it had already passed the house—this country would witness a boom more marvelous than was ever known. Where is that boom? (Voices: "Gone glimmering," accompanied by laughter.)

Were it not that crops are the most abundant they have been for 10 years

with a famine abroad to give us a market—because there is no home market for the surplus products—where would we be. We know about this, for Maj. McKinley and I are both farmers—but our competition will not depress the home market. If we are to be pulled out of the slough of despond this year, it will not be because of the tariff, but because providence has furnished us a foreign market. If it were not for that the failures would be much worse and more numerous.

My solution of this condition is that one of the causes, at least—and one of the greatest—of depression and failure is because we pay too much taxes. For the tariff is a tax. In order to make my meaning clear I will read an extract from a speech of Major McKinley delivered at Philadelphia: "What is a duty under the tariff? I am not afraid of the word, it is a tax. And a tax on foreign goods brought into the United States.' Also in his speech at Millersburg last year he said substantially the same thing. Who pays this tax? He says we say the republican tariff puts the burden on the people. We do say it. The major says this tax is not paid by the consumer. I will quote a few authorities on this point. In the first place the supreme court of the United States, the highest tribunal in the land, says the consumer pays the tax. In the case of Brown v. Maryland, the supreme court said: "A duty on imports is a tax paid by the consumer."

The governor next quoted a letter from John Sherman, as treasurer of the United States, asking suggestions in regard to duties from Judge Richardson of the court of appeals, who also had treasury experience. In his reply, Judge Richardson says: "Moreover the general public, the purchasers and consumers of goods, are among the actual sufferers. If the collector exacts the highest rate of duty the importer adds it to the price of the goods and the consumer pays it." I will illustrate this by double-entry bookkeeping. If there is any one in this audience who does not know what double-entry bookkeeping is, I will say it is the simplest in the world. You just credit what comes in and debit what goes out. I will show you on this chart. (Here the governor had displayed a chart, ruled in columns with large figures.) Here is an American importer who goes to England and buys $5,000 worth of goods. The tariff on these is 60 per cent. The tariff ranges from 40 to 90 per cent, but the average is about 60 per cent. His first entry is simple. He gets his merchandise and pays cash. He simply credits cash with $5,000. Next he charges merchandise with $5,000. But when he goes to the custom house to get his goods the collector says to him, "Who are you?" He replies, "I am a merchant in the state of Ohio." "Republican?" "Yes." "Well, then you will like to see how our new tariff bill works." "Certainly. I want my goods. Now Major McKinley says the foreigner pays the tax. You just give me my goods and go and collect the tax from the foreigner." "No, no, you give me $3,000 and you can take your goods." He makes a memorandum of the expense and marks in brackets "duties."

I will open a school for bookkeeping now. (Major McKinley here said. "That's right, show them how it is done.") Here he credits cash with $3 000. Now he has just lost $3,000 for the privilege of bringing goods over here unless he charges it to duties and puts it into the price. If he did lose it in this way he ought to be put in an insane asylum. (Referring to chart.)

There's the exhibit if the foreigner pays the tax. If that entry is right and the foreigner pays the tax, then the goods come in free. Then we have free trade. No little reciprocity with a few black republics in the south, but free trade. We do not have free trade. I only want to demonstrate that the tariff adds to the price and the consumer pays the tax. The governor made an illustration of plate glass of which $160,000 worth was imported last year, on which $263,000 duty was paid. He asked did the foreigner pay $100 000 more tax than he got for his goods. Last week a Chicago firm got $1,000 worth of pearl buttons, paying a duty of $3,000. Did the foreigner pay 300 per cent on the price he received for the privilege of sending those buttons here? Illustrating further with the duty on tin plate imported and rebate allowed for its subsequent export, he asked if the foreigner paid the tax in the first place, whether the United States went into its pocket for the rebate returned, or who paid that? Was it given back to the importer or to the foreigner?

The $200,000 of duties covered into the United States treasury last year was only a small per centage of the tax paid. The value of domestic manufactures sold at home was $5,500,000,000. The tariff rate on these averages 6 per cent. It is fair to presume that one-third of this duty is paid to manufacturers at home in lieu of the 60 per cent. This would amount to $1,100,000,000. Mr. Mills, an authority on the subject, estimates it at $1,200,000,000. But take the lower estimate. The people have not only paid the $200,000,000 which went into the treasury, but five times that amount to the protected manufacturers. Now, why is this done? It is said for the upholding and maintenance of manufacturers. How long, O Lord, how long is this thing to go on? (Voice—"For all time.") It will go on for eternity, I suppose, if not stopped. I will tell you when this should have stopped. Not on my authority, but that of James G. Blaine, an eminent republican statesman. He wrote: "Facts are stubborn things and figures cannot be set aside. The truth remains that the coarser woolens, cottons, furniture, doors, sash, blinds, locks, silverware—you farmers are not interested in that—plated ware, ordinary window glass, rubber, lard oil, linseed oil, white lead (there's a trust in that) can be produced more cheaply in the United States than in any other part of the world."

If this is so I will call your attention to the time these infants have had. I mean by infants, little fellows 102 years old. (Laughter.) Flint and lime glassware has been taxed since 1789. This is one of your infants. It had a duty on it of 43 per cent., and Maj. McKinley raised it to 60 per cent. It is shipped from here all over the world, yet it is raised to 60 per cent. Cotton cloth. Why we raise the cotton here. We ought to make it as cheap as any one. It has been taxed since 1700. It was raised by this bill from 45 per cent. to 60 per cent. That 60 per cent. is to protect labor. Why the whole cost of labor in it is only 65 per cent.

Now for the result. Something must have happened from all this. During the war we were taxed for revenue and were willing to be taxed. When a representative proposed to tax anything it was taxed. Nobody cared what it was. It was for the support of the government. So the duties crept up to 30 per cent. In 25 years since the war duties were raised gradually from 30 per cent. to 47 per cent., and now, under Major McKinley's bill, from 47 to 60 per cent., so we have doubled the tariff since the war. Who has been benefited? What have the farmers got. Here is a report from the secretary of the board of equalization—a republican board. Farm lands have depreciated $98 0.0 0.0 0, an apparent loss of perhaps one-half, in round numbers, gone from the farmers. Where has it gone? By the census report of Robert P. Porter, a republican, the State of Ohio—not the farmers, but some one else—has increased values of $243,000,000. The farmers should have had $100,000,000,000 of this. Where is the farmer who is better off? (Loud cries of "Here! Here!" and cheers.) Some say they are better off, but they have more mortgages and sheriffs sales. I say not one in 1,000 is as well off. There has been a loss of value on the lands and buildings of $200,000,000.

It is true, as the Major says, they do not feel the tax, but they can see it if they compare their condition now with 10 years ago. It is that insidious form of taxation which is not felt at once. But when you go into a store for $1 worth of goods and have to pay $1 for tax the condition will have come when men will not stand it. What has the wage worker lost? We have seen what the farmer has lost. Now let the wage worker stand up. The tariff has been raised to 60 per cent. for the benefit of labor. Now get up here, all of you. Every laboring man who has had his wages increased since the McKinley bill passed, stand up. I don't see any up. I want the Major when he speaks to tell where these men who have had their wages raised are.

While the Major is getting ready to enumerate these men, I will say I have looked all over the state and I haven't found one. In this country 300 big establishments have reduced wages since the passage of that bill, but I don't know of one that has increased wages. In the iron and steel industries none have raised wages. I have a list of 30, including Carnegie, who have reduced. Even the great Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers could not secure the advance asked for and accepted a reduction. Wages are best where organization exists. Not a week ago Carnegie posted notice of a change in the scale. We all know what that means. It means a demand for a reduction. It is not necessary to post notice of intention to raise wages. I never knew a man who needed three months' notice of a raise in his wages. (Laughter and cheers.)

I got in trouble with the glass manufacturers a while ago because I said they would throw 3,000 men out of employment. I got in trouble because I said it would throw 1,000 mould makers out of employment. They say they are not all mould makers. Well, suppose a brick layers' strike in Cincinnati threw a thousand men out of employment and some of them were hodcarriers. It would make a great deal of difference to their families whether they were called mould makers or hodcarriers. It is probably sweet to the men out of employment that I make this correction. They are not all mould makers. The manufacturers only make 74 per cent. a year. They say they had to protect something, so we proceed to protect ourselves by throwing a lot of men out of work.

I had trouble with the window-glass men, too. Well, go to Tiffin, Fostoria, etc., and see these workmen. They are mostly Belgians, etc., who came through Castle Garden without hindrance. They will not even teach an American boy the trade. I would have a tariff on some things and first I would put a tariff on an alien who displaces American labor, so high that it would shut him out forever!

As time was called the democratic portion of the audience howled its delight for several minutes, and some enthusiastic admirer handed up an elegant floral horse-shoe for the governor.

MCKINLEY'S SPEECH.

He Follows Out His Well Worn Line of Argument on Silver and Tariff.

It gives me pleasure, said Major McKinley after the ovation which greeted his appearance had subsided, to greet this great audience, and a special pleasure to speak from the same platform to the same audience with Gov. Campbell, that we may present the cause that we respectively represent. The issues between us and between the parties for which we stand are fixed not by ourselves but by the platforms of our respective parties.

There are one or two of them which I propose to present. One of them is the question of silver and the other the question of taxation. One relates to the standard with which we shall measure our exchanges with each other and the rest of the world and the other relates to the methods of taxation by which we shall raise revenues for public purposes.

Upon this question of silver, the democratic platform has declared for free and unlimited coinage of the silver of the world as freely as gold is now coined and upon the ratios now fixed. The republican party stands opposed to that, insisting that it cannot be safely done until the great commercial nations shall have fixed the ratio between gold and silver.

The republican party stands therefore for a dollar, worth 100 cents, whether it be gold or silver or paper, and approves the legislation of the last congress which requires the government to buy 4,500,000 ounces of silver every month at its market value. This is a little more than the entire silver product of the United States, and for every dollar's worth of silver thus purchased the government issues its treasury note, which shall be legal tender for all debts, public or private, and redeemable in coin at the will of the holder. The treasury note thus issued has behind it a dollar's worth of silver purchased at its market value.

The difference between the commercial value of the silver in the dollar and the coin value of the silver dollar went under the silver legislation of 1878 to the treasury. The cost of the silver in the silver dollar averaged to the government 80 to 81 cents, the government putting its stamp on it and making it a legal tender for 100 cents and the difference between what the government paid for the silver and the face value of the silver dollar amounts in 12 years to $67,000,000, which went to the benefit of the 63,000,000 of people. Free and unlimited coinage would give that profit to the silver producers of the world.

You can buy to-day the 371 1-4 grains of pure silver which constitute the silver dollar for 76 cents. Free and unlimited coinage would invite the silver producers of the world to bring their 76 cents worth of silver to the mints of the United States to be coined into a silver dollar, the government compelling this people to take it for 100 cents.

The major only repeated the threadbare arguments on the silver question which everybody has heard and grown tired of long ago.

The other issue between the democratic and republican platforms—the one relating to the tariff. Gov. Campbell does not like protection now. I remember when in a former congress Mr. Morrison brought in a bill which provided for only about 20 per cent. reduction of the tariff, and asked even the poor privilege of having it considered, and made a motion to that effect. I demanded the ayes and noes and Gov. Campbell voted with me then. (Laughter and cheers.)

Governor (addressing Gov. Campbell), you were right then. (Cheers.) And, governor, you didn't want to vote for the Mills bill either, did you? (Great laughter and cheers.) I have an interview of the governor's which I shall not use until I have passed it to him and inquire whether it is correct. (Handing Gov. Campbell a newspaper clipping.) And now, my fellow citizens, it is not a question of what the governor did in the past or what I have done in the past; it is a question of the present and the future; we fight living issues. (Great applause.) Gov. Campbell has a right to change his mind; it is a poor man who sacrifices right for inconsistency. (Applause.)

Gov. Campbell here handed back to Major McKinley the newspaper clipping containing the interview spoken of by him, denying its accuracy. Major McKinley, turning to the audience, said:

My fellow citizens, I do not use this interview at all. Gov. Campbell has said to me it was not in his interview and that is the end of it. Fellow citizens, there are only two ways to test any great question of public policy, one by reason and argument, the other by experience and history.

The governor's platform commits him to a tariff for revenue only, that is, a tariff upon foreign products levied with no other object in view but revenue, unmindful of no other consideration but revenue, not caring for the industries and occupations of the people.

A tariff that will produce the most revenue is the tariff which the revenue tariff policy maintains to-day. A revenue tariff will raise revenue for the government; a protective tariff will do that.

A revenue tariff will do nothing more: a protective tariff, besides raising revenue will also stimulate the industries of the people, encourage the skill and genius of American citizens, develop the resources of the government and secure to us as it has done in the past thirty years the first rank in mining, agriculture and manufacturing.

Tell me why the foreign producer should be permitted to enjoy this market equally with American citizens; why he should have the same privilege to enter this market with his competing products as the American citizen enjoys.

The foreign producers contribute not one dollar to our state, county or municipal improvements or expenses.

He is beyond your jurisdiction. You cannot reach him. You cannot compel him to pay 1 cent tax. You have built this country. You have made its great highways and canals. You have maintained your state institutions of every character, and you have done it by taxing yourselves. The foreign producer owes no allegiance to our flag. Why should he upon any consideration of justice, equality or fair play be permitted to share this market with the American people with his competing products without condition or restraint.

The only way we can reach him is when he brings his products to our ports. The governor says we pay the tax. If we do, why, I ask, is England making such a fuss about our tariffs? (Laughter and applause.) Why is Germany crying out against the new tariff law if we pay all the tariff? (Applause.)

If you want to know who pays the tax ask the Canadian farmer who brings his wheat to Erie county, Buffalo, New York. The Erie county farmer takes his there too. They meet at the same market place. The Erie county farmer takes 90 cents home with him. The Canadian farmer takes 90 cents less 25 cents, the American tariff. They say the tariff is a tax and the governor cites a number of things to show that we pay the tax. Great God, must you have a chart to tell a man. (Great laughter.) A chart to point out your poverty in the midst of plenty and prosperity.

Who pays the tax? The duty on salt is 22 4-10 cents a barrel, or 12 cents a hundred pounds. It can be purchased for 30 cents a bushel where it is manufactured, and 50 cents a barrel in a barrel which costs 20 cents, which makes the cost of salt, if the governor be right, 8 cents.

The duty on wire nails was 4 1-2 cents a pound. We reduced it to 2 1-2 cents. They can be bought at the place they are made for 2 2-10 cents a pound. Who pays the tax? Cut nails can be bought for 1 56-100 cents a pound. Steel rails can be bought for $30 a ton, $6 above the average price in Liverpool. The tariff is $13.44 a ton.

The duty is 25 per cent. on boots and shoes, where the duty was 30 per cent. The governor seems to think that we did not reduce any duties.

I want to say to him that when he voted for the Mills bill he voted to make the duty on binding twine 25 per cent., equal to 1 1-2 cents, and we only made 7-10 of a cent. The duty on linseed oil is 32 cents a gallon and on the farmer's flaxseed 22 cents a bushel. The oil sells at 33 cents a gallon and if the tax is added linseed oil should sell here for 65 cents a gallon. But it does not. Who pays the tax? (Laughter.)

The governor complains that in this iniquitous law of 1890 we gave a rebate of 99 per cent. on imported raw material made into a finished product when entered for the export trade. That rebate principle has been in every tariff law since the second administration of George Washington.

It was in the Mills bill which the governor voted for. Let me remind the governor while on the subject of rebate that the committee on ways and means over which Mr. Morrison presided presented a report which was written by the able democrat, Mr. Abraham S. Hewitt, of New York, and which recommended that a rebate of 99 per cent. be given on imported raw material entered after finished for the export trade.

He recommended it as in the interest of labor, stating it furnished just so much labor to America which would be employed abroad, and the very proposition he suggested and which every democratic member of the ways and means committee voted for is in the new tariff law and is the provision over which Gov. Campbell clamors so loudly.

Now I want to give you some experience, for that is a better teacher than a chart. (Laughter.) There is nothing in history or our own experience to justify a reversal of our protective system or change our protective laws. A low tariff has always increased the importation of foreign goods, multiplied our foreign obligations, produced a balance of trade against us, supplanted the democratic producer and manufacturer, undermined domestic prosperity and robbed labor of its just rewards. Let me call first Thomas Ewing, once an eminent United States senator from Ohio.

Here Maj. McKinley read as showing the condition of agriculture under the revenue tariff policy prior to 1824: I beg to read you an extract from a speech made by Thomas Ewing, a senator from Ohio, in defense of the system of protection. Every farmer in Ohio long knew and felt the pressure consequent on this state of things. Year after year their stacks of wheat stood unthreshed, scarcely worth the manual labor of separating the grain from the straw. So low was it reduced in comparison with manufactured articles that I have known 40 bushels of wheat given for a pair of boots. Such was the state of things in the western country prior and at the time of the revision of the tariff of 1824.

Horace Greeley, the late distinguished editor and founder of the New York Tribune, has summarized in the most striking manner the effects to the country of the two tariff systems.

In 1869 he wrote: "Our years of signal disaster and depression have been those in which our ports were easily flooded with foreign goods, those which intervened betwixt the recognition of our independence and the enactment of the tariff of 1789; those which followed the close of our last war with Great Britain and were signalized by immense importations of fabrics; those of 1838 to 1842, when the compromise of 1833 began to be seriously felt in the reduction of duties in imports, and those of 1854-1857 when the Polk-Walker tariff of 1846 had time to take full effect.

No similarly sweeping revolutions and prostrations ever took place under the sway of efficient protection. Mr. Clay, in 1832 after promising that the seven years preceding the passage of the tariff of 1824 had been the most disastrous while the seven following the passage of the act had been the most prosperous that our country had ever known, said this transformation of the country from gloom and distress to brightness and prosperity was mainly the work of a legislation fostering American industries instead of allowing it to be controlled by foreign legislation cherishing foreign industry."

Fillmore testified in his message of 1851 of the condition of the country under the tariff of 1846. The value of our exports of breadstuffs and provisions, which it was supposed the incentive of a low tariff and large importation from abroad would have greatly augmented, has fallen from 68,701,921 in 1847 to 26,051,374 in 1850, and to 21,848,053 in 1851, with a strong probability amounting almost to a certainty of a still further reduction in the current year.

The policy which dictated a low rate of duties on foreign merchandise it was thought by those who promoted and established it would tend to benefit the farming population of this country by increasing the demand and raising the price of agricultural products in foreign markets.

The foregoing facts, however, seem to show incontestibly that no such result has followed the adoption of this policy.

In his second message he says: "I deem it my duty to call your attention to one or two other considerations affecting this subject, the tariff. First is the effect of large importations of foreign goods upon our currency. Most of the gold in California as fast as it is coined finds its way directly to Europe in payment for goods purchased.

In the second place, as our manufacturing establishments are broken down by competition with foreigners, the capital invested in them is lost, thousands of honest and industrious citizens are thrown out of employment and the farmer to that extent is deprived of a home market for the sale of his surplus produce.

In the third place the destruction of our manufactories leaves the foreigner without competition in our market, and he consequently raises the price of the article sent here for sale, as is now seen in the increased cost of iron imported from England. The prosperity and wealth of every nation must depend upon its producing industry.

The farmer is stimulated to exertion by finding a ready market for his surplus products and benefited by being able to exchange them without loss or expense of transportation for the manufactures which his comfort or convenience require. This is always done to the best advantage where a portion of the community in which he lives is engaged in other pursuits.

President Buchanan in his message of Dec. 8, 1857, said: "We have possessed all the elements of material wealth in rich abundance, and yet notwithstanding all these advantages our country in its monetary interests is at the present moment in a deplorable condition. In midst of unsurpassed plenty in all the productions and in all the elements of national wealth we find our manufactories suspended; our public works retarded; our private enterprises of different kinds abandoned and thousands of useful laborers thrown out of employment and reduced to want." Gov. Campbell says there were no tramps. I appeal from him to President Buchanan.

In one of Gov. Campbell's speeches he quoted from James G. Blaine, that gifted American statesman. (Prolonged applause.) Carl Schurz made the same quotation against Mr. Blaine, to which that gentleman made reply at Canton last year. Among other things he said the only tariff the United States ever had approaching free trade was that made after the war of 1812; in 1833 and 1846, and every one led to prostration in this country which lasted until there was a protective tariff. (Applause.) There is the testimony of history. Let us compare the United States with Great Britain. Our proportion of foreign commerce of the world in 1850 was 28 2-10, in 1870 24 5-10, in 1880 21 2-10. Great Britain between 1870 and 1880 lost 13 per cent. of her trade and the United States gained 22 per cent. of her trade. They talk about foreign prosperity.

President Jackson, an old democrat unlike Gov. Campbell, was for protection. He writes: "Heaven has filled our mountains and our plains with minerals; with lead, iron and copper, and given us a climate and soil for the growing of hemp and wool. These being the great materials of our national defense they ought to have extended to them adequate and fair protection that our manufacturers and laborers may be placed in a fair competition with those of Europe. The governor talks about our commerce on the seas. We have the greatest international commerce in the world. The entire internal commerce of the United States is greater than the whole commerce of Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia, Holland, Belgium, and Austria-Hungary. One railroad company in the United States, and it passes through this village, carries more traffic and tonnage than all the merchant ships of Great Britain. Great Britain's foreign commerce is only one-sixth of our domestic commerce. They talk about a protective tariff breaking down our foreign markets. It has built them up. We have freer trade under this new protective law than we ever had under any revenue law. Fifty-six per cent. of the value of imports under this new law during the last 11 months were absolutely free to the American people. The Mills bill that Gov. Campbell voted for made only 44 per cent. of them free.

Gov. Campbell asked me if I was in favor of organized labor. I want to answer him now. I am not only in favor of organized labor, but always have been. I am not only in favor of organized labor at home, but I am in favor of defending labor at home from products made by the cheap labor of other countries. (Applause.) What is this matter of the tariff? I am now talking about what protective tariffs do and their so-called burdens on the people. If they are burdens they must show that they hurt somewhere. What effect has protection in the way of making paupers in the United States? The governor complains that the real estate has lessened in value. The board of equalization reduces the tax values of farm lands, but that does not affect the real value of the farm.

Here Major McKinley produced the prices of a number of articles showing them to be cheaper now than ever before. He made a caustic reference to the doctrine of disaster and despair preached by leading democrats of to-day, adding, "Thank God the republican party never taught such a doctrine. Ours is a doctrine of hope, of cheer."

KEPT TO HIS TEXT.

Campbell Would Not Let McKinley Dodge.

"Ladies and gentlemen," said Gov. Campbell, in his closing speech, "I concur most heartily with Major McKinley that this is the greatest and best and proudest nation on earth, but unlike him, I would distribute that greatness and that wealth, as God distributed the dews of heaven, upon the unjust as well as the just. (Prolonged applause and cheers.) I depicted the condition of the farmer, and the answer of the major is not only that I am a 'calamity croaker,' but in the words of somebody else, 'you must not grumble.' (Laughter.) You Findlay glass workers who have had your meager wages reduced, you steel workers of Cleveland who have had your pittance further cut down, you must not grumble, because your poverty adds to some other man's wealth. (Cheers; a voice 'Give it to him.')

"I will take care of him now if you will just let me alone. (Laughter.) This is a good natured fight for we are both good men. However, as only one of us can be governor and I am there already, why, perhaps I had better stay. (Great laughter.) The major has not pointed out one wage-worker, as I requested him, in all this broad land, who has had his wages raised on account of the McKinley bill. (Applause).

"The republican song this year is, 'With sugar and tin we are bound to win.' (Laughter.) They take the tariff off sugar to make it cheap and they put the tariff on tin to make it cheap. (Great laughter.) But no acrobat was ever able yet to ride two horses going in different directions without falling to the ground. (Renewed laughter.)

"I will ask whether sugar was not reduced by the Mills bill, and whether in the ways and means committee when the question was up for discussion he did not oppose any reduction in sugar?"

"I want to say in answer to the courteous query of Gov. Campbell," said Major McKinley, "that the Mills bill did reduce the tariff on sugar. ('Good, good.') About 18 or 20 per cent of the ways and means committee of the house of representatives in the last congress that revised the tariff was in favor of reducing the tariff on sugar, raw and refined, 50 per cent, thinking we might need the revenue and giving no bounty to the sugar producers. That was my position." (Applause.)

"I just wanted to know," resumed Gov. Campbell, "whether the people owed all of that free sugar to the major or not, and I have found they do not. (Laughter.) We are told binding twine is cheaper now than before the McKinley bill passed. So it is, because the duty was reduced, but Major McKinley opposed that reduction and complained that the duty of 7-10 of a cent was entirely too low. (Applause.)

"We are paying about $16,000,000 duty upon tin, an increase of $1,000,000 under the McKinley bill. Finally they claimed to establish the industry in Piqua. There is a man in this audience who was told by the proprietor of the Piqua iron works that he had used $100 in establishing that industry. (Great laughter.) The $100 was spent in establishing that industry in the purchase of a stamp to make this badge inscribed 'Made out of steel and California tin.' (Laughter.) 'How about the $0 cent dollar cried from the audience.

"Maj. McKinley in congress," replied the governor, "said the republican party had done all the financial legislation in this country for 30 years. If there is any 80 cent dollar in this country it is a republican dollar."

The governor now devoted some time to refuting the republican claims that tin was being made in the United States and insisted that a few samples were being made for campaign purposes. Again the cries of "Silver, silver," broke from the audience and the din became almost inconceivable. "The only trouble I and my friends have about the money of this country," said the governor, "is not as to the kind of dollars we get, but as to the distribution of these dollars among the people. ("Right, right," and democratic applause.) The major predicted that after his bill had passed wool would be worth 40 cents a pound. The only thing you farmers need now is to find some fellow who will pay you that. (Great laughter and applause.) John Sherman says the effect of protection in all industries has been to greatly reduce the price. So the price of your wool is to be reduced by the tariff. (Laughter.) The major wants to know if I would put a tariff on tea and coffee. My answer is that under the democratic tariff from 1846 to 1851 tea and coffee were free. (Applause.) And when the republicans put them on the free list that only made one step in the direction of the good old democratic days. (Prolonged applause and cheers.)

Notes.

Dan Dalton led the Ducks.

Eb Poe was as ubiquitous as ever.

Prof. Lehr is an elegant entertainer.

The telegraphic facilities were splendid.

As a ready debater McKinley is a failure.

It was a great day for Ada and democracy.

Gov. Campbell never looked better in his life.

McKinley left for Bowling Green at 10 o'clock.

Hardin county democrats turned out in good shape.

Allen county turned out a splendid democratic delegation.

Nobody was hungry. The houses were all turned into hotels.

Democrats it is estimated outnumbered the republicans two to one.

The Brice and Duckworth clubs did not arrive until nearly 2 o'clock.

Henry M. Hunt, of Chicago, did the affair for the United Press.

Van Wert county democracy was there 500 strong, headed by a band.

The people of Ada handled the large crowd in an admirable manner.

"Campbell is as cool as a cucumber," was the way Claude Meeker put it.

N. S. Bennett, of the Atlanta Journal, came to Ada expressly to report the debate.

McKinley will not want more than one more debate with Gov. Campbell. This one was too much for him.

The largest aquarium in the world will be built at the world's fair. It will be stocked with both fresh and salt water fish, and the supply of water for the latter will be furnished by evaporating water to one-fifth its bulk and forwarding it to the fair, where fresh water will be added in the proper quantities.

The ladies want to set the tax gatherers after the old bachelors. Ella Wheeler Wilcox concurs with Kate Field, and is sure that all bachelors over 40 ought to be taxed in proportion to the number of single women over 39 in any state, the net proceeds to be used for the support of maiden ladies.

Thought It Was Consumption.

A Wonderful Result Achieved in Mr. Dull's Case—His Personal Statement.

"Truth is stranger than fiction." So runs the old saying, and no more appropriate illustration of the words could be asked than the facts given in the following sketch of an interesting personal experience related to the writer by Mr. N. R. Dull, a contracting carpenter, residing at 2215 Lorlie street, this city. Mr. Dull said:

MR. N. R. DULL, 2215 LORLIE STREET.

"A year ago last May I was lifting a very heavy beam, when I sprained myself. This caused an abscess to form, and together with a cold which I contracted, brought on the harrowing symptoms from which I have been a constant sufferer.

"I took 'La Grippe,' and for seven weeks I laid in bed.

UNABLE TO MOVE.

"After recovering from this illness, should I attempt to stoop I would become so dizzy that I nearly fell. My nose would stop up with an accumulation of mucus. There was a constant dropping into the throat from the back part of the nostrils, which caused me to continually hawk and spit. My throat, chest and limbs ached and pained me. My appetite was very variable. The pains in my head, from which I suffered, were almost unbearable. They caused me constant misery.

"I had several hemorrhages, and this, together with the constant violent pains in my chest drove me to think I

HAD CONSUMPTION

"After treating but a short time I have gained in flesh and strength. All my troublesome symptoms have disappeared. I feel like working; in fact I never felt better than I do now. I freely recommend Drs. Copeland and Buffet, and my friends can testify to the wonderful and rapid improvement which I have made."

A R Dull
2215 Lorlie st

Testimony of Reputable Citizens.

Mr. Joseph Coombs, watchman at the Toledo Blade building, residing at 384 Indiana avenue says:

"I cannot say too much in praise of Drs. Copeland and Buffett, for they have certainly saved me from a fate worse than death, and let me say again, that, as a citizen and a gentleman, I deem it my sacred duty to have my statement made public for the sake of others who, perhaps at this time, suffer as I did but a short time ago."

J. L. Coombs
384 Indiana Av.

Mr. Eugene McCarthy, residing at 516 Knower street, a well-known member of the Toledo police force for the past six years, gives the following voluntary testimony. He said:

"I have been for a number of years past a constant sufferer from aggravated hay fever. I was obliged to quit work each year, so troublesome had my affection become. I had tried nearly everything, but to no avail. Since treating with Drs. Copeland and Buffett my trouble has rapidly grown better—so much so that this season is the first in five year that I was able to be constantly at work. They have made a remarkable change in my condition, and I most heartily indorse and recommend these gentlemen."

E. McCarthy
516 Knower st

A Challenge.

Drs. Copeland and Buffett offer $1,000 to any one who will disprove one of their printed statements. This challenge is made in good faith, and will be kept standing in these columns.

$5.00 PER MONTH.

CATARRH AND ALL DISEASES OF THE NOSE and THROAT treated for $5.00 PER MONTH. MEDICINES FURNISHED FREE.

Doctors Copeland and Buffett.

The Copeland Medical institute is permanently located at 706 Madison street DR. W. H. COPELAND, and DR. G. P BUFFETT consulting physicians. Specialties: Catarrh and all diseases of the eye, ear, throat and lungs. Chronic diseases. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

Nervous Diseases Cured.
Skin Diseases Cured.
Catarrh Cured.

L. BECKMANN

THE OPTICIAN!

319 Adams Street.

F. H. PENFIELD.
MANUFACTURER OF
Lubricating & Illuminating Oils
Naphtha, Gasoline, Linseed Oil and Paraffine Wax.
1 and 13 MERWIN ST., CLEVELAND, O.

DR. J. N. MOWRY.

Chronic & Rectal Diseases
A SPECIALTY.

Dr. M. can refer to hundreds of cases in Toledo that he has treated successfully without the use of the knife.

OFFICE:
Rooms 16 and 17, Worthington Block
Corner Adams and Superior Sts.,
TOLEDO, O.

EDUCATIONAL.

TOLEDO Business AND Short Hand School
516-520 Summit Street
Night School Now Open---12 Weeks, $6.
Mr. Davis will teach Arithmetic and manage the school; Mr. Skelley, Shorthand and Typewriting; John Davis, Bookkeeping and Business Forms; C. C. Lister, Penmanship, Spelling and Correspondence.
Mr. Davis has been at the head of this school 10 years, Mr. Skelley has been with the school 5 years, John Davis 5 years, C. C. Lister 2 years. Our aim is to do the best work possible. Call and see the school.
M. H. DAVIS, Prin.

Tri-State BUSINESS COLLEGE
And "Best" Shorthand School
Nearly opposite P. O., cor. Madison and Summit sts., Toledo, O. Phone 708.
183 night students enrolled the first week, 30 more than by all other schools combined. No students teaching. Enroll very soon, as our seating capacity is limited. Tuition, 3 months $6. Enter day school Monday.

THE Steadman BUSINESS COLLEGE
And Short-Hand School
CORNER
Summit and Adams.
Phone 1246.

WE FEAR
that in the mad rush for seats in our Night School you may lose sight of the fact tha
WE HAVE THE LARGEST AND MOST PRACTICAL
Day School in the city. Ask business men about us and come in and talk it over.
A. H. STEADM[illegible]

WEBER BROTHERS,
CLOTHIERS
Fall Goods!
NOW READY FOR INSPECTION.
409 AND 411 MONROE STREET
Money Refunded on all Goods returned, if not Soiled.

FRIENDS,
TOLEDOAN'S,
HOMESEEKERS.

Hear me for my cause and be silent that you may hear.

BECAUSE

My cause is one worthy of your deepest consideration, is no reason why it should take much of your time. It's simply this, that

BRANDON HEIGHTS

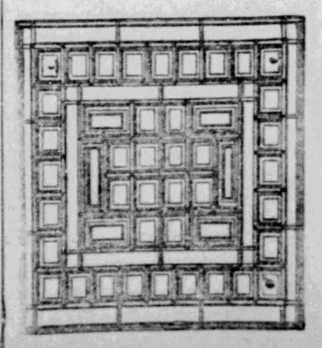
Is the finest, the most accessable and the most desirable addition recently platted in Toledo and lots are now for sale.

It's out Cherry street you know. We can give you information.

H. S. Walbridge & Co.,
320 Summit St.

McDONALD'S
DENTAL ROOMS,
613 CHERRY STREET.
EPPSTEIN BLOCK - - - - ROOMS 17 AND 18.
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.
Gold fillings inserted in artificial teeth by our original method, making the deception perfect.
Artificial teeth made the same size and color as your natural teeth.
Teeth extracted without pain by the use of our anæsthetic spray to the gums.
Private extracting room. Teeth re-set to new plates at moderate prices. Plates neatly repaired while you wait.
Remember the number.

ELEVATORS
Hydraulic Steam and Hand Power
—OR—
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT!
Elevator Repairing Given Prompt Attention.
Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
GENERAL MACHINISTS
And Machinery Repairing of Every Description.
The Toledo Machine & Tool Co.
5013 [illegible] Superior St



Steel Ceiling!
Ask your Architect to specify the Kinnear Ceiling. It will not Crack or Fall Off.
We can furnish it in various designs. Our prices are made low so that you can afford to have it. See Boody House lobby. Write for prices.
THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO.
COLUMBUS, OHIO.

TO FIGHT AT THE FUNERAL

Irish Difficulties Have Not Been Settled.

The Burial of Parnell May Cause Trouble.

Healy is Especially Pointed Out as a Person on Whom the Deceased's Friends Will Want Vengeance.

London, Oct. 9.—A large number of McCarthyites, including Mr. McCarthy himself, are expected to take part in the funeral of Parnell at Dublin on Sunday. But Mr. Redmond has openly declared that should "foul-mouthed Healy," as he calls him, and others who have indulged in personal abuse of Parnell, present themselves, they will be driven off and be lucky if they escape without injury.

Mr. Redmond says, as an intimate friend of Parnell, that nothing stung the Irish leader to the quick so much as Healy's abusive allusions to Mrs. O'Shea, both before and after she had become Mrs. Parnell. On reading or hearing of these insults Parnell would quiver like an aspen and compress his lips as if to restrain the utterance of his feelings.

Mr. Redmond says he has no doubt that Healy's taunts had a good deal to do with bringing about Parnell's death, by breaking down his nervous system, and worrying his mind.

It is said that while Dillon and O'Brien have not talked for the public they have made some remarks in private of a highly interesting character.

Dillon, according to trustworthy rumor, is not at all confident that Mr. Parnell's death is likely to benefit the Irish party. He considers that Mr. Parnell's efforts to maintain a personal party had a tendency to induce those opposed to his plans to unite with redoubled energy to prevent his success, and that the motive being withdrawn, there may be an absence of the unity that has heretofore characterized the national movement. Such are among Mr. Dillon's reported views, and it is said that Mr. O'Brien shares them.

At any rate neither has a word for the public on the subject of Parnell.

Mr. Gladstone was greatly disappointed by the result of the Manchester election. He had taken a deep interest in the struggle, and hoped that Mr. Scott, the liberal candidate would pull through. Had he done so, Mr. Gladstone was prepared to welcome his election as a harbinger of triumph in the general contest, whenever it may come.

Advices from Christiana, Norway, say that matters there are assuming an alarming appearance. The people are every day becoming more irritated against Sweden, and determined to assert complete separation from that country.

The sentiment in favor of declaring Norway a republic is not founded on agitation among the lower classes, but is widely entertained by the wealthy residents of Norway. These are extremely democratic, as a rule, both in their ideas and manners of living, and they are tired even of the comparatively democratic kingcraft of the present reigning family of Sweden and Norway. The Swedes have already resolved to keep Norway by force of arms, if necessary, and a considerable body of troops is ready to enter Norway at any time.

Berlin advices state that a large German immigration has set in from the Baltic provinces of Russia to Germany. These provinces have not been visited by a failure of crops, but they are disastrously affected by the decree prohibiting the exportation of rye, which has ruined many families.

In addition to this the Russian authorities are enforcing new and harsh regulations for the purpose of Russianizing the inhabitants, and causing them to forget their native language and religion.

These regulations forbid the use of the German tongue in the schools and all efforts on the part of the Lutheran pastors to make any converts are also punished as crimes. This section of the Russian empire is known as the Czar's Alsace-Lorraine. The inhabitants cling to their German origin and language and the czar will find it hard to make them forget either.

Mousquetaires and fancy suede glove in high colors, received to-day.
LAMSON BROS.

The best makes and most popular brands of "Kid Gloves," NEUHAUSEL BROS'.

To-morrow, underwear. Connolly Bros.

Take advantage of the last excursion and visit Talapoosa, Ga. Why?

Because it is the finest location for a large manufacturing city in the south, with more natural advantages, and fewer disadvantages than any of the growing cities in this favored section, and the most flattering opportunities for investments yielding large and quick returns of any city in this "New South" that is paying such enormous profits on the hundreds of millions of dollars that have been, and still are in increased amount being invested there.

On Oct. 14 you can buy excursion tickets to this wonderful new city at the low rate of one fare for the round trip, via C., H. & D., Q. & C., Lookout Mountain and Atlanta. For particulars write to A. E. LIPPINCOTT,
Excursion Agent, 155 Jefferson Ave.,
Detroit, Mich.

Newest shapes in capes,
At LAMSONS'.

The greatest profusion of "Underwear" of every description. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Black wool astrakan cloakings and grilled linings, at LAMSON'S.

See our "Blanket" display.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

New mufloon trimmed jackets; also a great variety of muffs at LAMSONS'.

Look through our Underwear department. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

PAUPER EMIGRANTS.

Being Sent Out of the City by the Infirmary Department and the Emigrant Inspector.

The infirmary directors and Emigrant Inspector Ryan have their hands full just now with pauper emigrants, who have been shipped here from the east. Some of them have been obliged to apply to the infirmary department for relief, and were discovered in this way and sent back. But there are still several families in the city whose cases are in Mr. Ryan's hands. Several families of pauper Jews have recently arrived, and these are being taken care of by Hebrew citizens in this city, several families being quartered in the basement of the Jewish synagogue on Woodruff avenue. More of such cases have come than the kind-hearted Hebrews care to shoulder, and they have been obliged to turn them over to the infirmary department. The directors are determined to get rid of these people as soon as possible, so that they shall not gain a residence here, and thus become a permanent burden on the community.

Make two cakes, one with Cleveland's baking powder; the second with any other.

Note the difference.

The Cleveland cake is fine grained, keeps its natural flavor and moisture; "the other" is coarse grained, as if the sugar was too coarse, soon dries out and becomes husky.

Cleveland's leavens best because its strength is produced by cream of tartar and soda only, not by ammonia or alum.

LOCAL POLITICAL SITUATION.

The Democratic Cause in the Ascendancy—Hard at Work.

The democratic county executive committee is pushing the work of organization and infusing enthusiasm into the campaign without any flourish of trumpets, but its a "get-there-just-the-same" policy.

The local republican organ is enjoying itself daily with silly twaddle about the rooms being closed, candidates withdrawing, and like nonsense. This may be legitimate political warfare, but such is not the sentiment of republicans on the streets.

The fact is, the democratic committee is not blessed with the contributions of federal, state and county officials, to say nothing of the interested monopolies, as is the republican committee, but the members are pursuing an honorable course, relying on the justice of the democratic cause.

Every candidate on the ticket is laboring earnestly, and if a victory is not achieved, it will not be because the committee and candidates have not done their duty.

Vote the straight democratic ticket.

A GOOD REPUBLICAN

Admits That Campbell Had the Best of the Battle.

Byron Ritchie, C. C. Packard and other Toledoans who attended the joint debate at Ada yesterday returned home last evening and all unite in saying that Campbell had the best of the great battle.

Mr. Packard, a dyed-in-the-wool republican, admitted on the way home that Campbell in many respects had the best of it all the way through.

Considering the immense crowd the Toledo delegation was well entertained, and speak highly of Ada and its people.

AN IMPORTANT ARREST.

The Prisoner Thought To Be Connected With a Pennsylvania Bank Robbery.

Yesterday afternoon Detective Kruse arrested Geo. A. Dixon, a suspicious person whom the police have had their eyes on for some time. He was shadowed through a letter to this city getting into the wrong hands.

The letter came from Waverly, Va., and contained information concerning a bank robbery at Hautzdale, Penn., and fell into the hands of Geo. A. Dixon, of this city, who turned it over to the police.

Dixon was an employee of the bank at Hautzdale, and with another man named Hamilton, he had carried on a system of robbing which led to the arrest and imprisonment in the penitentiary of Hamilton.

Dixon has been tramping it ever since, and came to this city only a short time ago. The arrest is considered an important one, as several thousand dollars are as yet unaccounted for.

Dixon will have but little to say to any one, and does not seem to take his arrest as anything of much importance. He will be held here until word is received from Hautzdale. It is understood that he is closely related to prominent parties in the bank.

YESTERDAY'S REGISTRATION

And a Comparison with One Year Ago.

The registration in the new booths yesterday progressed splendidly. A great many voters applied for information on the new balloting system and the instructors were very busy all day. There was an unusually full registration, as the following comparative statement shows:

WARD.	Total 1890.	First Day, 1890.	First Day, 1891.
First Ward—Precinct A	296	85	81
First Ward—Precinct B	351	121	131
First Ward—Precinct C	391	110	115
First Ward—Precinct D	231	92	95
First Ward—Precinct E	291	100	102
First Ward—Precinct F	375	79	115
Totals	1846	588	659
Second Ward—Precinct A	227	90	128
Second Ward—Precinct B	272	79	110
Second Ward—Precinct C	279	68	71
Second Ward—Precinct D	372	83	106
Totals	1110	320	405
Third Ward—Precinct A	185	50	70
Third Ward—Precinct B	197	69	94
Third Ward—Precinct C	219	61	78
Third Ward—Precinct D	333	117	166
Third Ward—Precinct E	198	61	107
Third Ward—Precinct F	312	111	169
Totals	1444	469	684
Fourth Ward—Precinct A	293	84	95
Fourth Ward—Precinct B	182	58	63
Fourth Ward—Precinct C	355	91	120
Fourth Ward—Precinct D	331	91	121
Totals	1161	324	399
Fifth Ward—Precinct A	249	85	107
Fifth Ward—Precinct B	250	72	79
Fifth Ward—Precinct C	340	72	109
Fifth Ward—Precinct D	256	74	85
Fifth Ward—Precinct E	195	42	52
Fifth Ward—Precinct F	....	....	58
Totals	1250	345	490
Sixth Ward—Precinct A	436	131	162
Sixth Ward—Precinct B	435	129	146
Sixth Ward—Precinct C	403	129	143
Sixth Ward—Precinct D	125	47	41
Totals	1399	436	492
Seventh Ward—Precinct A	294	96	109
Seventh Ward—Precinct B	332	87	88
Seventh Ward—Precinct C	252	69	71
Seventh Ward—Precinct D	452	128	178
Seventh Ward—Precinct E	358	100	151
Seventh Ward—Precinct F	367	114	142
Seventh Ward—Precinct G	288	107	134
Totals	1383	731	883
Eighth Ward—Precinct A	252	61	116
Eighth Ward—Precinct B	219	50	101
Eighth Ward—Precinct C	477	101	158
Eighth Ward—Precinct D	469	105	115
Eighth Ward—Precinct E	355	82	111
Eighth Ward—Precinct F	479	136	172
Totals	2192	535	773
Ninth Ward—Precinct A	223	55	83
Ninth Ward—Precinct B	292	104	175
Ninth Ward—Precinct C	271	72	67
Ninth Ward—Precinct D	380	103	152
Totals	1166	331	397
	18951	4969	5119

Men's shirts and socks. Connolly Bros.

Ask to see the Jacquard Bedford cords in our black goods department.
LAMSON BROS.

Natural Gas Burners—Niagara, Jumbo, Argand, Climax and Automatic. Wholesale and retail.
THE CENTRAL CHANDELIER CO.

For children's underwear. Connolly Bros.

New satin ribbons for fancy work, at
LAMSONS'.

Black and colored shawls. Connolly Bros.

Finest line of band astrachan and all other dress trimmings in the city at
LAMSONS'.

TRUNK LINE TRAFFIC.

New York, Oct. 9.—Commissioner Goddard, as arbitrator, yesterday rendered a decision according to what he deemed proper proportions of first and second class passenger traffic to the trunk lines to their western terminal as follows:

New York Central, 38.0; West Shore, 6.0; New York, Ontario & Western, 3.0; D., L. & W., 5.5; Lehigh Valley, 3.0; Pennsylvania, 25.0; B. & O., 9.0.

SPORTING.

Allerton is King.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Oct. 9.—Twenty thousand people saw Allerton win the great race yesterday, as follows:

Allerton	2	1	1
Nelson	1	2	2

Time—2:13, 2:14¼, 2:15, 2:16¼.

Nancy Did Not Do It.

Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 9.—Nancy Hanks did not rob Maud S. of her record yesterday. She went a mile in 2:11¾.

At Upper Sandusky.

Upper Sandusky, Oct. 9.—The result of yesterday's races were as follows:

2:25 Class, Trotting—Purse $125.

Dewitt C	1	1	1
Nellie Neilson	2	2	2
Vashto	4	3	3
Lelawah	3	dis	

Time—2:23, 2:25, 2:23.

2:30 Class, Trotting—Purse $100.

Tom Johnson	1	1	1
Irish Dick	2	2	2
Alous	3	3	3
Tom R	4	4	4

Time—2:20¾, 2:23, 2:24¾.

Amateur Notes.

An exciting game of ball will be played at Auburndale Sunday, if the weather permits, between the Auburndales and Toledo club.

There will be a meeting of the Auburndale base ball club to-night in the Milburn hotel parlors. All members are requested to be present.

Buy fur trimmed jackets. Connolly Bros.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

The circuit court will render decisions to-morrow. Next week Judge Moore, of the Third Circuit, will hear cases on the bench in this case instead of Judge Scribner, who has been interested in cases that will come up.

IT WAS LADIES' NIGHT.

Last evening about three score of young ladies and gentlemen gathered at the pleasant quarters of the Toledo Cycling club, their opening party of the season. Cards, music and the bowling alley were resorted to during the forepart of the evening and later dancing was enjoyed in the gymnasium. It was a most enjoyable affair.

BIG REAL ESTATE TRANSFER.

A transfer was filed at the county recorder's office to-day, wherein Mary E. Simmons conveyed to Joseph Stanley Turner, of Rockland, Mass., lot 246, Port Lawrence division. The property is located on Huron street between Jefferson and Monroe, and the building is occupied by Smith, Simmons & Peabody. The consideration was $30,000.

AT WHEELER'S TO-NIGHT.

This evening the Brunaeus company will present the melodrama Roger La Hont at Wheeler's. The piece is a realistic drama of high order and will be played by a strong company. Arthur Forest is cast for Roger Larogue and Mr. Brunaeus will appear in the role of Lucien de Nouville. Both are strong parts in excellent hands. The performance should be greeted by a large audience.

THE POLICEMEN'S OVERCOATS.

The committee on discipline from the board of police commissioners met at the police station yesterday afternoon, and after considerable discussion, in which the officers also took an active part, it was decided that outside bids on the making of overcoats should not be accepted. The board will buy the cloth and sell it to the officers at cost, and they are to have the coats made up where they choose, the board having fixed the style.

WATER WORKS IMPROVEMENTS.

The new pumping engine and additional machinery, which are to be added to the water works plant, will necessitate the enlargement of the buildings of the pumping station to a considerable extent. Yesterday afternoon the board of water works trustees met in Engineer J. D. Cook's office and approved the plans and specifications prepared by Bacon & Huber. A motion was carried to advertise for bids for doing the work. The contract for this work and also for a new boiler will be let on November 10.

SIMPSON C. L. S. C.

The Simpson Chautauqua Circle has begun the year with a large class and bright prospects. It will devote the year largely to the study of United States history. The success of this circle has been so great as to make it a circle of literary thought and effort in our city. The circle is very fortunate in procuring Prof. H. C. Adams as its leader, who aided by a large number of zealous students will bring the circle to even greater excellence than it has yet attained.

LOTS STILL GOING.

The Hiett special sale of lots at Arlington continues and interest is just as animated as on the first day. Yesterday was a pleasant day and the grounds were crowded all day. Tony Leon's full brass band was present and rendered sweet music as a pleasing variation. Thus far free lots have been given to the following: Miss Kuhrt, 531 Indiana avenue; Dr. R. R. Reynolds, 314 Huron street; F. W. Bateman, 718 Mulberry; Frank E. Miller, 25 South Ontario; Dr. S. Bell Cravens, Bryan; John Kenyon, Detroit avenue; A. L. Webb, 1019 Prouty avenue.

TREASURER ENJOINED.

In common pleas court to-day George A. Chase filed action against County Treasurer Hunter to enjoin the collection of tax for county corporation and school purposes, in the sum of $591.51.

The plaintiff alleges that when the county commissioners made the annual levy for 1890, on June 23, 1890, they failed to comply with the statute governing such an act, in not advertising in two newspapers published in Lucas county, and that the action was illegal; also that the levy of the personal tax was illegal and void, on the ground that there is no authority for the levy as it was made, hence illegal and void. Judge Pugsley issued a temporary restraining order.

OHIO LIQUOR DEALERS.

At the liquor dealers' convention yesterday afternoon the permanent organization was effected and officers were elected as follows: President, J. J. Kamneron, Cincinnati; first vice-president, P. Cunningham, Cleveland; second vice-president, F. Ziegler, Columbus; third vice president, J. P. Hughes, New Straitsville; secretary, Otto Zirker, Cleveland; treasurer, J. J. Ardner, Toledo.

Board of trustees: J. Copper, Portsmouth; P. Lawson, Urbana; G. B. Weiss, Canton; J. R. Wolff, Cincinnati; Charles Maiberger, Tiffin; G. E. Guenther, Wapakoneta; F. Wagenknecht, Toledo; M. Osterman, Sandusky, and E. Furlong, Ironton.

The convention also met in the evening, and besides discussing matters of business, listened to speeches by several of the members; and by Judge Howe and attorney J. E. Pilliod of this city.

DR. H. M. BACON AT Y. M. C. A. TO-NIGHT.

The members of the Junior department of the Y. M. C. A. are to be entertained by Rev. H. M. Bacon, D. D., in Association hall, corner Summit and Orange streets to-night. Dr. Bacon will deliver a talk to the boys on "Just the Boy Wanted for the Army and Navy." The Junior Drum Corps will be on hand to make music both prior to and after the lecture. Each member has the privilege of bringing a friend. The parents are especially invited to attend. This is the initiatory talk of a series of talks to be given the boys during the fall and winter. Among those to give talks in the Boys' Lecture Course, so-called, are Judge J. H. Doyle, Rev. S. D. Hutsinpillar, Rev. W. H. Sloan, H. E. King, and Walter Nichols. One evening will be occupied by three men, J. J. Freeman, J. D. R. Lamson and H. C. Sprague. Any amount of good things are in store for the boys this year.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Lillie Rose, of Findlay, will be Miss Myrtle Codrick's guest.

Mr. Armstrong, of the D. G. Boardman firm, Cincinnati, is in the city.

Mrs. Hill, of Detroit, is Phoebe Moore's guest of Twenty-second street.

S. R. McClaren, president of the Toledo Exposition company, has been on the sick list for several days past.

HASKELL BLACK SILKS.
Are made in the following weaves:
Gros grain,
Alma Royal,
Peau d' Soie,
Faille Francaise,
and Surahs.
All warranted. LAMSON BROS.

Buy your ruchings at LAMSONS'.

Children's and ladies' stockings. Connolly's

Real thread laces at LAMSONS'.

Natural Gas Light. See the exhibit of burners in use at salesrooms of
THE CENTRAL CHANDELIER CO.

To-morrow, children's cloaks. Connolly's.

For the latest shades in colored dress goods, go to LAMSONS'.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Auditor Walker was to-day attaching his signature to a batch of bonds and coupons.

Catharine Pogousky began habeas corpus proceedings in probate court against the Polock priest, to obtain possession of her child, which she was recently granted the custody of in a divorce case.

Ford Belford, son of Irvin Belford, passed examination before the Ohio supreme court examiners at Columbus yesterday, and can now hang out his shingle as an attorney-at-law.

The Union Teachers Meeting and Bible class conducted by Mr. Marion Lawrance every Saturday at 3:30 p. m. at the First Congregational church, are of unusual interest. All Sabbath school teachers and Bible students are invited to attend.

Evangelist Frank W. Smith will talk twice on Sunday afternoon in association hall—at 3 o'clock to the boys on the subject "Bible Arithmetic," and at 4 o'clock to the men on "Faith from a Soldier's Standpoint, or the Faith that Means Business. All boys and men are invited to their respective meetings.

Families who want the finest and purest home made bread, cakes and pastry, should call or send to the "Eureka," which is now open for business, at 1212 Adams street, "the Cheney block," and they can rest assured that all the goods sold at this establishment far surpass anything ever offered to the public of Toledo before. Messrs. Ellis & Ellis, the proprietors, are starting out under extremely favorable auspices, and we predict for them a successful business.

CASH IS HARD TO GET,

A Big Failure Reported in Pittsburg.

The Oliver & Roberts Wire Company Forced to Ask Its Creditors for an Extension.

Pittsburg, Oct. 9.—The Oliver & Roberts Wire company has asked for an extension. The other interests in which Mr. Oliver is interested are not affected.

Mr. George T. Oliver, the president of the company, was seen at his office and made the following statement:

It is true that the Oliver & Roberts Wire company has been compelled to suspend payments. This suspension is caused primarily by the embarrasment of Messrs. Nimick & Co., of this city. Mr. Alexander Nimick, the head of that firm, is indorser on our paper for a considerable amount.

"This paper is held by various Pittsburg banks and most of it matures during this and next month. Under the circumstances the holders do not feel justified in renewing it without additional security, which we are unable to give.

"The only course open for us is therefore to call our creditors together, lay before them a statement of our affairs and ask them for time.

"Our assets largely exceed our liabilities, and we expect to and will pay every dollar we owe with 6 per cent. interest.

"The Oliver Iron and Steel company, of which Mr. Henry W. Oliver is president, is not involved in our embarrassment and does not expect to ask for any extension."

INTO A WRECK.

A Bad Smash Up on an Eastern Road.

Ridgewood, N. J., Oct. 9.—Several cars of a freight train on the Erie railroad were thrown from the track near here at 4 o'clock this morning by the breaking of one of the wheels. Before there was time to send out danger signals an extra train carrying trainmen from Patterson to Waldwick dashed into the wreck, badly damaging the locomotive and knocking the cab to pieces.

Engineer Stoker was thrown over among the wrecked freight cars. He was badly bruised but no bones were broken.

Fireman Tibbetts had his leg broken and was badly scalded by escaping steam and died.

Brakeman Paulin was also seriously injured. Nearly all the trainmen were thrown from their seats by the collision, but beyond a few bruises no one was seriously injured. Both tracks were blocked for several hours and traffic in consequence much delayed.

CELEBRATED THE EVENT.

Akron, Oct. 9.—Five years ago Wednesday night A. P. Kuder, a wholesale butcher of this city, was robbed of $400 by burglars who entered the house. Wednesday night, the fifth anniversary of that occurrence was celebrated. Burglars entered his bedroom, removed his coat and trousers and took $400 from the pockets, which Kuder had drawn from the Akron Savings bank Tuesday morning.

To-morrow, kid gloves. Connolly Bros.

NOVELTIES. NOVELTIES.
In matchless variety of one dress each, at
LAMSON BROS.

GAS GUSHER NEAR NEW BREMEN.

St. Mary's, Oct. 9.—The Home Oil company of New Bremen, this county, drilled in a big oil well on the Grieve farm near there. The company was prospecting for oil and struck it rich, as they hold leases on several thousand acres of land in that vicinity. The well is reported good for over two hundred barrels per day and the town is wild with excitement. The well is considered a great strike, as it was drilled for in purely wildcat territory and is six miles in advance of developments.

Oh! table linen and towels. Connolly Bros.

Complete stock of children's garments
At LAMSONS'.

Fine Hosiery—
Medium Hosiery.
Cheap Hosiery. NEUHAUSEL BROS'.

SEIZED THE YACHT.

New York, Oct. 9.—In compliance with the order of Judge Brown, six deputy marshals yesterday afternoon took formal possession of Vanderbilt's yacht, Conqueror. Every one was put ashore. The yacht was removed to a new mooring ground and was left in charge of three watchmen. Mr. Vanderbilt is expected to make a big fight in the courts against the imposing of duty on the yacht.

Children's union suits in white and natural, ribbed and plain. All qualities, at
LAMSONS'.

Wool Blankets—
Fine and medium Wool Blankets and Comforts at a bargain.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

VALUABLE ANIMAL DEAD.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 9.—The $4,000 filly Allie, owned by McKeever Bros., died yesterday at the Louisville Jockey club grounds. She fell in a race Thursday, and a post mortem revealed the fact that she literally broke herself in two

---

Gentlemen's sanitary natural wool night shirts, at LAMSONS'.

MYSTERIOUSLY ABSENT.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Mrs. Bernhardt, wife of the well known optician, Dr. Morris Bernhardt, mysteriously disappeared from her home, near Thirty-ninth street and Langley avenue, last Tuesday morning, since when no trace of her has been found. It is rumored that Mrs. Bernhardt has lost heavily in deals on the board of trade lately, but it is not thought that she has committed suicide. Mr. Bernhardt refuses to talk on the subject.

For your corsets, sure. Connolly Bros.

Buy your dress linings at LAMSONS'.

Dress Trimmings.
Feather Trimming—Gimps.
Crochet Edging—Passementeries.
Jet and Silk Edgings.
Colored Silk Edgings.
New Astrachan Trimming, etc.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

EXCURSION TO TIFFIN.

On account of political meeting at Tiffin to-morrow, Oct. 10, the Pennsylvania Line will sell excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip. Tickets good returning same day.

Choice Island Catawba Grapes, peck baskets, 60c.
Choice Island Concords, peck baskets, 40c. 100 baskets received to-day.
At E. A. ROOD'S.

Fine Island Peaches received every day, the largest stock in the city to select from, at E. A. ROOD'S.

Look at the fine Quinces and Pears, the sight will do you good, at
E. A. ROOD'S.

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Price Current for Produce and Other Articles.

The Flour Output.

Minneapolis, Oct. 9.—The Northwestern Miller says: Last week was the banner one on record for the amount of flour turned out by the mills. With two mills idle, the output was 194,160 barrels, or 32,360 barrels daily. The largest quantity ever before made was 187,000 barrels, that having been ground for the week ended October 16, 1888. For the corresponding time in 1890 the out put was 166,100 barrels, and in 1889, 162,800 barrels.

The flour market still remains rather quiet, the current sales probably not quite equaling the production. Some firms for a week back have sold as much flour as they made, while others have drawn on accumulated orders to keep their mills going. The domestic trade is made up of purchases for current consumption, and is remarkable for the comparatively small orders that are received and the wide range of territory that they come from.

The demand for patents from abroad seems to be improving while that for bakers' and low grades appears to be losing some of its vim. The sales of patents for export the past week have been quite heavy, a few pretty big orders having been booked.

Exports last week, like the production, were about the heaviest on record. They were 93,305 barrels, against 56,335 barrels for the preceding week. A liberal proportion of this amount consisted of patents.

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are 522,313 bu in excess of the corresponding Friday in 1890.

The export clearances yesterday at four Atlantic ports were 66,577 bu of wheat and large quantities of flour, making an aggregate of 200,000 bu of wheat. Exports of corn were 66,577 bu.

English markets as reported herein are higher for wheat and steady for corn.

Western Irrigation.

The late convention upon the irrigation of western lands comprised 340 delegates. The points agreed on were that all government lands requiring, and being capable of irrigation, should be ceded to the states in which they are located. The state to develop the necessary facilities for irrigation, and the lands sold to settlers to cover the cost and a suitable income for school purposes. That the plains and grazing lands should not be barred by continuous grazing and destruction of vegitation. Other salutary points were made. Irrigation is a great coming agricultural motor.

A feature in the report of English markets is a decided advance in winter wheat, and a decline in spring. We expect very soon to see this grade of wheat approximate in quotations and the winter lead the spring. Sometimes a little leaven leaveneth the whole lump.

Our extracts herein from English papers corroborate what we have said heretofore, that the large purchases of foreign wheat on the European continent, with present offerings of home grown, have given their markets a temporary stagnation.

The lake markets cling around $1 Wheat quite tenaciously, and we hope so much may be maintained to the close of the year. Meantime interior dealers are selling their wheat more freely, and receipts of winter are little larger.

The reports from northwest Dakota and Minnesota are no more favorable for the saving of their wheat without more or les injury.

New York reports that sixty loads of wheat offered to England last night were accepted to-day. Duluth reports 750,000 bu. of wheat sold there to-day for export. These are very strong evidences of a demand for our wheat. It ought to encourage American dealers not to be nervous if we do not export as much every day as we receive.

The grain markets of this country have been a shade higher to-day under the influences of the features we have referred to above. Fluctuations have been frequent, but within a narow range, and the markets are reported to be active. New York has ruled about 1-2c higher all day until near the close, when it advanced. Chicago has ruled about 1c higher, but at close lost part of it.

In New York Oct. wheat closed 1-4c higher. Dec. gained 5-8c. Oct and Nov. corn 1-4c. In Chicago Dec. wheat gained 3-4c, and corn 3-4c. Oct. oats in New York and Chicago steady.

In Toledo there has been a fair activity in wheat futures, confined to Dec. and May. Prices have been rather steady at an improvement of about 1-2c, and closing 5-8c on Dec and 3-4c on May above yesterday. On the call May sold at $.108 1-4. After the call Oct. at $1.00, closing $1.00 1-2. Dec. at $1.02 1-2 to $1.03 3-8, closing at 1-4c. May sold at $1.09 and closed at $1.09 1-2.

Cash wheat was in good demand and sold freely. There were more buyers than sellers and prices closed 1c up. No. 2 soft sold at 99 3-4c and closed at $1.00 1-2. Most of the sales were at $1.00. No. 3 soft at 96@96 5-8c. Rejected No. 1 at 85c. No. 2 at 79c. No. 1 white at 98c. Red and white at 99c.

Corn—No. 2, 56c; No. 3, 55c.

Oats—No. 2, 29c; No. 3, 28c.

Rye a shade easier. No. 2 at 87 3-4@88c; rejected at 78c.

Clover seed—Firm, shade higher. Prime for cash at $4.45; October, $4.47 1-2; December, $4.52 1-2@4.55; No. 2, $4.25.

Markets by Telegraph.

New York, Oct. 9.—Wheat opened firm at 1-4c decline but rallied 1 1-4c by noon; No. 2 red winter cash, $1 07 3-4; December, $1 09 3-4. Corn opened 1 1-8c lower and advanced 1-4c and at noon was steady; No. 2 mixed cash, 61 1-2c; December, 54 1-2c. Oats firmer; No. 2 mixed cash, 33 1-2c; December, 35 1-4c. Rye firm at 96 1-2@97c. Barley firm; No. 2 Milwaukee, 72c. Molasses steady; New Orleans, ordinary, 15@17c. Sugar, refined, firm; cutloaf and crushed, 5 1-8c; powdered, 4 5-8c; mould A, 4 5-8c; confectioners A, 84 1804 31. Coffee strong; fair cargoes rio, 16c. Rice firm and unchanged. Pork steady at $11 75@12 25 for new mess. Lard quiet; November, $7 01; December, $7 04. Butter strong; western extra, 26 1-2@27c. Cheese firmer. Eggs firmer; western fresh, 21 1-2@22c. Turpentine dull at 37@37 1-2c. Rosin quiet at $1 35@1 40 for strained to good. Tallow steady; prime city, 5c. Petroleum firm. Freights firm; grain to Liverpool, 5d; to London, 5 1-2d.

New York, Oct. 9.—Money 4@5 per cent. Exchange quiet; actual rates, $4 79 1-2@4 79 3-4 for 60 days and $4 88@4 88 1-4 for demand.

Governments dull but firm; currency, 6s $1 11 bid; 4s, coup., $1 16 1-4 bid; extended 2s registered, 99 3-4c bid.

The stock market opened dull and the first prices were from 1-8@1-2 per cent. below the finals of yesterday. The list in general then rallied and prices advanced from 1-8@1 1-4c above the opening figures, and at noon the market was dull though firm at close to the best prices reached.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Opening: Wheat—December, 99 3-8c; May, $1 05 1-2. Corn—November, 48 3-8c. Oats—November, 27 1-8c; May, 30 7-8c. Pork—December, 19 77 1-2; January, $12 20. Lard—January, $6 80. Ribs—November, $6 80; January, $6 37 1-2.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Flaxseed—No. 1 cash, 95c; November, 95 1-2c.

Live Stock.

Kansas City, Oct. 9.—Cattle—Receipts 7,610 head; shipments 2,800 head; market dull, steady; steers at $3 25@5 75; cows, $1 25@2 75; stockers and feeders at $2 00@3 75.

Hogs—Receipts 7,970 head; shipments 3,710 head. The market was 5c higher; bulk $4 50@4 60; all grades, $3 25@4 80.

Sheep—Receipts 4,450 head; shipments 1,430 head. The market was steady.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—The Evening Journal reports: Cattle—Receipts 15,000 head; shipments 4,000 head; market was irregular; prime natives higher, other grades steady; Texans steady to strong; prime or extra natives $6 30@6 45; good to choice natives $4 75@5 50; others $2 35@4 50; Texans, $2 45@3 45; rangers, $3 30@4 30; stockers $2 25@3 25; butchers' cows $2 25@3 25.

Hogs—Receipts, 26,000 head; shipments, 10,000 head. The market was fairly active and steady to stronger, higher; rough and common at $3 75@4 25; prime heavy and butchers' weights $4 35@5 10; mixed and prime packers $4 50@4 75; Philadelphias $5 20@5 30; light $4 00@4 95.

Sheep—Receipts 6,000 head; shipments 3,000 head; the market was fairly active and steady to stronger; native ewes, $3 25@4 25; Texans, $4 40@4 50; westerns, $4 40@5 50; lambs, $5 50@6 65.

East Liberty, Pa., Oct. 9.—Cattle—Receipts 1,200 head; shipments 1,512 head. The market was doing nothing; all through consignments. There were no cattle shipped to New York to-day.

Hogs—Receipts 2,850 head; shipments 2,200 head. The market was firm. Sales of Philadelphias at $5 40@5 55; best Yorkers and good mixed at $5 00@5 25; grassers and stubbiers at $4 25@4 75; pigs at $3 50@4 25. There were five cars of hogs shipped to New York to-day.

Sheep—Receipts 700 head; shipments 800 head. The market was steady a shade stronger feeling than yesterday's prices; good to prime at $4 40@5 00; fair $3 50@4 25; common at $2 00@3 00; lambs at $4 00@5 60; veal calves at $5 00@6 25.

New York, Oct. 9.—Beeves—Receipts 235 head, all for exporters and slaughterers; no trading; feeling firm; dressed beef steady at 6¾@9¾c per lb; shipments to-day 949 beeves and 20 sheep.

Calves—Receipts 519 head. The market was firm; veals, $5 00@7 75 per cwt; grassers, $2 25@2 62½.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 4,180 head. Sheep firm; sheep, $3 50@5 25 per cwt; lambs, $6 12½@6 75; dressed mutton steady at 7@8¾c per lb; dressed lambs firm at 8@10c.

Hogs—Receipts 5,503 head, including 2 cars for sale. The market was firm at $5 00@5 80 per cwt.

Buffalo, Oct. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 9 loads through, no sale; steady at full yesterday's prices; f eling firmer.

Hogs—Receipts, none through; 25 loads sale; market 5c to 10c lower; heavy grades, 60 n fed, $5 25@5 35; medium weights, corn fed, $5 20@5 30; Yorkers, good to best corn fed, $5 15@5 40.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 7 cars through, 19 sale; market steady. Sheep—Extra fancy $4 75@5 20; good to choice, $4 25@4 40; fair to good $3 75@4 25. Lambs—Good to choice natives $5 75@6 00; common to fair do $4 60@5 60; Canadas, common to extra, $6 00@6 25.

NEW BANK.

New York, Oct. 9.—Articles of association of the Plaza bank, with a capital of $100,000, were filed yesterday. Among the stockholders are Wm. C. Brewster, T. C. Eastman, H. O. Havemeyer, Wm. Rockefeller, Wm. L. Strong, Wm. C. Whitney, Wm. D. Sloane, Woodbury G. Langdon, J. J. Astor, C. P. Huntington, Addison Cammack and Morris K. Jesup.

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

SITUATION—By graduate B A Ohio State University, age 22, with knowledge of bookkeeping. Excellently recommended. W D R, 1183 Highland st. Columbus, O. 9oct6p

WANTED—At Hotel Montreal, one dining room girl and one chambermaid. Wages $2.50 to $3.00. 9oct3

FOR RENT—No 850 Dorr st, 8-room house, cellar, closets, etc; gas, well and cistern; possession given Oct 15; $18. Inquire of Chas McDonagh, 1004 Oak st. 9oct5p

WANTED—

The Bee.
BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO
ELMER WHITE, G. G HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1878.

ONLY 13 years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. It is the pioneer low priced paper, is *always* for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 St. CLAIR ST.

THE BEE is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE'S New York Office, Room 246 Potter building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, OCTOBER 9, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

For Governor,
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.
For Lieutenant Governor,
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.
For Auditor of State,
T. E. PECKINPAUGH, Wayne County
For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.
For State Treasurer,
C. F. ACKERMAN, Richland County.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.
For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.
For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN McNAMARA, Summit County.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
A. J. TRUMBO, Lawrence County.

JUDICIAL TICKET.

For Common Pleas Judge,
GRAYSON MILLS, Erie County.

SENATORIAL TICKET.

JOHN RYAN, of Lucas.
JOHN W. CANARY, of Wood.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Representatives—ROBERT F. BOOTH ANTHONY C. BAY, JOHN WECKERLY.
For Sheriff—HARRY S. DOWLING.
For Treasurer—JACOB MANDLER.
For Commissioner—FOSTER R. WARREN.
For Coroner—Dr. C. L. VAN PELT.
For Infirmary Director—WILLARD VAN WORMER.

If you did not register yesterday do not fail to perform your duty next Thursday.

See that your X mark on your ballot is in the space at the left of the line "Democratic Ticket."

The best man on the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, Gen. H. V. Boynton, the veteran Washington representative, will sever his connection with that paper next week.

The republican papers of this senatorial district do not appear anxious to compare the soldier records of McConica and Rorick with those of Ryan and Canary. Good reason for their silence. Ryan and Canary were at the front. The other fellows were not.

A Know Nothing in Toledo is a person who is oath-bound to proscribe a certain class of citizens. The republican candidate for sheriff will not deny that he is an active member of this un-American organization. The people hardly want such a person to occupy the important office of sheriff of Lucas county.

Rumor got abroad that the English manufacturers would be obliged to ticket their wares in the world's fair exhibition with the wages paid the labor that produced them. Labouchere suggests in "Truth" that the challenge would be cheerfully accepted if England would be also allowed to affix the home retail prices to articles exhibited. He asserts that the ratio between the laborer's wage and the employer's profit is less in that country than in the United States.

Perhaps the most demagogic part of Mr. McKinley's Ada speech was this sentence: "If you want to know who pays the tax ask the Canadian farmer who brings his wheat to Buffalo, New York." The Canadian farmer brings precious little wheat to the United States, and Major McKinley knows it as does the American farmer, for the very good reason that the United States raises more wheat than it consumes and the surplus is shipped abroad. This republic is not an importer of wheat.

The office of commissioner is in many respects the most important in the county. It regulates taxes, improvements, and is closer to the people than any other office. The democratic candidate has been tried in that office and his stewardship was so faithful that he was afterward elected to the office of treasurer, the keeper of the people's money. Now, after a long rest from public life, the people again ask Mr. Warren to serve as commissioner. There should be no question about his election. Make the majority large. He is an honest man and will honestly and honorably serve the people of Lucas county.

Michigan would better call its Wolverine orator named Allen back to the home pastures. He is not fairly representing the intelligence of the state. He asked an audience at New Bedford the other day if they "ever heard of any reciprocity measure advocated by democrats." Mr. Allen must be a very superficial student if he does not know that the very essence of reciprocity pervades the tariff doctrines of the democratic party. Not reciprocity bottled for a partisan president to cork and uncork as he pleases, but the wholesome natural product—the pure quill.

The tin plate factory in Apollo, Pa., which sends out campaign badges and the like, is sketched from life in a newspaper of that state. It is exactly nine feet long and seven feet wide.

All this din about tin is ridiculous enough. We have no tin mines and no factories to speak of at this stage of the game, and those who are blowing tin horns know it. If the people want to suffer taxation without limitation to lift that industry above others that must shrink for themselves, then they can so express themselves by ballot. It can be done in that way, even as the iron and steel business has been fostered until its millionaire owners are the beneficiaries of perpetual tribute.

The opinion is gaining ground in Washington that Gov. Campbell's grievance against the New York Recorder, Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, and other papers, may have been a set up job; that the interview furnished by "Ralph W. Wilkinson," the unknown, may have been prepared by a friend of the governor for the purpose of causing a boomerang to create sympathy, the ballot box scandal having worked so well two years ago. It won't have the desired effect, Mr. Campbell. Conditions are changed this year. The ballot box affair would not have created any excitement had it not been fomented by men in the republican camp.—Toledo Blade.

The most notable things in the above "opinion" are, confession that the mean job is a republican boomerang, and that the ballot box business, a clean case of forgery which defeated Foraker and drove Halstead out of the state, was an affair of no significance. The Blade's usual ingenuity, acumen and fine sense of honor, is shown in this and in the ridiculous assumption which any man, democrat or republican, who knows Campbell will smile to scorn. The supposition is that Governor Campbell will bring down as big game when he sights "Ralph Wilkinson" as he did when he sent hot shot into the nest of forgers and their aiders and abettors. One of these days perhaps the republican party in Ohio will learn more decent ways of campaigning, but it will be through the instigation of the better papers of the party which read the C.-G. and its henchmen the lecture they deserve; not through such weakling "maybe" and quibbling as the piping Toledo organ indulges in.

Cleveland and Hill spoke from the same platform before a mighty democratic meeting in New York last night. It was the state ratification meeting, a Flower meeting of democratic significance. The presence of the two great leaders was inspiring to the masses and gave such an encouraging opening to the campaign as insures the success of the ticket in November. In another column of this impression of the Bee the speech of Mr. Cleveland is printed. It is grand in conception; it is a democratic platform in itself. It is wisdom uttered by a patriot. The old party is grander and nobler for the living and leadership of Grover Cleveland.

Why couldn't the Canadian reciprocity conference go on without Mr. Blaine as well as the Bering sea negotiations? The president thought he saw glory in that for himself and had no hesitancy in sailing into it. It would be splendid revenge on the Harrison faction if the secretary would recover sufficiently to meet the Canadians in conference and make appear sincerity on his part by closing a treaty with Canada.

THE JOINT DEBATE.

The great meeting at Ada yesterday was not disappointing to either political party. Mr. McKinley well maintained his advanced position as the Prince of Protection, and Gov. Campbell clearly convinced both parties that as an orator, a statesman and a ready debater he is the equal of any man the republicans can put against him. Indeed, Gov. Campbell has grown in the estimation of the people. He is a big-brained man, an executive of which the commonwealth may well be proud. He made a masterly argument yesterday for lower taxes, and challenged the candidate of the republican party, in the presence of the people of Ohio to name one wage worker in the whole state whose wages were increased by the McKinley law, which the author claimed was passed in the interest of American labor. Of course Mr. McKinley dodged the fair question. He couldn't answer it, neither can he nor any other person tell of a man in the whole United States whose wages have been increased in consequence of the passage of that bill.

Gov. Campbell stuck to his text, and manfully stood upon the democratic platform of tariff for revenue only, and special privileges to none. In the presence of the people he advocated the cause of the people. He appeared as the Great Commoner before the assembled Buckeyes, and aggressively attacked and battered down the walls of protection. Mr. McKinley weakly dwelt upon the former opinion of the Governor on certain tariff points, but even there Mr. Campbell had the better of the argument, as he clearly showed that at all times and under all circumstances his opponent was the advocate of restricted trade with foreign countries, a class-man whose speeches and votes have materially made favored rich men richer, taxes higher and the burdens of life heavier upon the wage earners of the country.

Very likely a meeting such as was held yesterday does not change many votes, but the Ada meeting gave our candidate the opportunity to prove his mettle, and splendidly did he acquit himself. He is the matchless leader of Ohio democrats.

MILLS OF TEXAS TO-NIGHT.

The people of Toledo, regardless of politics, should avail themselves of the opportunity of hearing the gifted Mills of Texas speak to-night. On the democratic side there is no abler exponent of tariff reform than the brilliant Texan. He is a patriot in congress and a wise counsellor before the people. Go to Memorial hall to-night and receive the essence of democracy from the hands of a man who thoroughly understands his subject and who presents it in the clearest possible manner.

Cause and Effect.

A cut in wages in another establishment has been added to those already made in the works of the American Cereal company, the Whitman & Barnes company, and the Aultman-Miller company. It is announced that wages of men in the Akron Reed and Rattan works have been reduced. This amounts in some cases to more than 100 per cent. For a certain kind of frame, which the proprietors have hitherto considered worth $1.45, workmen will hereafter receive 60 cents. Reduction on other forms of piece work while not so great will average 33 1-3 per cent. All on account of the McKinley bill for the "protection" of workingmen.—Findlay Courier.

Please Answer, Major.

Major McKinley asked a Coshocton audience, justifying the sugar bounty, if it wasn't better to pay $12,000,000 bounty to get rid of an annual burden of $44,000,000 custom tax on sugar, "since sugar couldn't be raised here in sufficient quantities for home consumption." But an experience of many years of high protection shows wool is not raised in the United States "in sufficient quantities for home consumption." We consume 600,000,000 pounds of wool annually and only produce 260,000,000. Should there not be a bounty on wool on this logic? It is as great a necessity of life as sugar. —Coshocton Democrat.

Tammany's Limitations.

Lieutenant Governor Jones is unduly exercised when he intimates that Tammany will control the national government through the success of Mr. Flower. Tammany could not prevent the nomination of Mr. Tilden in 1876, nor of Mr. Cleveland in 1884 and 1888. Tammany is powerless before the will of the party at large, and next year it will be treated as heretofore. —Kansas City Star.

The C.-G. on Its Halstead Side.

All right minded men sympathize with Governor Campbell in the manly determination he evinces to make the Commercial-Gazette retract its villainous libel. That paper has become notorious on its Halstead side for the most repulsive attacks upon private character.—Massilonian.

Everything in a Name Sometimes.

Tennyson has an offer from a syndicate of $5,000 for an ode to spring, and all over the country the editors' waste-baskets are groaning beneath the weight of rejected odes to spring. And yet poets will ask, "What's in a name?" Everything when it comes to paying money for poetry.—Indianapolis News.

They Will Find It Out.

McKinleyites in Ohio are keeping up a great din to scare people off the track, but have not yet discovered that it is the sidetrack their candidate is on.—Chicago Times.

No Large Sheets.

There is no tin-plate made in America. Not as much as would cover Foraker's mouth.—Eaton Democrat.

THE SIXTY-EIGHTH OHIO.

Grand Reunion Held at Napoleon.

Nearly Three Hundred Veterans in Attendance.

Annual Election of Officers—Reports for the Past Year—General Regimental Business.

Napoleon, O., Oct. 9.—(Special)—The Sixty-eighth O. V. V. I. held its thirtieth reunion at the court house yesterday. Nearly three hundred veterans were in attendance. The assembly was called to order at 10 o'clock by Chairman Williams, of Liberty township, who delivered a few congratulatory remarks to the veterans, stating that thirty years had passed since their enlistment, and still the regiment is able to keep up its end of the string.

The report of companies showed eight deaths during the preceding year. They were Jonas Brown, Hull Kemp, J. C. Kifer, Conrad McConnell, Wm. Zinke, John Lewis, Daniel Roddy and Daniel Rose.

Letters of regret were read from Gen. Forbes, Lieut. Banks, Gen. Leggett, Col. Wells, comrades Lupe, Zarbough, Bowan, Brinkman, Milbern and others.

On motion of Capt. Richardson, Defiance, a committee of five was created to consummate arrangements to compile a history of the Sixty-eighth in elaborate form. The plan is to furnish each of the 500 surviving members with a series of questions in regard to his company. These reports to go to an editing committee. The committee appointed by the chair for this purpose consists of L. W. Richardson, C. E. Reynolds, P. H. Mooney, H. H. Fast and Simon Gillis.

The officers elected for the ensuing year are:

President—S. Gillis, Bryan.
Secretary—Capt. C. E. Reynolds, Napoleon.
Treasurer—Capt. Richardson, Defiance.
Vice-Presidents—J. E. Bixby, W. Fuller, H. Delong, O. I. Highshew, J. J. Lewis, S. D. Porter, H. D. Foltz, W. C. Johnson and A. Manley.

The place for holding the next reunion was fixed at Montpelier sometime in October or November of 1892, as the Williams veterans may decide.

In the afternoon Judge Meekison, mayor, welcomed the regiment in behalf of the town. His speech consisted of words of praise for the Sixty-Eighth which he, as a small boy, remembered witnessing depart for the conflict in 1861 and return in '64 covered with glory and an enviable war record though decreased in numbers. He expatiated on their war record, and indeed it was one which it might well hold to the gaze of posterity and feel proud of the good work done. The Judge's speech was greeted with much applause from the veterans with whom he is a general favorite.

Capt. Richardson responded for the regiment in words of praise for the kind treatment they had received at the hands of Napoleon citizens.

Rev. James Porter also made a very able address that was well received by the heroes who can never get weary of the voice that comforted them through four years of service at the front.

After a song by Master Ela Wolff, of Oakwood, the meeting passed resolutions of thanks to everybody in general and particular, and adjourned.

CLUB AND SOCIAL.

What is Offered for Entertainment and Instruction.

The committees on arrangement for the coming state convention of the W. C. T. U. met yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Louise Eck, 1212 Madison street. The report of the finance committee was very cheering, as with a little more effort they are confident all necessary funds for the entertainment of the delegates will be raised.

The committee on entertainment have secured places for 320 delegates. There will be at least 30 more to provide for, and the Bee is requested to ask that a few more hospitable doors be thrown open to these guests by our always hospitable Toledo people. Any one who can entertain one delegate or more is requested to communicate with Mrs. C. R. Southland, 1416 Adams street.

The Ys are very busy in connection with the convention. To them falls the work of decorating the church and arranging for the music. They are also on the reception committee and will see that the Y delegates are provided with entertainment.

The executive session of the convention will be from 9 to 12, Tuesday morning next.

Colloquial club meeting this afternoon from 4 to 5:30, Central Congregational church, entrance on Tenth street.

MR. C. J. WOOLEY

Is Given a Surprise on the Occasion of His Birthday Anniversary.

Last evening, at her pleasant home, on Thirteenth street, Mrs. C. J. Wooley gave a most enjoyable "stag" party as a surprise for Mr. Wooley, whose birthday it was. The gentlemen reigned supreme and were agreeably entertained by Mrs. Wooley, assisted by Mrs. B. A. Stevens and Mrs. Frank Zahm. The fore part of the evening was passed with progressive pedro. Those present were: Geo. B. Hull, E. D. Husted, Dr. Kline, Frank Zahm, W. S. Stockhouse, Mr. Schaub, Geo. W. Stevens, R. F. Wilson, W. Brown, W. W. Ainsworth, Mr. Bell, H. H. Haines, B. L. Stone, E. P. Leland, E. L. Southworth, A. Snell and C. Z. Krob.

After cards an unsurpassable Dutch lunch was served. The favors were pretzels. Clay pipes and tobacco were passed after the substantial lunch and soon the gursts were puffing away like so many burgomasters. It was all very novel and original, as Mrs. Wooley's entertainments always are. The guests departed wishing that Mr. Wooley had birthdays every week to celebrate.

TOM COGAN ON CAMPBELL.

The Hustling Statesman Predicts a Democratic Victory in Ohio.

Mr. Tom Cogan, the hustling young Cincinnati statesman, is in the city attending the state meeting of the Ohio Liquor league. To a BEE he said last evening:

"The election in Ohio will, in my opinion, prove the biggest kind of a surprise to the republicans. I have been through the state a good deal lately, and Campbell seems to be growing in popularity and strength."

"How is Hamilton county?"

"There has been some disaffection in Hamilton, but it did not amount to much at any time, and the Commercial-Gazette's boomerang will solidify the democrats there. Before leaving home I was putting up my money that Hamilton would not give McKinley 4,000, and the county, remember, has a standing republican majority of 3,500."

Pertinent Questions.

It is reported that Raum is to be let down easy with a world's fair place. But why? Is the president of the United States afraid to turn out a shystering pension commissioner and forced to buy him off? What is Raum's mysterious "pull?"—New York World.

Costly Imported Labor.

The costliest kind of imported labor—Welsh tin-plate workers brought to this country at the expense of 60,000,000 people, who must be taxed to establish and maintain their industry $8,000,000 a year. —Boston Globe.

"Waiting, Waiting, Only Waiting."

Mr. Harrison has sent his personal check to the republicans of New York. The Ohio republican committee is carefully watching the mail from Washington.—Dayton Times.

Condition versus Theory.

The Lorain county Brass Works discharged about 40 shop hands recently. Did not the McKinley tariff promise a high degree of prosperity to our industries?—Elyria Democrat.

TO-NIGHT'S MEETING

At Memorial Hall—Congressman Mills To Speak.

All indications point to an immense attendance at the democratic rally at Memorial hall this evening. The distinguished speaker, Hon. Roger Q. Mills, arrived this morning, and is in the best of spirits. His position as the head and as a member of the ways and means committee gave him abundant opportunity to gain information relative to the question of tariff not possessed by many, and his hearers to-night may expect a dispassionate talk on the subject. A man of broad and national views, an audience at once becomes interested with Mr. Mills, and follows him closely.

Capt. George W. Bell will follow Mr. Mills.

Hon. Frank H. Hurd will preside, and the vice-presidents named in last evening's issue are requested to occupy seats on the platform.

Turn out to-night and make this opening meeting a success.

LOCAL LABOR NEWS.

Painters' union No. 7 gave an enjoyable dance at Clarke's hall last evening. It was highly successful, chiefly through the efforts of the following:

Arrangement Committee—S. J. Klappion, G. H. Bender, G. Bittell.

Reception Committee—J. B. Johnson, F. M. Preston, J. R. Jefferson, A. W. Bal, T. J. Moore.

Floor Committee—J. E. Jefferson, C. Rousseau, F. Graalmann, L. D. Preston.

The striking journeymen tailors remain firm in their demands, and it looks now as if the strike would be of much longer duration than at first anticipated. An effort is being made to have the employers make some concessions.

At the regular meeting of the Central Labor union last evening the tailors' strike was indorsed, and a special committee appointed to co-operate with the strikers' executive committee. An invitation of Dan Mynihen, editor of the Labor Record, for the boys to have their phiz taken was accepted.

The Seamen's union, at its meeting last evening, decided to ask the general body for a walking delegate for Toledo, who will look after the interests of the organization at this point.

Report of Toledo Free Public Employment Office for Week Ending October 8th.

	Males.	Females.	Total
Situations wanted....	56	22	78
Help wanted.....	35	49	84
Situations procured..	20	22	42

Geo. M. Gunteur, general organizer for the International Furniture Workers Union, has called a meeting of all the cabinet-makers of Toledo at Phoenix hall, Saturday evening, Oct. 10. All are cordially invited. Mr. Guntheur has been very successful in his visit to Grand Rapids, bringing the remnants of the old Locals together so as to work in harmony hereafter.

COUNCIL COMMITTEES

Discuss Numerous Matters—The Railroad Ordinance Goes Over.

The usual Thursday night crowd was on hand at the council chamber last evening, and several committees met for business.

The street committee considered a petition to establish the grade of Page street, from Lagrange to Elm and instructed the engineer to prepare a resolution.

A resolution to grade Walnut street, from Yates street to Delaware avenue, was approved.

The street commissioner was instructed to grade the approaches to Lagrange street at Weber street, Park street, Streicher street, Central avenue and Marston avenue.

A petition from property owners on Oliver street asking that no changes be made in the sidewalk bed was laid on the table as the street is yet in the hands of the contractors.

A communication was presented from Kind, Augsbach & Co., requesting the city to vacate the property on St. Clair, between the creek and the canal, which is the property of the firm named. The city engineer has deposited there a large quantity of old paving stone and the communication was accompanied by a bill for $300 for rental of the property for one year. Mr. Kind was also present and insisted that the stone be moved at once.

The engineer was instructed to find another place for the stone, and the bill was referred to the committee on judiciary.

A petition was presented for the opening of Scottwood avenue, from Monroe street to Virginia street. This was approved, subject to the approval of the city solicitor.

The matter of Mrs. Cummings' proposed compromise for the westerly 33 feet of Fifteenth street was again before the committee and was referred to the committee on judiciary.

Mr. Macomber suggested that if the property owners would not dedicate this piece of property that the council should abandon the improvement of Fifteenth street.

An ordinance to grade Sixteenth street, from Monroe to Jefferson, was approved.

An ordinance was approved to grade Maumee avenue, from Broadway to Prouty avenue.

An ordinance to establish the grade of Ravine alley was laid over, and Messrs. Coleman and Macomber were appointed a sub-committee to visit the ground and decide upon the grade.

An ordinance to plank First street, from Oak to Yondota, was laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Caldwell.

The contract for paving Islington street with fire brick from Collingwood avenue to Fulton street was awarded to James Winans for $7,121.80.

An ordinance was aproved to grade Dawson street, from Fassett street to the D. & M. tracks.

An ordinance to pave Fifteenth street, from Washington to Monroe was approved.

Mr. S. S. Blanchard appeared before the committee on behalf of the property owners of the north end of Collingwood avenue from Cherry street to the Ottawa river, and asked that the proposed improvement of the street be changed from 30 feet to 36 feet. He claimed that 30 feet is entirely too narow to accommodate the travel on the street, especially as the street car tracks are in the center.

To make this change it would be necessary to commence legislation over again, and as the improvement of this street has already been delayed a long time, the committee did not see fit to make the change. On motion of Mr. Leroux the engineer was instructed to contract with the lowest bidder for a cedar block pavement.

A communication was read from Rush R. Sloane, of Sandusky, regarding the grading of Knower street. Mr. Sloane owns a great deal of property on this street, and if the street was to be graded he asked that the improvement be continued about 500 feet beyond Sumner street. The matter was laid over for two weeks.

* * *

The sidewalk committee met and approved a few resolutions for new sidewalks.

* * *

The railroad committee was called to meet last night, but when the members came together about 9 o'clock, Mr. Coleman raised an emphatic protest against any meeting. The general railway ordinance, he stated, had been laid over until some evening when there were no other committee meetings, so that it could be discussed at length. Therefore he objected to any meeting last night.

It was also suggested that action on this ordinance should be delayed until after the council conference has its meeting with the companies.

Mr. Lang, of the Consolidated, was on hand, and insisted that the committee consider the general ordinance at once. This was not done, however, and the matter was laid over until four weeks from to-night.

HORSE STUMBLES OVER A BOY.

Tiffin, Oct. 9.—While Claude Kishler, the son of a wealthy Eden township farmer, was leading a horse to-day he fell over a box and, the animal stumbling upon him, broke the boy's right leg and bruised him terribly.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

PUSHED OFF THE PERCH.

McKinley Will Debate No More With Campbell.

The Man From Canton Knows When He Has Enough.

He Has Monkeyed With the Political Buzz-Saw Once Too Often for His Own Good.

Columbus, Oct. 9.—(Special)—Democrats at the state capital are enthusiastic over the outcome of the joint debate between Governor Campbell and Major McKinley at Ada yesterday, while the republicans have little to say, and only remark that it was a side affair and will not be a factor in changing results in the state.

The truth of the matter is, the republican managers are chagrined at the manner in which Campbell handled McKinley, and picked the high protection argument of the false prophet to pieces.

Republicans expected a more entertaining address from their leader than a mere rehash of what he has been saying in almost every county of the state, and what all republican orators have been saying for years.

They thought that the Prince of High Taxes would at least justify his position on the issue made by a law of which he is the father, and they were sorely grieved to have to admit that Gov. Campbell forced him to leave his infant industry bill on the doorstep of a people whose continued betrayal by its author assures for it a most chilly reception.

The democratic campaign committee challenged the republican campaign committee to a series of eight joint debates between Gov. Campbell and Major McKinley, but the result of the Ada debate is proving so disastrous to republicans that the debates will never occur.

Chairman Hahn, knowing that the democratic party had right on its side, and that a full discussion by the two leaders of the issues of the campaign could only result in good to the democratic party, has written a letter to Chairman Neal, in which he states that Major McKinley declines to meet Governor Campbell in any more joint debates.

A more humiliating confession of weakness has never been made by any political party in the state of Ohio.

PREPARING FOR A MEETING.

St. Mary's, Oct. 9.—Immense preparations are being perfected for a grand time next Thursday evening, when Gov. Campbell will be here. The governor will receive a great ovation, and the meeting promises to eclipse anything of its kind ever held in this section. It is confidently expected that there will be over 5,000 here that night, and excursions will be run on all roads. A monster torchlight procession is being arranged.

WILL MEET IN MAY.

Washington, Oct. 9.—Gov. Foster, Gen. Clarkson and Postmaster General Wanamaker had a consultation with reference to the meeting of the national republican committee, and it was decided to hold it November 19.

This means that the republican national convention will be held next May.

KILLED BY THE CARS.

Swanton, Oct. 8.—Ely Luke, aged 33, was run over by No. 4—the fast express—at about midnight last night, and literally cut into mince meat. Not a piece of his body of any size could be found to identify him, and he was put into a box and buried to-day. He leaves a wife and two children.

CHILD LABOR.

Columbus, Oct. 9.—Chief Inspector of Workshops and Factories McDonald today ordered the Diamond Match company of Akron to discharge 42 of its employes who are under the age of 17. Most of those ordered out are girls, and come under the law preventing the employment of minors in shops that will be detrimental to their health.

BOYNTON LEAVES THE GAZETTE.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The announcement on Newspaper row this morning that Gen. H. V. Boynton was about to sever his connection with the Commercial-Gazette, of Cincinnati, created quite a commotion in newspaper circles. Gen. Boynton is held in high esteem by his associates in journalism, and confirms the rumor.

EX-KING MILAN'S MORTGAGE.

Belgrade, Oct. 9.—A further and intense wave of ill feeling has arisen here and elsewhere in Servia owing to the spread of the news that ex-King Milan has mortgaged his private estates to a Russian bank in return for a loan of $400,000.

ICE A INCH THICK.

Carlton, Minn., Oct. 9.—The cold north wind froze water nearly an inch in thickness and practically ended the growth and further development of garden and field products. The cold wave continues to-day.

DUBBS EXPELLED.

Indianapolis, Oct. 9.—The German Evangelical conference has expelled Bishop Dubbs.

NEW MOTIONS.

Motions were filed in the following cases to-day, pending in common pleas court: Emma Schmidt against Elias Overly, motion for security for costs; Frederick Prentice against the Pennsylvania company, motion for new hrial; Alonzo Chesbrough against the Pennsylvania company, wotion for new trial; Chas. J. Peet & Co. against Michael Hoffinger, of diminuition of costs; Frederick A. Prahl against Clara P. Prahl, motion for allimony pending life; the M. J. Wilcox Cordage and Supply Co. against J. F. Naas, motion for judgement. This motion was granted by Judge Pugsley, in the sum of $444.32.

LOUISVILLE IN THE SOUP.

Louisville, Oct. 9.—The chances are that Louisville will lose its base ball club. The treasury is empty and the need of money most pressing. The directors met Wednesday night and decided to throw up the sponge. A general meeting of the stockholders has been called for this evening when a last effort will be made to raise money.

HON. ROGER Q. MILLS

Predicts a Campbell Victory—Memorial Hall To-night.

The eloquent congressman, Roger Q. Mills, arrived in the city this morning from Defiance, where he spoke last evening. He had not slept last night, and therefore felt very tired. After eating a hasty breakfast, he retired to his room in the Boody for a nap.

Speaking this morning of the Ohio campaign, he said everything looked well for the democrats. His meetings throughout the state had been very largely attended, and the enthusiasm presaged victory for Campbell and the democratic ticket.

Those who desire to hear the distinguished speaker at Memorial hall to-night should be on hand before 8 o'clock, as considerable of a crush is anticipated.

In July, 1888, came that terrible explosion in Japan which blew the mountain of Bandai San into the air, killing many people, while the fragments of the shattered mountain falling into the rivers dammed them so completely that three large lakes were formed. The agricultural land was ruined by the ashes and lava that covered it. The great calamity seems to be providing its own compensation, for most of the men of that district have turned their attention to fishing in the three new lakes, which are said to teem with fish of various kinds. They are thus beginning to recoup themselves in a measure for the loss sustained by the eruption.

LOOK OUT!!!

for these imitations and substitutes, they are poor stuff at the best and increase your misery. Take Simmons Liver Regulator only. You will know it by the large red Z on the face of every package and by the relief it gives when taken for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Biliousness and Sick Headache.

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Nearly every pattern of 5/A *Horse Blanket* is imitated in color and style. In most cases the imitation looks just as good as the genuine, but it *hasn't the warp threads*, and so lacks strength, and while it sells for only a little less than the genuine it isn't worth one-half as much. The fact that 5/A *Horse Blankets* are copied is strong evidence that they are THE STANDARD, and every buyer should see that the 5/A trade mark is sewed on the inside of the Blanket.

Ask for 5/A Five Mile Boss Electric Extra Test Baker
HORSE BLANKETS
ARE THE STRONGEST.
100 5/A STYLES
at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us. Ask for the 5/A Book. You can get it without charge.
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SONG CLASSICS. VOLS. I AND II.
Two volumes, each with about 40 classical songs of acknowledged reputation.

PIANO CLASSICS. VOLS. I AND II.
Two large volumes, full music size, containing 44 and 31 pieces respectively.

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Each volume contains about 50 pieces of easy but effective music.

SONG CLASSICS FOR LOW VOICES.
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CLASSIC FOUR-HAND COLLECTION.

19 superior duets for piano by Hofman, Goldard, Brahms and other leading composers.

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FOR BREAKFAST,? IT IS A TRUE
MIXTURE OF MOCHA, JAVA AND RIO.
A DELICIOUS DRINK
A BEAUTIFUL PICTURE IN EACH PACKAGE
WOOLSON SPICE CO.
KANSAS CITY, MO. TOLEDO, O.

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., Sept. 9, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purchase of General Fund Refunding Bonds of the City of Toledo, to the amount of ninety-two thousand ($92,000) dollars, bearing date Oct. 1, 1891, and payable thirty (30) years after date, at the Importers' and Traders' National Bank, in the City of New York, with interest at the rate of four and one-half (4½) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place, to be evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said bonds are issued under and by authority of section 27 1 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio, and an ordinance of the common council of Toledo, passed Aug 31, A. D. 1891, which provides for said issue of bonds.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds, so bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the Law and Ordinances. When the bids have been examined, and the award made according to Law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City And for subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the Bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the Bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Toledo, and shall become the property of said City, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said Bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the "Auditor of the City of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for General Fund Refunding Bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor
first pub thurs sept 10 '91 oct 1 last oct 8.

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., Oct 7, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purchase of general fund refunding bonds of the City of Toledo to the amount of ninety two thousand (92,000) dollars, bearing date October 1, 1891, and payable ten (10) years after date at the Importers' and Traders' National bank, in the City of New York, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place, to be evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said bonds are issued under and by the authority of section 2701 of the revised statutes of Ohio and an ordinance of the common council of Toledo, passed September 8 A D 1891, which provides for issue of said bonds.

The denomination of these bonds $1,000.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds so bid for as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the law and ordinances. When the bids have been examined and the award made according to law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Auditor subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the Bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the Bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Toledo, and shall become the property of said City, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said Bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the "Auditor of the City of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for Improvement Bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.
first pub thurs oct 8 15 22 29 for 5 lasts 12

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., Sept 13, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the city of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purchase of street improvement bonds, to the amount of seventy-five thousand three hundred and ninety-two 40-100 ($75,392 40-100) dollars, bearing date Sept 21, 1891, and payable as follows: Thirty-one hundred and ninety-two 40-100 dollars on March 28, 1892, and thirty-eight hundred dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter, to and including Sept 28, 1901, at the office of the city treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said improvement bonds are issued pursuant to section 2701 to 2707, of the revised statutes of the State of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the city of Toledo, Ohio, "To provide for the issue of improvement bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of Summit street, from Elm street to Old City Line,"—passed Sept. 7, 1891.

The denomination of these bonds will be first payment one bond of $3,192 40-100, and thereafter four of $800 and three of $600 each payment.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds so bid for as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the law and ordinances. When the bids have been examined and the award made according to law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the city auditor subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the Bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Toledo, and shall become the property of said City, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check a

BIGGEST DAY OF ALL. To accommodate people who can attend only on Saturday we have arranged to continue the sale

ON THE GROUNDS at ARLINGTON ON SATURDAY!

And at the office until 9 p. m. Saturday evening, at the same prices and terms as former sales. Our sales have been large thus far; only a few desirable lots are still left. The first free house and lot will be given at our office Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. All interested are invited to be present. Those fortunate enough to receive free lots thus far are: Miss Anna Kuhrt, 531 Indiana Ave., Dr. R. R. Reynolds, 314 Huron St., F. W. Bateman, 718 Mulberry St., Frank E. Miller, 25 S. Ontario St., Dr. Belle Craver, Bryan, O., John Kenyon, Detroit Ave., and A. L. Webb, 1019 Prouty Ave.

Irving B. Hiett & Co., 243 St. Clair Street.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY

At Memorial Hall,

Friday Evening October 9.

Hon. Rodger Q. Mills,

OF Texas,

Will discuss the issues of the day, and will be followed by

CAPT.

GEORGE W. BELL

Of Washington.

Turn out and hear them.

Hon. Frank H. Hurd will preside.

PARKS HOSE, Chairman Executive Committee.
F. T. VAN FLEET, Secretary.

COAL AND WOOD

Do you know that A. H. Schoen is at his old business. Selling wood and coal in large and small quantities, at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES

Not being able to get in his old stand he has located at 839 Erie St., corner Locus, and 1618 Lagrange St., near Bancroft. Phone 598.

The patronage of all his old customers is respectfully solicited and any new ones who may favor him with their orders.

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FOR RENT!

MEAT MARKET

On Monroe street, second door from Twenty-Second street. This is an old and well established stand.

Apply to

MICHAEL HENAHAN.

Or MACOMBER, MOORE & McDONNELL.

J. C. PHELEY

SUCCESSOR TO

PEARL

Carpet Cleaning Works

LYNN STREET.

Phone 258. Office, 312 Cherry St.

Carpets called for, taken up, cleaned and relayed. We clean and hang drapery artistically.

☞ SATISFACTORY WORK OR NO CHARGE.

L. H. MEINERT

501-SUMMIT ST.-503

We make the following flavors in Ice Creams and Ices:

ICE CREAMS.	ICES.
Vanilla,	Lemon,
Chocolate,	Orange Flower,
Coffee,	Peach,
Strawberry,	Pine Apple,
Raspberry,	Raspberry,
Pistache,	Strawberry,
Hazelnut,	Maraschino,
Tutti Frutti,	Tutti Frutti,
Nesselrode,	Apricot,
Maraschino.	Coffee,
	Cherry.

Roman Punch and Biscuit Glace. Charlotte de Russe, in individual forms, either in paper case or in mould.

Delivered promptly to all parts of the city shipped to surrounding towns.

COOPER BROS., INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE,

AUBURNDALE, O.

For sale 5 acres of fine garden land, 1 acre of above is orchard, large brick and frame house, on Dorr st, for $1,850; easy terms; 60 acre farm, 1½ miles from Auburndale, large two story frame house, 2 barns, 40 acres under cultivation will sell in two parts for $100 per acre; long time. Lots in Taylor's addition are going fast we are selling for $25.00 down, $5.00 per month; these lots are 25 per cent cheaper than adjoining property at these prices and terms all can buy, there are less than 30 lots left in whole addition unsold. We have a large list of houses for sale and also some choice farms to trade for city lots. The season is coming on that all should be insured against fire, we represent companies whose assets aggregate $12,000,000.

COTOTURLEY'S

413 ADAMS STREET.

And Leave orders for

ICE CREAM and ICES.

Churches Furnished at Special Rates.

ASK YOUR GROCER

—FOR—

BRENZINGER'S

—"CHOICE"—

AND GENUINE

VIENNA :-: BREAD

BONDS FOR SALE!

City of Toledo 5 Per Cent. Bonds,

Interest payable semi-annually. Any amount from $200 upwards. Due in from one to ten years, at

Northern National Bank

KARL :-: MATHEIS

Fine Funeral Furnishings

428 Summit St.

Office Phone. Residence Phone 1191

TWO MEN.

Two men toiled side by side from sun to sun,
And both were poor;
Both sat with children when the day was done,
About their door.

One saw the beautiful in crimson cloud
And shining moon;
The other, with his head in sadness bowed,
Made night of noon.

One loved each tree and flower and singing bird
On mount or plain;
No music in the soul of one was stirred
By leaf or rain.

One saw the good in every fellow man,
And hoped the best;
The other marvelled at his Master's plan,
And doubt confessed.

One, having heaven above and heaven below,
Was satisfied;
The other, discontented, lived in woe,
And hopeless died.
—Boston Transcript.

BEESWAX.

Recent calculations upon the pace of the sun place it at about 40 miles a second.

A $500,000 sale of whisky recently took place at Lexington, Ky.—the largest on record.

In Ball, an island in the Indian Archipelago east of Java, the burning of widows still goes on.

In Corea sheets of paper pass for money; one sheet brings one quart of rice, or 20 sheets a piece of hemp cloth.

There is a cat in Belfast, Me., which, during the green corn season, eats each day half a dozen cooked ears.

Clear summer sunlight is said to penetrate the Mediterranean sea to a depth of 1,200 feet; winter sunlight to only 600 feet.

By the use of the camera, with powerful telescopes, a new and very large crater has been shown upon the moon's surface.

A woman in Springfield who is but 34 years of age is a grandmother. She was a mother at 17 and her daughter is now a mother.

Physicians of this country are paid annually nearly $1,500,000 for medical examination for life insurance companies. Three companies pay over $200,000 each.

The Hurrah club is the suggestive name of an organization in New Orleans, presided over by a judge of the court of appeals, which has been formed to down the lottery.

Telescopic steel masts of rods are to be used in lighting the public squares in Brussels. The object of this system is to preserve the beauties of the parks in the daytime.

The City Troop of Philadelphia possesses what is believed to be the only continental flag in existence. The old flag is preserved between two pieces of glass, to keep it from falling to pieces.

A couple of Frenchmen have made a harp of wood, with strings twisted from strips of American fir. They play on it with leather gloves covered with rosin, and the tone is described as wonderfully pure.

The tea trade of Japan is constantly increasing, while that of China is diminishing. The increase is at the rate of more than 3,500,000 pounds yearly. Most of the Japanese tea is consumed in the United States and Canada.

Western farmers are now urging the trial of a modification of the rain-producing system to see if mists cannot be formed at times which will reduce the radiation of heat from the earth and thus save the crops from frost.

The money of Chili at present is peculiar. It consists of small tags of pasteboard, on which a man writes the value for which he is willing to redeem it, putting his name on the back. It then begins to circulate until it finally gets back to the source from which it emanated.

W. W. Henry, a grandson of Patrick Henry, attends the church (St. John's) in Richmond, Va., where the latter delivered the speech that made his name famous. The seat on which the orator stood when he cried "Give me liberty or give me death" is still shown to visitors.

The study of botany was slow at getting a start in this country. The first elementary work on botany published in this country bore date of 1803 and was written by Prof. D. S. Barton. The systematic teaching of botany in American schools seems not to have begun until some 20 years later.

A new mineral resembling asphalt has been discovered in Texas, which is claimed to be the most perfect insulator known for electric purposes. It is unaffected by water, alkalies or acids, and the supply seems to be almost inexhaustible. The diminished supply of gutta percha renders the discovery of this material all the more valuable.

The museum of postage stamps which has recently been opened in Vienna comprises more than 100,000 examples, arranged in three large rooms, and includes among it greatest rarities the stamps made for and used in the baloon and pigeon despatches of the Franco-German war of 1870-71.

Salmon ought to be cheap this year, for the supply is abundant. Puget sound and Commencement bay are literally full of salmon. Nothing like the run has ever been seen before. There are so many fish that the wheels of the steamers actually kill them. Old Indians say that not in their memory have salmon appeared in such numbers as this season.

Patti has very elaborate precautions against burglars in her Welsh castle. Unless a certain lever is raised it is impossible to open a window at night without causing the ringing of innumerable bells in the cottages of the gardeners and in the stables, while the same current of electricity releases a large dog from his kennel.

Bees are famous for seeking a safe place for their sweets. A figure of the Goddess of Liberty, 17 feet high, surmounts the dome of the new Texas capitol at Austin, which is 300 feet high. A swarm of bees have made their nest in the bronze head of the goddess, entering by the nostrils, and recent inspection indicates that they have stored up there a barrel or two of honey.

Observation stepladders are the latest innovation in the Belgian field artillery. They are intended to enable the commander of a concealed battery to better detect the fire of the gunners. Every ladder is about seven and one-half feet high, of iron and weighs about sixty-five pounds. All ammunition wagons will carry the ladders.

A remarkable wheel has recently been constructed at Scranton, Penn., and which is said to weigh 400,000 pounds. It is a cog wheel 54 feet in diameter and 18 inches face and has a capacity of 30,000,000 gallons of water and 2,000 tons of sand per 24 hours, running at a velocity of 10 feet a second on the inner edge of the bucket. The total length of the shaft is 23 feet and 6 inches.

A Hannibal, Mo., man bought two pills and put them in his vest pocket. He also bought a small pearl button and put it in the same pocket. When it came time to take a pill he opened his mouth, shut his eyes and gulped one down. He was relieved of his headache and went on his way rejoicing. Afterward, having use for the collar button, he felt in his pocket and found two pills but no button.

Five American miners went from California on May 7 last to prospect for gold along the river Maranon, in Peru, the Lead-waters of the Amazon. A South American paper says that one of the party returned to Lima about three weeks ago completely broken down by sickness. He was unable to continue his journeyings, and reports the death in the mountains of his four companions.

TO CUT OFF THE GAS.

The City Will Follow the Suit of the Northwestern,

And Will Refuse to Furnish Gas to Large Consumers—New Wells to be Drilled and More Lines to be Laid.

The action of the board of gas trustees at the meeting last evening not to make or renew contracts with factories and large consumers, is only an indication of what is coming. The Northwestern is cutting off connections with all but private consumers, and it is probable the city will do the same before long.

Manager Heston last night recommended that no further contract with large concerns be made, and the recommendation was adopted. This, taken in connection with the following resolution adopted by the board, shows a purpose to disconnect:

Resolved, That in the opinion of the trustees, it is advisable that gas be supplied to consumers as nearly as possible upon the uniform basis of the established price of 8 cents. Therefore, to the end that uniformity of price may be attained and all wasteful consumption be prohibited, the manager be directed to cause to be made at the earliest possible day and report an inspection of the method and extent of consumption under all contracts heretofore made (except private consumers), and also to make such recommendations in respect to changes, either as to price or method of consumption under said contracts as may seem proper.

Mr. Ransom appeared before the board anent his petition for gas in Ransom's addition. He offered to pay $1,400 to have the line built, and guaranteed a large number of consumers. It was decided to build the line.

Mayor Emmick asked if the Central police station was going to get gas. The people in that vicinity wanted gas, and wanted it badly. The mayor thought gas could be furnished the station free.

Dr. Jones said when the gas department had paid for the plant and paid off the city debt, which it would eventually do, it would be time to talk of free gas. He believed in laying the pipe and supplying the station. The line will be laid.

Mr. E. B. Hall presented a petition for gas for his brickyards. The Northwestern had notified him to disconnect. He would advance money enough to lay the line. It was decided to lay a three-inch high pressure line, Mr. Parsons voting No.

Residents of Stickney avenue petitioned for a line on Stickney avenue and Superior street. The line will be laid.

Judge Sala appeared in behalf of Lawrence avenue residents, who want gas. The necessary line will be laid.

J. J. Vollmayer, representing residents of Locust street, petitioned for gas on Moore, from Locust to Elm, and on Locust, Bancroft to Moore. The petition was granted.

The committee on claims reported a schedule of bills amounting to $4,421.89, and the same was ordered paid.

The committee on city plant recommended that lines be laid on the following streets and the same was adopted:

Phelps street.
Franklin avenue, 50 feet.
Washington street.
Broadway, Nevada to Earl.
Consideration of the Kerlin and Smith contracts were temporarily postponed.

The committee on territory reported the lease of the James property in Bloom township, at a cost of $6 for six months. Adopted.

The same committee reported that several rights of way had been obtained.

A proposition was made from William McMahon to furnish and lay 10-inch pipe at $1.13, 8-inch at 91 cents, 6-inch at 63 1-2 cents, 4-inch at 49 cents, and a somewhat similar bid on slightly different terms. It was referred to the committee on city plant.

Propositions from Kerlin Bros. and W. J. McCullough were received to connect wells in the field with the main line. Referred to manager.

It was decided to buy two miles of six-inch pipe to connect the wells in the field.

Parks Foster has some pipe he would like to sell the city at cost, and it was agreed to accept the proposition.

The Chapin Cutlery company requested the board to buy out the four-inch line running to the works, and which the Northwestern owns and proposes taking up. It was considered impracticable and rejected.

Manager Heston recommended that the supply of gas to large consumers be gradually lessened with a view of cutting them off if found necessary. It was referred.

Mr. Parsons moved that the recommendation be adopted, but it was not seconded.

Lines were ordered laid on the following streets:

Twelfth, from Jefferson to Adams.
Michigan, Magnolia to Beach.
Swan Lane, Cherry to Walnut.
Elm, Crane Lane to Ontario.
Adams, Eighteenth 200 feet south.
Parkwood, 118 feet extension.
Twelfth, Jefferson to Monroe.
Division, Hamilton 80 feet north.
Petitions were read from residents of the following streets:
Page, Chestnut to Mulberry. Granted.
West Broadway, Thayer to Stebbins. Referred.
East Broadway. Referred.
Mulberry street. Granted.
South, from Dix to Sumner. Referred.
Oakwood avenue, Collingwood to Lawrence. Referred.
Broadway, South to Colburn. Referred.
Prouty, Stocking to Maumee avenues. Granted.
Walbridge, Broadway to Langdon. Granted.
Broadway, Crittenden to Maumee. Granted.
Indiana avenue, Lenk to Hawley. Referred.
Nebraska, Lenk 100 feet west of Hawley. Granted.

The contemplated contract with the Manhattan mills and Milmine's foundry was postponed, the motion to construct the lines reconsidered, and the matter dropped for the present.

The matter of purchasing a safe was referred to a special committee of two, Messrs. Parsons and Greene.

Receipts since the last meeting amounting to $3,834 were reported.

It was decided to drill six wells in Bloom township and five others in other parts of the field.

A line will be laid to the Robison transfer station from Madison street, if the Robisons secure right of way.

The Consolidated Street Railway company's application for gas was granted in the case of supplying gas to the feed mill and rejected as regards supplying it to the power house, the company to pay expenses of connections and meters.

GRATIFYING TO ALL.

The high position attained and the universal acceptance and approval of the pleasant liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs as the most excellent laxative known, illustrate the value of the qualities on which its success is based and are abundantly gratifying to the California Fig Syrup Company.

THE WORKHOUSE BOARD.

Parole Granted to Several Prisoners—Monthly Routine Business.

The workhouse board met yesterday afternoon at the works, all members being present except President Griffin. Capt. Dowling occupied the chair.

Applications for pardon were acted upon as follows:

James Corey, assault and battery, pardoned on recommendation of Prosecuting Attorney Barber.

John Modjeski, assault and battery, paroled on his good behavior.

Geo. Wilson, drunk and disorderly, paroled on his leaving the city.

John Rosenski, petit larceny, paroled on payment of $20.

Andrew Dorlt, drunk, paroled on condition that he abstains from intoxicating drinks.

Edward Sheldon, petit larceny, paroled on payment of $15 cash, and balance of fine at the rate of $5 per week.

Herman Budtz, abusing family, paroled on good behavior.

Joseph Laughlin, paroled to go to Sidney, Ohio.

Parole was refused James Pepper, serving time for assault and battery.

Dr. Hipp recommended the removal of several inmates to the infirmary, as they were unfit for confinement in the workhouse. These were, Dick Lyons, Mart Kinney, Mary Evers and Anna Richmond.

Superintendent Brown was instructed to send Maurice Hull, who has become insane, to Detroit.

The superintendent's report showed a daily average of inmates during September of 96 1-4 males, and 14 1-4 females, making a total daily average of 110 1-2 for the month.

The treasurer's report showed a balance of $4,588.68, after deducting the expenditures, $1,529.64 from the receipts, $6,118.32.

A schedule of bills of $1,023.02 and the pay roll of $638.50 were ordered paid.

The salaries of the guards were fixed at $47.50 per month, except that of the assistant superintendent, which was made $50.

The payment of a bill of $100 presented by Mr. McCleary for the construction of some water machinery, was refused on the ground that the institution had not ordered the work done, and it was thought that the city should pay the bill.

Several prisoners who have violated their parole were ordered rearrested by the board.

MALARIA, CHILLS AND FEVER

Fever and Ague, Dumb Ague, Intermittent Fever.

A Brief Synopsis of a Medical Lecture by Dr. Hartman at the Surgical Hotel, Columbus, Ohio.

Malaria is a poison generated by decaying vegetable matter, especially prevalent in the hot months of late summer and early fall. A sharp frost generally stops its ravages. It may be taken in the food, drink or air. A large dose of the malarial poison produce what is known as chills and fever or fever and ague. The chills may occur every day, every second day, or every third, or even fourth day.

Large doses of quinine in many cases will break up the chils and restore the patient to health, but more than half of the cases quinine fails to cure, or even benefit. It is not only the uncertainty in which quinine operates to cure chills and fever which makes this drug objectionable, but the injury which this drug is capable of doing to the nervous system and brain. The remedy Pe-ru-na, which is by far the most reliable chill cure to be found, not only can be depended on every time to stop the chills, but it does no harm to the nerves or brain, even though it be taken in very large doses and repeated a long time.

The dose of Pe-ru-na sufficient to break chills is a wineglassful every two hours for four doses during the intermission or remission, followed by a tablespoonful every hour until the symptoms cease, and then a tablespoonful every two hours until the cure is permanent. No other medicine in whatever is required. Any medicine in this disease is better received by the stomach during the remission than during the hot stage. It is seldom that a second chill occurs after this treatment is begun, but the above treatment should be repeated after each chill, if any do occur. Pe-ru-na is the surest and safest antiperiodic, anti-pyretic in existence, and there is no need for a single failure in the use of it if it is used with persistence and judgment.

But malaria is not by any means always so pronounced in its symptoms. It often will pester a person for months without making him sick abed, but making him genuinely miserable. Creeping rigors, coated tongue, appetite changeable, cold, sweaty hands, and many indescribable sensations of genuinely disagreeable kinds. Melancholy feelings, a discouraged, listless state of mind, mental depression and confusion of the mind, surely indicate the presence of malaria. This form is called malarial biliousness. For this "walking malaria," which neither puts one to bed or allows him to work or study, without great effort, Pe-ru-na is a safe, prompt and efficient cure. A course of Pe-ru-na will entirely cleanse the system of every particle of the malarial poison. Therefore, if you have any kind of bad feeling which you attribute to malaria, by all means follow this treatment. It at once restores the appetite, clears the befogged senses, and brings back the hopeful state of mind which malaria is sure to destroy.

In all forms of irregular malaria like the above, which are unaccompanied by a distinct chill, Pe-ru-na should be taken exactly as directed on label of bottle. A person taking a course of treatment with Pe-ru-na for any malarial affection will find not only that he will be relieved quicker than with quinine, but that his system is not deranged in the slightest particular by the drug. Pe-ru-na gently stimulates the nervous system to resist the malarial poison, and at the same time gradually eliminates the poison itself from the system, which quinine or similar preparations can not do. In old cases of malaria, where the victim has gone the round of all kinds of treatment, has hopefully swallowed everything recommended for the chills, and still continues to have them at the slightest exposure to cold, wet, or fatigue, Pe-ru-na demonstrates its superiority over all other medicines by permanently curing all such cases.

For a complete treatise on Malaria, Chills and Fever and Ague, send for the Family Physician No. 1. Sent free by the Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

It is evident that there was no controversy about the source of the Mississippi when the treaty of 1783 confirming the independence of the United States was signed. It was stipulated in that treaty that the boundary between the two countries should run from the northwest corner of the Lake of the woods due west to the source of the Mississippi. It was not discovered for many years later that the sources of the Mississippi are far south.

People will discriminate in favor of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the best and cheapest.

Old and rheumatic people can't afford to be without Salvation Oil, it kills pain. 25c.

When a Chinese compositor sets type he places them in a wooden frame 22x15 inches. This frame has 29 grooves, each for a line of type, and the type rests in clay to the depth of a quarter of an inch. The type are of wood, perfectly square, and the compositor handled them with a pincers.

AMUSEMENTS

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday October 7th,

THE GORMAN'S!

MINSTRELS.

This season's program, the talk of every city. Magnigicent new first part.

PRICES—25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats at Holmes' Monday. Oct 9 and 10 "Roger La Honte."

PEOPLE'S -- To-Night.

Matinee Saturday.

ONLY OLSON

LE ORIGINAL

Next week—Chas. McCarthy's "One of the Bravest," with its handsome fire engine and horses. Seats now on sale.

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE.

Friday and Saturday, October 9 and 10—Matinee Saturday.

THE BRUNÆUS COMPANY

In the realistic melo-drama,

ROGER LA HONTE.

Thrilling incidents, refreshing comedy.

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and $1; matinee, 25c, 50c and 75c.

Oct 12—Rose Coghlan in Dorothy's Dilemma.

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE.

One Night, Monday, Oct. 12.

ROSE COGHLAN!

In an Elaborate Production of the Latest Brilliant Comedy,

Dorothy's Dilemma!

The success of New York, Boston and Philadelphia. See Dorothy's flight on horseback, and Revolving Scene, showing the Thames at Twickenham Ferry.

PRICES—25, 50, 75c and $1. Seats at Holmes'.

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE.

24 Hours the Shortest. 8 Hours the Quickest.

Cincinnati to New Orleans.

Time 28 Hours.

Entire Trains, Baggage Car, Day Coaches and Sleepers run through without change.

110 Miles the Shortest 7 Hours the Quickest

CINCINNATI to JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Time 28 Hours.

The Only Line running through Sleeping Cars ONLY LINE FROM CINCINNATI TO CHATTANOOGA, TENN., FORT PAYNE, ALA., MERIDIAN MISS., VICKSBURG, MISS., SHREVEPORT, LA.

90 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Lexington, Ky
8 Hours Quickest Cincinnati to Knoxville, Tenn
116 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Atlanta and Augusta, Ga.
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Direct connections at New Orleans & Shreveport For TEXAS, MEXICO and CALIFORNIA.

Trains leave Central Union Depot, Cincinnati crossing the Famous High Bridge of Kentucky and rounding the base of Lookout Mountain.

Pullman Boudoir Sleepers on all through trains

Over One Million Acres of land in Alabama, the future Great State of the South subject to pre-emption. Unsurpassed climate.

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Central Trav. Pass'r Agent, No. 84 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, O.

S. C. GAULT, Gen'l Manager. D. G. EDWARDS, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agent. CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE GREAT MEXICAN Cockroach Destroyer!

The Greatest Chemical Discovery of the Age. A Positive Death to Roaches and Water Bugs.

It is not a poison, as it may be swallowed without injury to health. We will contract for a complete extermination of roaches from your premises. We make no charges until roaches are all destroyed.

☞ Now is the time to have your house cleared of these troublesome pests.

Manufactured only by the

Mexican Cockroach Destroyer Co.

OFFICE AT 28 ONTARIO STREET.

Also at Richmond & Strong's, Monroe St.

TOLEDO, OHIO.

CROCKER-WHEELER

PERFECTED

ELECTRIC MOTORS

From 1-12 Horse-Power Up.

☞ Most Efficient Motor on the Market.

Merrell & Chapman

IN OUR LINE

We are the Leaders!

Our System and Service gives the Be Satisfaction.

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COAL AND ICE,

Phone 468. 317 Superior St.

DYNAMO

For Motors and Incandescent Lighting.

ARC LAMPS for Incandescent circuits call and see them in operation.

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With Herbert Baker.

369 S Erie St

GEO. F. C. KLOEPPINGER,

Sole Manufacturer of

Weis's Patent Skylights!

Patented Oct. 8, 1889.

No Sweating or Dripping from any cause.

Manufacturer of

Kleeppinger's Patent Feed Steamer for Stock

GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES AND SHEET METAL WORKS.
FIRST-CLASS SLATE ROOFING.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

301 OTTAWA STREET

WM. G. SCHILL & CO.

130 SUPERIOR ST.,

Is the place to get a good fit in

PANTS OR SUITINGS

Notice to Contractors.

Lenk Street Paving.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 19th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1891,

for improving Lenk street from the south end of the bridge over Swan Creek to the northerly gutter line of North Railroad avenue, by grading the same its full width to the established grade and paving the central sixteen feet thereof with either old medina stone, boulder stone or undressed flag stone, together with the necessary curbing, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid for that part of the improvement lying in the street, in ersections, in cash, within ninety days after the acceptance of the work, and the remainder of the cost will be paid in an assessment levied upon the abutting property, in two installments, n ten days after the passage of the assessing ordinance and the remainder in one year thereafter.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN,
oct5eod2w City Clerk.

J. M. GROENEWOLD,

JOBBER OF

Supplies for Plumbers

Steam and Gas Fitters, Engine Builders & Brewers.

Iron Pipe, O W Tubing, Casing, Hydrants, Street Washers, Pumps, Hose, Etc.

29 St. Clair Street

PHONES 119, 289, 285.

Metropolitan Hotel!

Broadway and Prince St., New York.

Under new management, on the EUROPEAN PLAN, thoroughly renovated, in complete order. Restaurant equal to the best in the city. Rooms $1.00 per day and upward.

HILDRETH & ALLEN.

STORAGE

AND GENERAL TRUCKING.

Covered Vans for Furniture!

FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE

Delivered to and from Depots, or any part of the City.

The Moreton Truck and Storage Co

JACOB GOGEL, HORSE SHOEING!

Wagon and Carriage Building and Repairing at Reasonable Prices.

304 SOUTH ERIE ST., COR. KRAUS.

BUY SHOES OF GEO. H. WEBER,

837 Summit Street.

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AND ENLARGING.

A specialty of nice work and low prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

F. A. MOHR,

314 OAK ST., NEAR SUMMIT.

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BUCKEYE BREWING CO.

Brewers of Genuine

Pilsener, Export and LAGER BEER.

TOLEDO, OHIO.

JOHN JACOBY, Supt.

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What? Why, who makes all these nice badges we see worn by members of clubs, societies, etc? Answer,

Roulet & Armstrong, 341 Summit St

Over Strasburger's Shoe Store.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL

St. Clair St., end of Perry St.

Centrally located. Sample rooms on first floor Special rates to parties and Theatrical People.

ALBERT E. HALL, - - Proprietor.

DR. PHILIP H. STRAUSZ!

48 Ontario Street (Norris Flats),

HOURS:—8 to 10 a m, 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p m

Special Attention Given to

Diseases of the Stomach and Bowels.

CAPITAL $100,000.

MICHIGAN

Stone and Supply Co.

33 Congress St., West,

DETROIT, MICH.

Homestead Quarry, Lime City, O.
Blue Stone Quarry, Monroe, Mich.
Granite Boulder Crushing Works, Monroe, Mich.
Granite Boulder and Screened Gravel Works, Brighton, Mich.
Grey Sand Banks, Depew, Mich.
Dimension stone, bridge stone, building stone, boulder stone, rip rap, crushed limestone, limestone screenings, crushed granite boulders, screened gravel, sand, etc, etc.
Capacity of plants and quarries, 100 cars per day.

GUS F. SMITH,

Pres't and Gen'l Manager.

Notice to Contractors.

Sidewalks.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 19th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1891,

For constructing the following sidewalks:

A plank sidewalk four feet in width on both sides of River street from Bowman street to Congress street.

A plank sidewalk four feet in width on the south side of Germania street from Junction avenue to the eastern line of lot 198, Woodland addition.

A plank sidewalk four feet in width on the south side of Germania street from Hoag street to Hawley street.

A plank sidewalk four feet in width on the west side of McDonald street from Germania street to Forrer street.

A plank sidewalk four feet in width on the north side of Washington street from Bell avenue to the M. C. R. R.

A plank sidewalk four feet in width on both sides of Stebbins street from South street to Broadway, except the east side of Stebbins street from Prouty avenue to West Broadway.

A plank sidewalk six feet in width on both sides of Bartlett street from Lawrence avenue to Forest avenue.

A plank sidewalk six feet in width on the west side of Summit avenue front of lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, block 48, N. Toledo.

A plank sidewalk six feet in width on both sides of Nebraska avenue from Elizabeth street to Ewing street.

A plank sidewalk six feet in width on the south side of Wayne street from Gibbons street to Dale street.

A plank sidewalk six feet in width on the east side of Orange street front of lot 625, Vistula division.

A plank sidewalk six feet in width on both sides of Noble street from Cherry street to Lagrange street.

A plank sidewalk six feet in width on the south side of Oakwood avenue from Hoag street to Detroit avenue.

A plank sidewalk six feet in width on the north side of Vance street from the tracks of the T., St. L. & K. C. R. R to Fifthenth street.

A stone sidewalk six feet in width on the southeast side of Sumner street from Western avenue to Colburn street.

A stone sidewalk six feet in width on the northeast side of Segur avenue front of lots 27, 29, 31, 32, 39 and 40, Segur's subdivision of lot 2.

A plank sidewalk six feet in width on the west side of Ontario street from Chicago street to Cincinnati street.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN,
oct5eod2w City Clerk.

Notice to Contractors.

Union Street Grading.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 19th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1891,

for improving Union street, from the south line of John street, to the north line of Woodruff avenue, by grading the same its full width to the established grade, and providing the necessary drainage, culverts, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid for that part of the improvement lying in the intersections in cash within ninety days after the acceptance of the work, and the remainder of the cost will be paid in an assessment levied upon the abutting property in two installments, one half in ten days after the passage of the assessing ordinance and the remainder in one year thereafter.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.

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Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN,
oct5eod2w City Clerk.

Dr. MINGOS,

Corner Oak and Summit Streets,

Cures all private diseases, catarrh, scrofula ulcers, eruptions on skin, syphilis, and all disorders arising from its effect cured forever. No hindrance to business. Use no mercury. All medicines prepared by myself. Have never failed in curing a case. No experiments are made. I am a sure cure. On account of treating so many patients charges are kept low. A sure and positive cure for all cases of gonorrhœa or gleet in a week or no charges. Also a sure and positive cure for all female complaints, leucorrhœa or whites. A private home so cured for ladies pending and during confinement. Ladies in need call or write. Consultation free and private.

Kate B. Sherwood,

Past National President of the Woman's Relief Corps, states:

"Having contracted a severe bronchial trouble while in the White mountains, I have since been subject to frequent attacks. I can truly say that I have experienced more prompt pleasant and enduring

IN THE CITY OF FINDLAY.

Push and Prosperity Seen on All Sides.

Her People are Contented With Their Lot.

Every Indication That the Substantial Growth Will Continue—A New Gas Line—Its Cost.

Findlay, Oct. 8.—(Special)—Findlay, the only rival which Toledo has in the northwest, is still going onward and upward, and instead of the crash, which the wiseacres predicted would come long ere this, there is a solid, substantial prosperity.

The city has had a wonderful and marvelous growth, and to-day Findlay is the best town of its size in this or any other state. The boom which struck the place three or four years ago is still a boom, but has none of the boom attributes. It lasts, and prices are still away up out of sight and out of reach, and transfers are being made daily.

Prices are not so high as when the boom was at its height, but they are not so much lower as might be expected. From indication it would seem as if they have not fallen off more than 20 per cent. on the substantial city property. The syndicates are still laying out their new additions and are selling lots very rapidly. Several new factories have been established this summer, and there seems to be no fear of any failure or shortage of gas.

The most noticeable improvement is the extensions of the factories. All the big glass works have been enlarged, and their business has increased very rapidly. Many of them are preparing for adding to their facilities next year, and there seems to be no doubt but what the future of the city of Findlay is fixed unless some unlooked-for catastrophe should occur.

There has not been so much building in Findlay this year as last, but the buildings erected have been much more substantial than those put up during the boom.

Several new and handsome business blocks have been put up this summer, and Main street, so far as its buildings are concerned, is as handsome a thoroughfare as can be found in any city in the country.

One of the best indications of the prosperity of the place is the scarcity of business room and the high rents. Any little room on Main street rents at from $1,500 to $1,800 per year, and there is not an empty store or office from one end of the street to the other.

The Findlay Gas company has been looking for a site for its office on Main street for a year and will secure it regardless of price when the opportunity presents. Office rent in the third and fourth stories of business blocks is very high and there is no prospect of becoming lower.

Findlay people have a pardonable pride in the beautiful city, minus smoke and soot, and other of the inconveniences which generally attach to a manufacturing city. The streets are being improved very rapidly and miles of fire-brick pavement have been laid this summer.

Mayor Thomas W. Meehan is one of the most enthusiastic men in Findlay. Mr. Meehan was years ago a resident of Perrysburg, and was for a number of years associated in business with James R. Tyler, of that place, who is now so ill that his recovery is not expected.

Mayor Meehan is of the opinion that some day Findlay will be one of the leading commercial cities in the country.

"That day will not be far off," said he. If our supply of gas holds out as we hope and trust it may, we will grow wonderfully within the next five years."

"Has the growth of the city during the past year been up to expectations?"

"Yes, and I think considerably above what some of us expected. The growth has been of a steady, substantial nature, and the improvements that have been made of a permanent sort. I would not be surprised if the population of Findlay would be almost doubled in the next two years. We have all the modern improvements here that man could wish for, no matter how metropolitan his desire or disposition, and in addition we have the greatest supply of cheap fuel in the world. What more could we ask for?"

"What is the area of your city at the present time?"

"About 25 square miles square, I think. Nearly the whole of Hancock township is within the corporate limits and there is talk of further extensions. New streets are being laid out in the new additions and there is no sign of anything but a steady advancement. Findlay, considering the mixed population it has, is a very orderly city, and in fact, there is not a single drawback to be mentioned.

Mr. S. D. Houpt is of the opinion that no city in the country is growing in a more substantial manner than Findlay.

"Prices have kept well," said he, "and are if anything, on the increase at this time. This building I bought from Milton Taylor, of Toledo, several years ago for $7,800. During the boom I refused $25,000 for it."

"What can you get for it now?"

"I have a standing offer for it of $18,000. That is only a falling off of $7,000, which is not as large as might be expected. We have nothing to complain of so far as our prosperity is concerned."

"How's the gas?"

"The gas is all right. We are now laying a new 12-inch line into the city from the field. Some of our wells have fallen off in pressure as was expected. One new line is costing us $1.43 per foot, that is the pipe. I believe that Toledo paid $1.85 per foot for the same sized pipe. It looks like we could build pipe lines cheaper than Toledo can, at any rate."

Mr. Houpt is confident that there is no town on earth like Findlay, and in many respects he is right.

Mr. C. W. Woods, a prominent oil man, said:

"You never saw a town that held its own so well as Findlay has, after having the wildest kind of a boom as we had here. The growth of the city is simply marvelous and beyond comprehension. The farmers who owned oil lands are all rich now, and their prosperity has had of course its effect on Findlay. New industries are being added to the place almost daily and in the next two years the town will not be recognized."

S. D. Scharf said to the Bee:

"Within the past year I have been in nearly every state in the union and I have yet to find as good a city as Findlay for her size. It is a nice place in which to be and there are no drawbacks of any sort against the place either as a residence or business place."

Findlay men all think alike and speak alike when accosted about their town, and one might interview the entire city and would not find a dissenting voice to this proposition, viz.: that the city of Findlay is one of the busiest, most prosperous and most substantial of cities, that her resources, so far as fuel is concerned are unequaled in the world, that its growth has been marvelous, that its industries are magnificent, and that the prospects for its future are as bright and roseate as the dream of a summer day.

Kibler Acquitted.

The jury in the trial of Jerome Kibler, charged with being one of the Oman robbers, after deliberating for about two hours, brought in a verdict of not guilty. The defense proved a strong alibi showing where Kibler was on the night of the robbery. No more of the cases will be tried this term of court. Two of the men charged with the crime have been convicted and two acquitted.

New Home.

The Friendless Orphans' and Children's Industrial Home has become a permanent feature and an incorporated body, with the following incorporators: E. H. Rickard, C. O. Powers, Dr. J. W. Arthur, Rev. C. J. Chase and D. M. Powell. The Arthur Sannitarium has been purchased and will be fixed up in nice shape.

Bound Over.

Andrew Lantz, David Pervey and Winfield Ludwig, the traveling horse traders, were given a hearing this morning before Mayor Meehan on the charge of stealing wheat of Jacob Yates. The men were bound over and sent to jail under a bond of $300, each, none of them being able to furnish it. They will have a long wait as the grand jury had just adjourned.

Good Meetings.

Hon. H. Martin Williams, the distinguished tariff orator of St. Louis, is holding interesting meetings in all of the small towns of this county. He was at Jerusalem Tuesday evening, and Mt. Blanchard Wednesday evening. Last night he spoke at Arcadia.

Died in Michigan.

Mrs. Margaret Hawkins, who formerly resided here, died at Grand Rapids, Mich., yesterday at the advanced age of 65 years.

The Fair.

There was a much larger crowd at the fair yesterday. The display in all departments exceeds all past efforts. This is especially true in fine stock of all kinds. The races for the large purses occur today and to-morrow.

HARRISON FEARS BLAINE.

B. H. Wants an Anchor to Windward Also.

All Cabinet and Other Appointments to be Made With a Political Pull in View.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The latest gossip is that both ex-Governor Cheney of New Hampshire and Estee of California are to go into the cabinet. It is not likely that anyone will know positively what Mr. Harrison intends to do until after the November election, but there are good reasons for believing that he has already made up his mind on the subject.

The appointments which the president now has at his disposal will be distributed with an eye to strengthening his position with relation to a renomination. That Mr. Harrison appreciates the influence of appointments on politics is shown by his decision to hold over those he might make at this time until after the November election.

It is generally conceded by politicians that Mr. Blaine is the only person whom Mr. Harrison has anything to fear from in the next republican national convention and that his danger in that quarter lies not in Mr. Blaine's anxiety for the nomination, but in the popular sentiment in favor of the selection of the Maine statesman regardless of his preference in the matter.

Mr. Blaine is personally doing nothing to strengthen or sustain this sentiment, and it is understood that there will be no resistance offered to any efforts that may be made in behalf of Mr. Harrison to overcome it.

It is believed by the politicians that from this time to the meeting of the convention Mr. Harrison will devote himself in those localities where Blaine has the strongest hold upon the people, believing that he can get support from one or more of the Blaine strongholds and everything else will fall naturally his way. He has a little experience of this sort at the last national convention.

When the California convention voted for him the rest came tumbling. It is believed that he now contemplates using the two cabinet appointments, and probably some of the other appointments, to strengthen himself in New England and on the Pacific coast.

Circumstances may arise which will make the president want Mr. Miller to remain in the cabinet, and, of course, if they should, the attorney-general should accommodate himself to the president's interests, but the present expectation of both the president and Mr. Miller is that the latter will retire from the cabinet to go on the bench.

It is believed then that a California man, probably Mr. Estee, and Governor Cheney of New Hampshire will be appointed to the cabinet vacancies. It is urged by Mr. Chandler that the appointment of Mr. Cheney would greatly assist him in his work for the president in New England, and Secretary Proctor is of the same opinion.

CLINGING TO ITS MOTHER.

A Horrible Discovery in a Whisky Den.

A Child Playing in the Blood of Its Murdered Parent in a Speak-Easy.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 9.—Mrs. Bridget O'Donnell, aged 40, owner of a "Speak Easy" saloon, was found dead in the cellar of her establishment early this morning. The discovery was made by her 9-year-old daughter.

The body was lying on its back, the face and dress covered with blood. Her 9-months-old baby was lying on her breast, patting its mother's face to wake her up. Its dress also was stained with blood. There was a wound under the woman's left eye and one on her breast. Large pieces of flesh had been torn from her hands and arms by rats that had left bloody tracks all over her face and bosom.

The detectives have discovered that there was a drunken debauch at the place the night previous, and that at about midnight Mrs. O'Donnell was seen asleep in a chair. At 4 o'clock there was a knock at the door, and the daughter admitted a woman named O'Day, who asked for a drink of whisky.

The woman afterwards lay down on the floor, while the girl went into another room. At daybreak the woman left. The police are looking for her. She occupied a room connecting with the one where the body was found. The girl says she heard no noise during the night.

A couple of men have been arrested who were at the place the night previous.

FOSTER WAS RIGHT.

Weather Reports Prove the Accuracy of His Predictions.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The weather bureau furnishes the following special bulletin to the press:

The weather reports from the southwest, including the states of Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas and Oklahoma and Indian Territory, Southern Missouri and Southern Kansas show the occurrence there on Wednesday and Thursday of the coldest weather for the season of which the weather bureau has record. Following are some minimum temperatures with their relation to the lowest previously observed during the first decade of October, viz.: On the 7th, Oklahoma, 32 degrees, 4 below; Springfield, Mo., 30 degrees, 6 below; Fort Smith, 34 degrees, 6 below; Abilene, Tex., 40 degrees, 3 below. On the 8th, New Orleans, 50 degrees, 6 below; Shreveport, 38 degrees, 4 below; Galveston, 56 degrees, 1 below; Corpus Christi, 52 degrees, 4 below.

Killing frosts occurred Wednesday morning in Missouri, Kansas and Arkansas, and light frosts Thursday morning in Northern Louisiana and Central Mississippi.

DOCTOR ACKERS ENGLISH REMEDY

will stop a Cough in one night, check a Cold in a day, and CURE Consumption if taken in time. IF THE LITTLE ONES HAVE WHOOPING COUGH OR CROUP Use It Promptly. A 25 cent bottle may save their lives. Ask your druggist for it. It Tastes Good.

PURE PINK PILLS.

Dr. Acker's English Pills CURE CONSTIPATION. Small, pleasant, a favorite with the ladies. W. H. HOOKER & Co., 46 West Broadway, N.Y.

THE GERM THEORY.

Within the past few years a new theory of disease has arisen with the Medical profession, known as the GERM THEORY, which has developed into a distinct branch of science, called Bacteriology. According to this Theory, all endemic, epidemic and contagious diseases are produced by minute infecting germs or microbes (micro-organisms) peculiar to each disease, which enter the system as mentioned in our treatise, page 12, under the heading "WHAT IS BLOOD POISON?"

It has heretofore been held that the unbroken skin presents an impenetrable barrier against the exit of these microscopic germs (micrococci, bacilli, etc.) when they have once found their way into the system, and as it has been demonstrated that a remedy which would destroy these germs would also kill the patient, it has been a great want of the profession to know just how to treat the disease brought on by these microbes. But recent investigations in this branch of science, by Prof. Von Bumer-Zurick, as reported to the Congress of Surgeons at Berlin, and confirmed by a report of Prof. Eiselberger, of Vienna, show that these germs can be expelled from the system through the pores of the skin. It was demonstrated clearly that these germs can pass, do pass, and can be forced to pass from the blood, and from the tissues through the healthy skin to the surface of the body and thus relieve the system of disease.

To prove this Theory, experiments were made with two men, with a horse, a dog, and a hog, six times in a week—and in every instance the germs or microbes were found in the perspiration, showing that they had been eliminated through the skin.

Now, as *SWIFT'S SPECIFIC* has for about sixty years been relieving humanity of disease in just that way, we think we can but add the result of these experiments to the thousands of testimonials which we already have. S.S.S. has been for more than half a century forcing out these germs, or pathogenic microbes, from the blood and tissues, thus bringing health and happiness to thousands, and it is a part of science at this late day to corroborate our Theory and show just how it is done.

We claim, then—and not only claim, but prove by these reliable witnesses—that *SWIFT'S SPECIFIC* forces out these germs of poison; and it does more than that, it forces out the poison itself after the body has been infected and polluted with it. For instance, in the disease of Scrofula, if there should be an ulcer or a sore, the poison will be forced out through that sore or ulcer, and the germs will be forced out through the pores of the skin; and it is the same way with any other infection—when there are no sores or ulcers the germs are forced out through the skin which sometimes causes redness and a rash, and even swelling, as mentioned in the general directions.

Our Treatise on the Blood MAILED FREE.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC COMPANY, *ATLANTA, GEORGIA.*

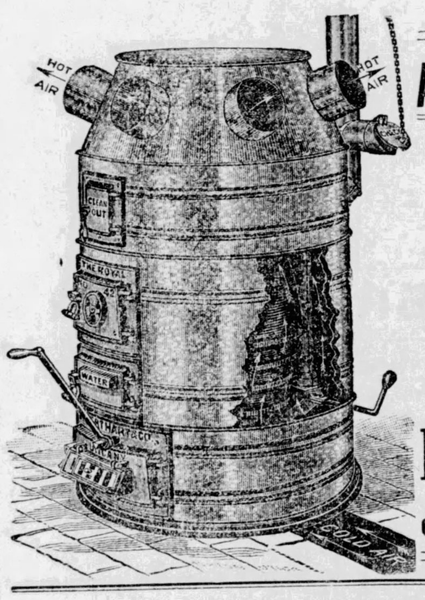
THERE ARE MANY USES FOR SAPOLIO.

To clean tombstones. To polish knives. To clean dishes. To renew oil-cloth. To scrub floors. To whiten marble. To renovate paints. To wash out sinks. To remove rust. To brighten metals. To scour bath-tubs. To scour kettles.

EVERYBODY USES IT.

Dentists to clean false teeth. Surgeons to polish their instruments. Confectioners to scour their pans. Mechanics to brighten their tools. Cooks to clean the kitchen sink. Painters to clean off surfaces. Engineers to clean parts of machines. Ministers to renovate old chairs. Sextons to clean the tombstones. Ice dealers to grease and white n rees. Artists to clean their palettes. Wheelmen to clean big, clea. Housemaids to scrub the marble floors. Chemists to remove some stains. Carvers to sharpen their knives. Shrewd ones to scour old a raw hats. Soldiers to brighten their arms. Renovators to clean carpets.

EVERY ONE FINDS A NEW USE.



A Guarantee

The cheapest furnace man in the world will give you a guarantee to heat your house. But what satisfaction do you get when the weather is at zero, or 10 below, and the furnace does not heat your house? The change cannot be made then, and you must suffer until the weather will permit to make the change. Is it not best to give the job to some one whose reputation is a guarantee that your house will be heated during the coldest weather?

Address

E. A. EVERSMAN

Hardware Dealer,

Cor. Broadway & Logan St.

N. HAUGHTON

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE COMPANY

HYDRAULIC, HAND AND POWER

ELEVATORS

FOR PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE.

Steel Shafting, Iron and Wood Pulleys, Hangers, Couplings, Gearing, Etc. Largest Stock in the City.

Works, 114 to 130 South Huron St., Toledo, O.

see LLOYD BROS. for Monuments 1101 ADAMS St.,

SECOND-HAND BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES FOR SALE

AT

John Bladon & Son's, 134 Ontario St., bet. Monroe and Jefferson.

Canopy top basket phaeton	$ 35	1 Canopy top phaeton, Columbus make	$100
Full leather top Cooney phaeton	65	1 Light open spring buggy	65
Full leather top Cooney piano box	75	1 Three spring open wagon	
Open buggy as good as new	35	1 Three spring Rockaway, new wheels and tires and all newly jointed good as new job. Eastern make	125
Extention top carriage	50		
Jump seat and canopy top Bladon	80		
Jump seat open	25		

All the above are in good repair, having been through our shops and put in order; they are bargains. Come and see them. JOHN BLADON & SON, Carriage M nfrs

Exclusive Agency!

—FOR THE—

COLUMBIA, HARTFORD, —AND— FEATHERSTONE'S PNEUMATIC! BICYCLES

EMIL GRAH, 406 SUMMIT ST Phone 630.

JUST OUT

Messrs. Dickman & Schmidt, 623 Cherry St., corner of Erie, have an entire new line of PICTURES and FRAMES at low prices and any finish known to man. Having secured one of the best workmen in the city, all work is done on the premises.

AGENTS WANTED.

JEWELRY ON PAYMENTS

If you want a Watch, or anything in the Jewelry line, and want a little time on them, call at No. 13 Adams Block (up stairs), cor. Adams and St. Clair Sts., and see

HOPKINS & LEVY

GUESS

Fill out this Blank and Mail to

The Chapman Hardware Co., Toledo, O.

NAME .....

STREET AND NO. ..... TOLEDO, O.

MY MOUNT IS .....

MY GUESS, on the number of Bicycles ridden in Toledo, IS .....

WE WANT

A guess from every Rider, for from the guesses we must determine the Number of Riders. This offer is open to only Toledo Riders.

First Prize, $25 } GOLD!
Second " 10 }

Prizes Awarded October 15.

AWNINGS

TENTS! FLAGS!

CORDAGE! BELTING!

The M. I. Wilcox Cordage and Supply Co.

WATER STREET.

BEE DIRECTORY

TOLEDO'S ENTERPRISING MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS.

TO THE PUBLIC—The firms represented in this department are reliable in every way. Their goods are the best made, and they are recommended to the readers of the BEE in cities and towns everywhere, as proper persons with whom to deal. Letters addressed to any of them will receive courteous attention and orders will be promptly filled. These firms do much toward making business of this section brisk at all times and are worthy of your patronage.

SAWS	SAWS.	PAINTS.	HEATING.
NORTHWESTERN SAW WORKS. A. MERTZ .....PROP Mfr and dealer in SAWS and PLANER KNIVES. 8 South St. Clair St.	The Standard SAW takes the lead. Manufactured by H. BARTLEY, Toledo, O	BUCKEYE PAINT & VARNISH CO. Prepared Paints, White and Colored Leads.	Isaac D. Smead & Co. Warming and Ventilating Engineers, manufacturers of Warming and Ventilating Apparatus.
CONTRACTOR.	**BRIDGES.**	**BRIDGES.**	**SEED MERCHANTS.**
T. H. HAMILTON, BRIDGE BUILDER, File Driver and General Contractor, HARTFORD BLOCK.	THE SMITH BRIDGE CO TOLEDO, - OHIO	THE MASSILON BRIDGE CO., Massillon, Ohio. TOLEDO OFFICE NOS. 1 & 2 Darst Block, Adams St.	CHAS. STAGER & CO CLOVER AND TIMOTHY, 123 & 125 N. ERIE ST
PORK PACKERS.	**CRACKER MFRS.**	**CARRIAGES.**	**WAGONS.**
JACOB FOLGER, PORK PACKER AND SAUSAGE MANUFACTURER, Dealer in Meats. 87 and 89 St. Clair Street.	M. SEYFANG & Co., Wholesale CRACKER, BREAD and CAKE BAKERS, 17—Market Space—19	FRED. KOPF, Manfr. Carriages and Wagons Repairs and Painting, 215 Locust St., bet. Summit and Water.	Milburn Wagon Co., Manufacturers of Farm and Spring Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Phætons, Business Wagons, etc., 2134 Monroe St.
MACHINERY.	**MACHINERY.**	**MACHINERY.**	**FURNACES**
Herbert Baker, Planers, Moulders, Saw Benches, Tenoners, etc. Shafting Hangers and Pulleys. 369 and 371 ERIE ST.	TOLEDO MACHINE & TOOL WORKS, G. F. Danielson, . . Prop. Mfrs of Light Machinery and Specialties 4 & 6 South St. Clair St.	Enterprise Machine Co. Foundry and Machine Shop 608 Short st. Repairing Promptly Attended to; castings of all kinds.	Hoffman & Harpst, PRACTICAL TINNERS And dealers in the "Floral City Furnace" 924 CHERRY ST.
BRASS AND IRON.	**IRON WORKS.**	**BRASS FOUNDER.**	**WIRE & IRON W'KS**
SHAW, KENDALL & CO. Mfrs and Dealers in BRASS & IRON GOODS for water, gas and steam wrought iron pipe and fittings.	THE VULCAN IRON WORKS CO. Fittings Machinists. All kinds of CASTINGS	V. SEEGER, Finisher and Dealer in BRASS GOODS, ETC. New No. 15 St. Clair St. Old No. 93.	Benster Wire & Iron Works, Mnfrs. Wire and Iron Work & Wind Engines 321 Water St., Toledo
FURNITURE.	**BARBER SUPPLIES.**	**MILLERS.**	**FILTERS.**
THE KETCHAM FURNITURE CO., Summit and Locust Sts., Bank, Office and Public Building Furniture.	BARBERS' CHAIRS and Shop FURNITURE RANSOM & RANDOLPH Wholesale Barbers' Supplies	Bechtol, Carney & Co., CENTRIFUGAL MILLS Mfrs. FLOUR, 229 to 233 Lynn Street	Stevens Filter Co. MFR. OF UPWARD, SELF-CLEANSING FILTERS 222 and 224 Water
BREWING.	**BREWERS.**	**FURNITURE.**	**LUMBER.**
GRASSER & BRAND BREWING CO., Brewers and Bottlers of BERMAN, PILSENER and LAGER BEER.	TOLEDO BREWING & MALTING CO., Peter Lenk, Pres.; John Huebner, Supt.; M. R. Littlefield, Treas. Cor. Hamilton & Division	W. I. WILBUR & CO., Manufacturers of OFFICE FURNITURE and BAR FIXTURES. 412—416 St. St. Clair St.	WESTERN MFG. CO Mfrs. of Sash Door and Blinds, and dealer in Lumber. Glazed work a specialty. Cor. Water and Vine St.
SEED MERCHANTS.	**ROLLING MILL.**	**LIME.**	**LUMBER.**
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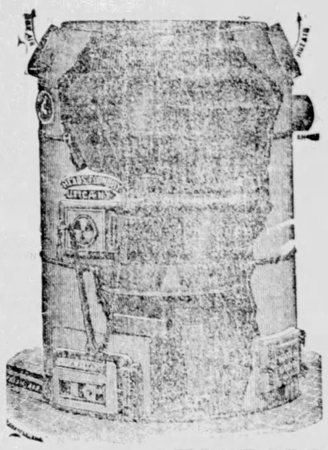

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THE CARIB CHILDREN.

A Sturdy Race of Youngsters in Central America.

About Their Pleasures and Pastimes—The Joh. Canoe Dance and Their Funn Little Songs—The Older Children Take Care of the Babies.

Far away on the green shores of Central America live a queer race of people known as Caribs. Originally they occupied the Leeward and Windward Islands and were among the most fierce and cunning fighters that the Spanish explorers had to contend with. Driven from island to island by repeated reverses the remnants of the tribes finally found themselves on the Island of Ruatan, from whence they were finally removed by the English to the mainland. Their love of the sea has kept them from wandering far from the coast, and their cohune palm huts at this day dot the Atlantic shores of Central America from Belize to Cape Gracios a Dios. But it is the children of this race that I wish to introduce to readers of the Mail and Express.

Every evening finds the little Caribs congregated at some neighbor's hut practicing the steps of their favorite "John Canoe" dance, and singing their funny little songs. Bands of them form into circles, their dusky faces shining in the bright tropical moonlight, their lips parted in the ever-present grin, and their white teeth glistening; clothed in nothing but a short shirt of coarse material, their black legs stamp impatiently for the fun to begin. Suddenly one little fellow in the center of the group breaks out on the night air with his shrill treble the opening bars of some weird Carib air, the others clasp hands, and, joining in the singing, whirl rapidly around him. He quickly darts outside the circle, and taps one of the dancers on the shoulder as a warning that he has singled him out as a victim. Around the singing, swirling circle of dusky comrades they dash, under the extended arms, between the flying legs, backward and forward, upsetting more than one in the mad rush, until at last the pursurer manages to strike his victim with a knotted piece of cloth which he holds in his hand, and then the dancing stops. The circle forms again, and the boy who was caught takes his place in the middle and starts the dance with another song; this is sometimes kept up for hours amid the laughter and shouts of all looking on.

Brought Up Like Spartans.

A word or two in regard to these children of a queer race. From earliest childhood, you might say, they bring themselves and each other up. The mortality among them from want of care and sanitary reasons is often great, and only the tougher ones survive. The father is usually back in the jungle cutting logwood, mahogany or rosewood, and the mother often working some little banana "finca" or "cocoanut walk" back of the reservation, which keeps her away all day. Many of the fathers gain a livelihood carrying the freight and passengers up and down the coast in their canoes, and manage to spend some few days at home. The older of the children take care of the babies, carrying them around naked and straddled across their hips as if the little ones were riding horseback.

From the time they learn to toddle they take to the water and spend hours paddling around like so many little ducks. Papa Carib has found leisure at one time or another to fashion a small canoe from a tree of Santa Maria wood, and a small mahogany paddle. The youngster, with great labor, will drag his tiny craft to the water and patiently for hours endeavor to sit in it and paddle around, but the dugout is like a bucking colt, and throws him overboard almost as rapidly as he can get in. He will cling to his paddle and endeavor to right his ship, which will roll over easily, but be full of water. One of his older brothers will then, time and time again, show him how to get rid of the water by pushing the canoe rapidly backward and forward.

As soon as the baby gets strong enough he tries to help himself and will work away stolidly until success finally crowns his efforts. One little fellow named "Paoui," I watched for more than an hour; he would crawl over the stern of his tiny craft only to be pitched over the side and come up choking with briny water. His old grandfather was unconcernedly shaping some paddles under the shade of a mango tree near the shore, and I walked over and asked him how old the little fellow was. "Five year, sah." Think of it! No wonder the Carib race turn out such admirable sailors.

Work in the Schoolroom.

In most of the coast towns are little schools taught by teachers in the employ of the government, and to these most of the children go for a few hours each day. They trudge by, scores of them together, with their slates tucked under their arms or carried on their heads. Curiosity has led me often to call one of the little shavers over and to examine his work. They seem to learn to write easily; the long words are, as a rule, spelled correctly, and the work neatly and carefully done. A visit to the school convinced me that writing and spelling are to them a natural gift, but arithmetic is their stumbling block and almost impossible to get into their little heads.

Only a few years ago the children up to 10 years of age and sometimes older used to wander around in nature's garb, but in British Honduras, the governor, Sir Roger Goldsworthy, issued an edict that they should all be clothed, irrespective of age. The struggles to comply with the law are to an extent laughable, the most complete toilet being a short shirt, which soon becomes exceedingly ragged. The babies are still without the pale of the law on all occasions except when word comes that his excellency is coming on his annual visit, and then some attempt is made to keep from his displeasure.

Just outside of my door stood a huge mango tree that bore delicious fruit, which was watched by those children with jealous eyes. They had been told that they could have any fruit that fell, but must not attempt to climb the tree or club down the fruit. This rule had been enforced suddenly and severely on several occasions and had become a respected law. Often I have been sitting on the piazza reading, apparently the only human being in sight, a huge ripe mango has come rushing down through the branches, and in less time than it takes to write it a dozen Carib children have made a dash to secure the coveted prize, knocking each other head over heels in their eager haste. Where they came from was always a mystery.

They Are Sturdy Youngsters.

When the Carib mothers have occasion to go off to some of the neighboring plantations, they have to go in a huge "pit pan" or dug-out, and paddle away, leaving their children to the care of each other or to some neighbor. One afternoon while smoking on the piazza, I saw one of these parties start off, and just as they began to paddle away from the shore, four little stark-naked children came screaming to the beach. Deep, guttural Carib was yelled at them to go back, but on they rushed into the water, screaming, but still wading out deeper and deeper. The women paddled away and the youngsters kept on and on, until finally they were swimming hand over hand, screaming and coughing as the salt water was gasped down their throats. The women had to give in and paddle back, the youngsters were roughly dragged into the "pit-pan," taken ashore and soundly whipped. The women started again, only to go through the same performance, only a little more roughly this time.

Three times this happened, until at last they appealed to some bystanders to hold the howling young ones until they got beyond pursuit. None of these children was over 8 years of age. Cassava bread and fish fatten the children until, like little aldermen, they stand out almost to the bursting point. It is a ridiculous sight to see one of them walking along with a huge round stomach that would do credit to a man of mature age. Among the thousands with whom I came in contact I have only seen one child that was a cripple. His leg was shriveled up for some reason. The others were all well formed, sturdy little youngsters.

NOTHING LIKE IT.

There is but one remedy that will cure croup without opium, and without nausea. That is Dr. Boxsie's Certain Croup Cure. 50 cents.

SOUTHERN "SKEDADDLERS."

They Took to Caves Instead of Canada.

In a paper on The Cave-Dwellers of the Confederacy, by David Dodge, which appears in the October Atlantic, an interesting account is given of the caves in which the deserters from the Confederate army lived:

After the Confederate ranks were thinned by the desperate fighting of 1863, the lines of the deserter fell in hard places. The Richmond government set energetically to work to bring every available man to the front. President Davis by proclamation urged every man to hasten to his country's defense, and promised pardon for all past delinquency provided the offender now hastened to do his duty. Stringent orders and threats of punishment infused energy into the officers of the home guard. Detachments of Confederate troops visited the neighborhood at short and irregular intervals, while the homes of the deserters were watched and repeatedly searched.

Then it was that the deserters, as we called all who shirked military duty, whether they had ever actually been in the army or not, had recourse to a mode of hiding which they had learned from runaway slaves. The fugitives in this region having neither the swamps of the east nor the mountains of the west for refuge, like all hard-run creatures naturally took to earth. He either enlarged and concealed some natural cavity, or dug a cave in which he hid by day, to sally out under cover of darkness in quest of poultry, pigs, sheep, fruit, roasting-ears, watermelons, and other good things in season. If he feared pursuit by dogs, he rubbed the soles of his feet with onions or odorous herbs in order to confuse the scent. If moderately wary or skilful, he found little difficulty in remaining "out" till the crops were "laid by" and all the heavy work was over, or till cold weather drove him back to a snugger berth in the quarters.

The deserter made a vast improvement on the burrow of the runaway negro. His cave was large, better constructed better appointed than its prototype, but not better concealed. Banding together in squads of two or three, some unfrequented place would be chosen, generally on a hillside to avoid moisture, and as near a stream as practicable, for the easiest and safest way of disposing of the earth thrown up in digging the pit was to dump it in running water. The site being carefully selected and reconnoitered from every possible way of approach, a watch was set, and work was begun and pressed with the utmost dispatch.

First the leaves or pine-needles were raked back and a space "lined off," usually six by eight feet, but often considerably larger. Then the ubiquitous bed-quilt was spread to catch every particle of the tell-tale clay, and grubbing hoes, spades and all available implements were put in rapid motion. As any prolongation of the work increased the danger of discovery, the object was to get it deep and concealed at the earliest possible moment. Every hand that could be trusted—old men, women and children—was called in to assist. To these auxiliaries fell the hardest part of the task, that of disposing of the dirt, which of course could not be left near the cave. This was generally "toted" away in buckets and piggins, and dumped in the adjacent stream, and as the direction from which the cave was approached had to be constantly changed lest the faintest vestige of a path should betray the spot, the labor of transporting eight or ten cubic yards of earth in this primitive fashion was no light undertaking.

The proper depth, commonly about six feet, being attained, a fireplace was cut in the earthen sides of the cave and connected with a flue cut through the adjacent earth. Across the pit, and slightly below the surface, were then placed stout poles, and on these the roof of pine boards, while over all the earth and leaves were carefully replaced so as to conceal all signs of having been disturbed. Pine-needles made a very good carpet. A bed was constructed by driving forked stakes into the ground, and upon these were laid small poles topped with pine boughs. Sometimes a "cupboard" was cut in the earthen walls.

What gave the cave-dweller most concern was the disposal of the smoke from his chimney. Even under the best of circumstances, in the fairest, warmest weather, and in the driest soil, a cave was a dismal abode. There was a darkness, a chilliness, a strange and grave-like silence down there, which made fire, the only light obtainable in those hard times, an indispensable companion. When rainy weather came, and the walls oozed water, only heat made it habitable. Care was taken to use the driest and most smokeless fuel, but as even that, though burned ever so sparingly in the daytime, would cause some smoke, various plans were hit upon to minimize the danger of betrayal from this source. When practicable, the cave would be dug near a dead tree, which was first blackened by fire, unless one could be found already partially burned by the chance fire of some coon or opossum hunter. Failing this, an old tree-stump, after being charred, was ingeniously planted over the chimney mouth so that the smoke might rise through or around it. The object of these devices was, of course, that, should any unfriendly eye discover the smoke, it would be attributed to one of the accidental fires which sometimes smouldered in dead timber for weeks at a time. But as a rule, the occupants, putting their dependence on good eyesight and legs, would, when no especial danger was apprehended, betake themselves to the woods during the day, and use the caves only as sleeping-places. Indeed, a few of the deserters took refuge underground except in cases of pressing need, which, toward the last, were very frequent.

Entrance to the cave was usually had by means of a small trap-door in the roof, in the concealment of which much care and ingenuity were also expended. In addition to the leaves always kept on it, a tree would often be felled over the spot, the boughs serving not only to screen the entrance from view, but likewise to lessen the danger of any one walking directly over the cave. As it was all-important that no trace of a path should be seen thereabout, the trunk of the tree afforded a safe walk-way, care being taken always to approach it from different directions. The presence of a newly felled tree, like a burning one, attracted little suspicion, being charged to the negro opossum hunter.

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DRS. FRANCE AND OTTMAN, after years of experience, have discovered the greatest cure known for weakness in the back and limbs, involuntary discharges, impotency, general debility, nervousness, languor, confusion of ideas, palpitation of the heart, timidity, trembling, dimness of sight, or giddiness, diseases of the head, throat, nose, or skin, affections of the liver, lungs, stomach, or bowels—those terrible disorders arising from the practice of youth—secret habits—which, blighting their most radiant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage impossible. Take one candid thought before it is too late. A week or month may place your case beyond the reach of hope. Our method of treatment will speedily and permanently cure the most obstinate case, and absolutely restore perfect manhood.

TO MIDDLE-AGED MEN—There are many from the age of 35 to 60 who are troubled with frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight burning or smarting sensation, weakening the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examination of the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will be found, or the color will be a thin or milky hue. Again, others pass a little blood at intervals, ignorant of the cause, which is a second stage of seminal weakness. We will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and a healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.—We have a special department, thoroughly organized, and devoted exclusively to the treatment of diseases of women. Every case consulting our specialists, whether by letter or in person, is given the most careful and considerate attention. Important cases (and we get such which have not been benefited by all of the home physicians) have the benefit of a full council of skilled specialists. In treatment of diseases peculiar to females, our success has been marked, over two-thirds of our patients being ladies, old, young, married, single, rich and poor. Our method is entirely free from objectionable features of the general practitioner, and the "local treatment." We seldom find it necessary. We prepare remedies, constitutional and local, as the case demands, and instruct ladies how to treat themselves.

MARRIAGE.—Married persons, or young men contemplating marriage, aware of physical weakness, loss of procreative powers, impotency, or any other disqualification, speedily cured.

PRIVATE DISEASES.—Blood Poison, Venereal Taint, Gleet, Stricture, Seminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Power, Weakness of Sexual Organs, Want of Desire in Male or Female, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual habits of mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cures guaranteed. Medicines sent free from observation to all parts of the United States.

EPILEPSY, OR FITS—Positively cured by a new and never-failing method. Testimonials furnished.

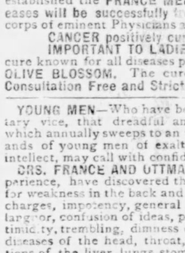
FREE EXAMINATION OF THE URINE.—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring from 2 to 4 ounces of urine (that passed first in the morning preferred), which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination, and if required a written analysis will be given.

Persons ruined in health by unlearned pretenders, who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately. Delays are dangerous.

WONDERFUL CURES Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but where possible, personal consultation is preferred. Curable cases guaranteed. No risks incurred.

Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of U. S. List of 130 questions free. Address, with postage, DR. FRANCE, Nos. 38 and 40 W. Gay St., Columbus, O.

WEAK, NERVOUS MEN.



Established 1851.

YOU, who have been humbugged by the "Electric Belts," "Fellow Sufferer," "Crayon," "Vacuum," "Nervine," "Free Cure," quacks, and who have found yourself growing worse and worse, You, who have given up in despair, saying, "I am doomed; there is no hope for me;" to you I say: UP, and SAVE YOURSELF! THERE IS HOPE! THERE IS A CURE! No matter what you have taken or who has failed to cure you, write me a full history of your case and send for Book (free) and Question List.

HONORABLE SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT

Thousands Cured. Forty years' experience. Consult the Old Doctor. All Private. Nervous and CHRONIC DISEASES of either sex skillfully and successfully treated and a cure guaranteed in every curable case. Married men or those about to marry, who dread their weakness or incapacity, or whose blood is loaded with impurities transmissible to offspring, should consult the celebrated Dr. Clarke at once. Consultation personally or by letter, free and confidential. Medicines sent everywhere, secure from exposure. A friendly letter may aid you and direct you to health. Address

DR. F. D. CLARKE, Merrill Block, Cor. Woodward & Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.

THE LEST IS THE CHEAPEST---BUY A COONEY BUGGY

More Buggy for the Money than any Place in the State.

M. J. COONEY & CO., HURON and CHERRY STS., TOLEDO

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JARECKI MFG. CO., LIMITED

TOLEDO,

Pittsburgh, Oil City and Erie, Pa.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Brass Goods, Malleable and Cast Iron Fittings!

Pipe Threading Tools and Machines, Natural Gas, Oil and Artesian Well Supplies, Tubing, Casing Pipe, Rig Irons, Rope, Etc., Etc.

Branch Stores at all Important Points in the Oil Regions.

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HEISKELL'S OINTMENT 50cts PER BOX.

WILL CURE EVERY FORM OF SKIN DISEASE

From Simple Pimples to obstinate ECZEMA; also ITCHING PILES.

Send for "Hints for Kitchen and Sick-Room," a handy book for the household. FREE.

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

MANHOOD RESTORED! "Nerve Seeds," the wonderful remedy is sold with a written guarantee to cure all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex caused by over exertion, youthful errors, or excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants which soon lead to Infirmity, Consumption and insanity. Put up convenient to carry in vest pocket. $1 per package by mail; 6 for $5. With every $5 order we give 3 written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address Nerve Seed Co., Chicago, Ill.

For Sale in Toledo by W. K. West, Boody House Drug Store.

DOCUTA SANDAL WOOD CAPSULES are the best and only capsules prescribed by regular physicians for the cure of diseases of the urinary organs, severest cases in 7 days. $1.50 per box. All druggists. 30sep6m

DEPOSIT YOUR MONEY IN THE Union Savings Bank 883 Summit St.

Leander Burdick, Cashier.
Jas. Secor, Pres't.

SEE HOW SAVINGS GROW.

10	cents a day in 1 yr. am'ts to	$18.25;	in 10 yrs.				182.50
25	" " " " "	91.25;	"				912.00
50	" " " " "	182.50;	"				1,825.50
75	" " " " "	273.75;	"				2,737.50
100	" " " " "	365.00;	"				3,650.00

REAL ESTATE

GOLD IN IT } TIMBER AND COAL!

Ten thousand acres West Virginia timber and coal land for sale or exchange, for Toledo city property. Abstracts furnished. Address,
THE MINNIS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,
MONROE, MICH.

Lots on Maplewood Avenue

30 Ft. Frontage, $175.

Lots on Glenwood Avenue

30 Ft. Frontage, $300.

CALL AT ONCE.

CUSHING'S

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

612 Madison St.

FOR SALE—

Double house and lot on Western ave, $2,500.
Cottage on South st, lot 40x205, $1,500.
Building lot on Hickox st, 50x143, $600.
House and lot on Ontario st, near Ash, $1,300.
House and lot on Orange st, near Erie, $1,600.
Handsome building lots on South st, $400.
DECLAN ALLEN'S SONS.
Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 620½ Adams Street.

FOR SALE

—BY—

I. H. DETWILER & CO.

IMPROVED PROPERTY.

$ 800.. Cottage, Dexter st near Lagrange.
900.. Hoag st near Dorr, cottage.
2,800.. Fourth st near Elm, East Toledo, 2 story frame.
1,700.. Erie st near Chestnut, 1½ story frame.
1,850.. Dorr st near Junction ave, 2 story.
3,100.. Franklin ave near Cherry, cottage.
1,050.. Tecumseh st near Division, 1½ story frame.
3,100.. Lorain st near Broadway, cottage.
2,800.. Bartlett st near Collingwood, 45 ft lot and building.
1,050.. Missouri st near Clark, new cottage.
3,800.. Brick cottage, Ontario st near Bush.
1,975.. Wakeman st near Oak, 2 story frame.
1,500.. Missouri st near 15th, 2 story frame.
900.. Indiana ave near Lenk, 4 rooms, new.
1,850.. Sherman st near Elm, cottage.
1,500.. Lagrange st near Bancroft, 2 story frame.
850.. Orchard st near Hawley, cottage.
4,000.. Huron st near Elm, large modern dwelling.
2,000.. Bartlett st near Lawrence ave, two-story frame.
1,250.. Bloomfield st near Union depot, cottage.
4,500.. Collingwood ave cor Bartlett, new dwelling.
1,250.. Tecumseh near Collingwood ave, 2 story frame.
2,200.. Erie st near Galena, new 2 story frame.
4,000.. Modern frame dwelling 21st st near Jefferson.
1,000.. Niagara st near Galena, new cottage.
1,500.. Franklin ave near Cherry, 2 story frame.
1,250.. East Broadway, E. T., new cottage.
1,000.. Navarre ave near E Broadway, dwelling.
700.. 1½ story frame house, Seaman st.
1,850.. Wade st near Union depot, cottage.
750.. Charles st near Curtis, cottage.
2,700.. Congress st near Orchard, frame dwelling.
850.. Ewing st near Blume, cottage.
1,275.. 18th st near Illinois, 2 story frame.
650.. Nebraska near Junction ave, cottage.
1,550.. Sumner st near Middle, cottage.
2,250.. Huron st near Buffalo, 2 story frame.
3,000.. Warren st near Floyd, 2 story frame.
26,000.. Jefferson st near 17th, large modern dwelling.
1,800.. 7-room cottage, Charles st near Curtis.

VACANT PROPERTY for sale in all parts of the city. Houses built to order on long time and easy payments. Don't fail to see us before you buy—it will pay you.

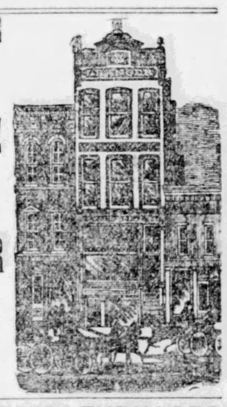
I. H. Detwiler & Co.

Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts.

OPEN EVENINGS.

Branch Offices—Dorr st, cor Detroit ave; Moore st, cor Chestnut; Junction ave, cor Nebraska ave.

GRANGER THE IMPORTING TAILOR! AND Fine Woolen DRAPER 305 SUMMIT STREET.



BOYNTON'S FURNACES

WITH LATEST PATENT IMPROVEMENTS

ARE MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

The Boynton Furnace Co.

N. A. BOYNTON, Prest. 207 & 209 WATER ST., N. Y.

Be careful to specify goods manufactured by THE BOYNTON FURNACE CO. to secure the genuine. Beware of misrepresentations by competitors.

WORTSMITH & MARQUARDT,
Successors to Showell & Co.
SOLE AGENTS. TOLEDO, O

WERUM BROS

508 ADAMS STREET,

Manufacturers of

TRUSSES!

Abdominal and other Supporters, Braces, Bandages,

ELASTIC STOCKINGS!

Knee Caps, Anklets, Crutches, Etc.

Special appliances for the mechanical treatment of injuries, etc., etc.

Trusses Skillfully Adjusted.

We cure ALL Children and about one out of every 5 adults.

For Elastic Stockings take measure opposite letters on the cut.

Mrs. Allen's Parisian Face Bleach

Golden Hair Wash. Mamma Dura, for developing the bust. Rouma, for removing superfluous hair. Bang dressing. All goods wholesale and retail. Send a cts. for illustrated circular. Full line of fine hair goods. Mrs. R. W. Allen, 219 Wood. Av., Detroit, Mich. Sold by druggists.

TRAVELER'S REGISTER

Corrected by William Gates, Boody House Ticket office.

All trains run on Central Standard time which is 28 minutes slower than City time.

Trains marked * (star) daily. Trains marked † daily except Sunday. Trains marked ‡ daily except Saturday.

From Pennsylvania Station

Pennsylvania Lines.

Summit, Chestnut and Mulberry sts.

Depart for Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York } Atlantic Express, 7 2 a m, Day Express, 2 3 p m, Fast Line, *9 p m

Arrive Toledo, 9 15 a m, 5 10 p m and *11 25 p m

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

UNION DEPOT.

ARRIVE.	NORWALK DIVISION—EAST.	DEPART
*7 30 a m.	Boston & Chicago Special.	
† 45 a m.	Boston & Chicago Accom..	*5 20 p m
	Fast Mail	*2 55 p m
*10 55 p m.	New York Express	*9 35 a m
*3 40 a m	Chicago Mail	
5 35 p m.	Buffalo Accomidation..	6 10 a m
† 40 p m.	Norwalk Accommodation.	8 40 p m
	SANDUSKY DIVISION—EAST.	
	Boston & N Y Special	*5 00 p m
*8 25 a m.	New York & Chicago Lim..	*11 55 p m
*3 15 p m.	Chicago & New York Ex..	*10 30 p m
† 15 a m.	Buffalo & Chicago Accom.	5 10 p m
	Atlantic Express	*4 00 a m
† 45 p m.	Accommodation	6 50 a m
	OLD ROAD—WEST.	
	Boston & Chicago Special.	*7 40 a m
*10 25 p m.	Fast N Y & Boston Ex..	
*3 50 p m.	Fast Mail	
*1 15 a m.	Chicago Accom.	*7 50 p m
† 40 p m.	Michigan Accomodation..	9 50 a m
	AIR LINE DIVISION—WEST.	
4 55 p m.	Chicago & Boston Special.	
†4 45 a m.	Atlantic Express	
1 50 p m.	New York & Chicago Lim.	*3 30 a m
	Chicago Fast Mail	*3 10 a m
	Chicago Express	*2 00 p m
	Pacific Express	*11 05 p m
†45 p m.	Buffola & Chicago Accom.	10 05 a m
† 10 a m.	Kendallville Accomodat'n.	6 00 p m
	JACKSON BRANCH	
9 15 a m.	Express	9 50 a m
† 40 p m.	Express	7 50 p m
	LANSING BRANCH.	
7 50 p m.	Express	9 50 a m
11 25 p m.	Express	
	KALAMAZOO & GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.	
7 50 p m.	Express	11 05 p m
11 25 p m.	Express	9 50 a m
	DETROIT BRANCH.	
9 25 a m.	Express	7 42 a m
†42 p m.	Express	10 10 a m
†30 p m.	Express	4 05 p m
	CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON Union Depot.	
*1 00 a m.	Cin & Ind Express	10 15 a m
†00 p m.	Cin & Ind Express	*3 30 p m
† 00 p m.	Cin & Ind Express	*11 40 p m
12 35 a m.	Cincinnati Express	6 45 a m
† 30 a m.	Cincinnati Express, Sundays only.	
† 00 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 45 a m
† 00 p m	Findlay & B Green Express	3 30 p m
9 00 p m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 05 p m
12 25 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	10 15 a m

Through solid trains between Toledo and Findlay. Through cars between Toledo, Bowling Green and North Baltimore.

WABASH RAILWAY, UNION DEPOT.

*8 35 p m.	Pacific Express	*12 10 a m
† 35 p m.	Kansas City Express	10 20 a m
*3 40 a m.	St Louis Express	*5 40 p m
† 00 a m.	Defiance Accom	4 45 p m
	MICHIGAN CENTRAL.	
† 50 p m.	Mackinac & Det Ex	4 20 p m
*10 05 a m.	N Y & Boston Express	*7 45 a m
*3 20 p m.	New York Express	*9 05 p m
*8 30 p m.	Detroit Express	*5 30 a m
	WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.	
† 17 p m.	Pitts, Steubville & Mar Ex.	7 40 a m
† 00 p m.	Through Express	1 00 p m
*8 45 a m.	Cleveland & N Y Ex	4 30 p m
† 30 p m.	Mixed Toledo Local	6 45 a m
	Mixed Oak Harbor	*7 45 p m
	Orrville Ex, Sunday only.	5 20 p m
	TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR & NORTH MICHIGAN	
11 00 p m.	Cadillac Mail	6 00 a m
3 10 p m.	Clare Express	8 20 p m
1 00 a m.	Ann Arbor Accom.	10 30 a m
	TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS &

THE BEE'S GREAT WANT MEDIUM.

Popular Prices for Four Liners! Splendid Results Always Obtained

No Charge for Situation, or for Male and Female Help Wanted, to City and Country Patrons.

☞Parties advertising in these columns and wishing the answers addressed in care of the BEE, will be given a check which must be presented to secure replies. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in an envelope or sent on a postal. When want advertisements are ordered for a number of times and stopped before expiration, no credit can be allowed.

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

MALE HELP WANTED.

SALESMEN—For puzzle pocket purses, something entirely new; gives great amusement to everybody; difficult to open without the secret; regular snap for agents; sample and terms 25c postpaid. Agents' Supply House, 448 Niagara st, Buffalo, N Y. 8oct6p

WANTED—10 good cigarmakers wanted at 145 Maumee ave; none but union men need apply. 8oct3

WANTED—Barber, first-class, immediately; good wages and steady work. Wm Clouse, 837 St Clair st, opposite Bee building. 8oct2

WANTED—Shoemaker—A general good workman and also a man on repairing. 5 Market Space near Washington. 7oct3

COATMAKER — Wanted, first-class coatmaker; pay $5 to $9, to only sober and reliable man. Wolf & Bahmler, merchant tailors, Mansfield, O. 8oct5

WANTED—Good dining room boy at 424 Monroe st. 8oct2p

A PERMANENT place for a good tinner. Address T, this office. 7oct3

WANTED—Immediately, two good pattern makers; eight first-class machinists for vise and floor work; also one good planer hand. Bucyrus Steam Shovel & Dredge Co, Bucyrus, Ohio. 6oct6

STAY CUTTER—Wanted at once, and any cutter who wants a job may telegraph us and we will answer at once. John Stang & Son, Trowbridge, O. 2oct5

WANTED—For the United States army able-bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years; good pay, rations clothing and medical attendance; applicants must be prepared to furnish satisfactory evidence as to age, character and habits. Apply at 4th floor, Bass block, Calhoun st, Ft Wayne, Ind. 3jly6m

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Good hotel cook; must come well recommended; a good salary will be paid to the proper person. Address inquiries to the Portage House, George Deel proprietor, Oak Harbor, O. 8oct6p

WANTED—Two competent girls for general housework at 1415 Madison st. 8oct3

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a good girl for general housework; family of four; light work and good wages. Call at 1313 Adams st. 9oct2

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. Call at 338 12th st. 3oct

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, girl for general housework at 537 Lincoln st near Monroe; call mornings. 7oct6

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a competent girl for general housework at 523 Bush st. 7oct6

GIRL wanted at 327 West Woodruff ave. 6octtf

WANTED—Two experienced dining room girls at the Jefferson. 7oct3

MILLIE C COMPEAU wants competent skirt and waist trimmers, at 336 15th st. 3oct6p

GIRL—Wanted a girl to wait on table for her G board; one who has had some experience. Address 331 Huron st, Toledo, Ohio. 3oct6p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted girl to do general housework and girl to take care of children; 2105 Putnam st, corner Floyd. 2oct1wp

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. 1027 Superior st. 1oct tf

LADIES—Don't let your husbands buy their winter overcoats until they have seen the elegant line we are showing; custom made at $10.25 a saving of 50 per cent. Plymouth Rock Pants Co. No 603 Adams st. 29sep12

MISCELLANEOU

WANTED—Carriage, light jump seat or single seat carriage. W G Alexander, 218 Water st, phone 999. 6oct5

UNDER the new management the Turkish bath parlors at 218 Superior st will be open night and day; ladies will receive prompt attention on Tuesdays and Thursdays from 8 a m to 4 p m; first-class attendants. J P Ferrin, 218 Superior st. 3oct tf

WALL paper and ceilings cleaned to look a good as new without injury to paper by S W Allen. Call or address 553 Wisconsin st. 3oct6p

FIRE—Accident and plate glass insurance, houses for rent and sale, vacant lots for sale in 5th ward and 8th ward, cheap on easy terms; phone 1288. C C & H H ("Bert") Dawson, opposite postoffice, 2 Drummond block. 2oct2w

WANTED—Everybody to see those elegant pianos and organs sold on easy payments by J M Hays at 608 Cherry st. 29sep1m

WANTED—Citizens of Toledo to know that Koella the artist has moved from Fourth ward to Hassenzahl's block, 324 Cherry st. Call if you want fine photography. 29sep3m

PIANOS AND ORGANS of high grade and standard quality. Sold low for cash and on terms to suit, by D. H. BALDWIN & CO., No 229 Summit St

A call respectfully solicited.

ROOMS—Wanted, suite unfurnished, for light housekeeping. Address D 20, S C Dyer, Hotel Jefferson. 17sep tf

ANY ONE having money to loan on improved city or farm property at good rates will find it to their interest to call on T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. No charge for investment. 17aug1yr

FOR RENT—Turner hall club room. Inquir Louis John, 426 St Clair st. 1aug1m

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7apr1yr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31jan1y

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 25 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. Jan12tf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order, delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 321. The Merrell Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 27mar1y

FOR RENT—HOUSE

FOR RENT—Cottage, 1111 Peck st, with six rooms and a summer kitchen; rent $10. Inquire at 813 George st. 9oct3p

HOUSE—For rent, a nice two story house of 6 rooms and barn, on Urbana st. Geo C Stahl, 420 Adams st. 6oct6

HOUSE—For rent, new double brick house on Detroit ave near Oakwood ave, two stories with cellar, $10 per month. Inquire at 130 Water st. J R Boice. 5oct6p

HOUSE—For rent, two story frame house, 9 rooms, good cellar, natural and artificial gas; one block from two street car lines; will rent cheap to a good tenant. Inquire at 322 Illinois st. 5oct6p

HOUSE—For rent, small house on Beech st Inquire cor Beech and Ontario sts. 5oct6p

FOR RENT—Store 75x20 with splendid cellar; also several suits of rooms for offices or light housekeeping, in the Eppstein block, Cherry st. 24sep tf

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1225 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to V. W. Granger, 305 Summit st. 4apr-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN on chattel goods without removal; also on watches, diamonds and jewelry of all kinds. J A Walters, rooms 2 and 4, Cook block, northeast cor Adams and Superior sts. 7oct6p

MONEY—To loan on real estate in large or small amounts at low rate of interest. T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. 17Aug1yr

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reliable; cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 26mar tf

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF LEREE, medium and phrenologist; tells facts, traits and qualities, breaks evil influences, disperses jealousy, causes those who have forsaken you to return, gives full names, etc, etc; satisfaction given or no pay. Rooms 506 Adams st, upstairs 7oct1n-p

ARRIVED GYPSY ZORA—Who has no peer in placing before you a panorama of your past, present and future, tells everything. Rooms, 321 Cherry st. 6oct1mp

WANTED—SITUATIO

WANTED—Situation as coachman or tending private horses and work about house; best of reference given. D 58, Bee office.

WANTED—situation as private watchman by a man who uses neither intoxicating drinks nor tobacco. Address 130 Cherry st, East Toledo. 7oct3

SITUATION—Wanted, as collector, traveling salesman, shipping clerk or office work. Address D 56, care Bee 7oct3

WASH NG—Wanted work by the day, house cleaning or washing. Call 579 Vance st 6oct

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A team of work horses with new harness and wagon, cheap. 511 Nebraska ave cor Ceilingwood. 8oct6p

FOR SALE—Cheap, two four and six horse power engines and boilers. Address or inquire at Marine Boiler Works 1009 to 1015 Water st, Toledo, O 9oct3p

FOR SALE—Cheap, at your own price, a nice young 4½-year old horse; weight about 1,000 lbs; not afraid of electric or steam cars; good for delivery wagon or buggy; perfectly safe for a lady or child to drive, and free from blemishes; good reason for selling. Call at 247 Prescott st. 7oct6

NEWMARKET—For sale, one Newmarket and jacket, bust 36 inches, good quality, cheap. 443 Irving st. 8oct2p

FOR SALE—Ladies' Safety bicycle, good as new. Inquire evening, No 7 Curtis block, G A R hall. 8oct3

FOR SALE—Two cottages and story and a half house on Tecumseh st near Wyandotte; will sell all or singly; a good investment. Chas J Kirschner & Co, 512 Madison st. 8oct12

FOR SALE—A handsome young mare, especially desirable for family use; dapple bay; good size, perfectly safe and a good traveler. Call at 411 Superior st. 5oct6p

HORSES—For sale, good horse, surry and buggy, cheap. Call 127 Erie st. 5oct6p

FOR SALE—Nice sized dappie gray mare, suitable for woman; new harness and pleno box full leather top buggy, nearly new, at 1701 Broadway. 3oct6p

FARM—For sale, of 244 acres, nicely located in Ohio, with good house, two barns, three wells, two orchards, one living spring. This property has also another house good enough for family to live in, with two barns; has a sugar bush of 1,000 maple trees, and considerable beech, maple and elm timber. To a purchaser I can give a better deal than can be found anywhere in the country. Would not object to taking a moderate priced house and lot well located in this city as part payment. For particulars and price address George B St John, 1923 Warren st, Toledo, Ohio. 1oct1mp

PIANO—For sale, Sterling piano; go and see the new Sterling piano at 608 Cherry st before you buy. J M Hays. 29sep1m

FOR SALE—On Delaware ave, near Collingwood ave, desirable residence location at only a nominal price. Irving B Hiett & Co, 243 St Clair st.

FOR SALE—Lots on Gibbons st, near Western avenue, at reasonable price. If you want Air Line Junction real estate see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Lots on Cherry st, near Central ave, at reasonable figures. Also other lots in this locality which are sure to increase in value. Irving B Hiett & Co

FOR SALE—60 feet frontage on Collingwood ave at $60 per foot. Desirable location. Everything first class. See us soon. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Germania st, near Junction ave, two lots 40x149 each; will sell at a reasonable figure. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Machen st, near Collingwood ave, residence lots at proper prices. Get our figures. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Well located lots on Bancroft st, near Locust st. Property in good condition. Stores, schools and business convenient. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR RENT—Lots on Starr ave, near Fifth st, East Toledo, 120 feet deep, will sell frontage to suit. Irving B Hiett & Co, 234 St Clair st.

FOR SALE—Well located lots on Prouty ave, a short distance from Broadway. Will sell frontage to suit. Lots 142 feet deep. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Glenwood ave, near Bancroft st, one of the most beautiful sites on the avenue, 50x150. Get prices of Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Lots on Utica st, near Locust st. Will sell frontage to suit and build for parties desiring, on long time and small payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Thirteenth st, between Jefferson and Monroe sts, lot 6x100. Get our figures Irving B Hiett & Co, 243 St Clair st.

FOR SALE—Well located lots on Oak st, East Toledo; for good investment in Sixth ward property see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Western ave, near Miller st, good lots at low prices. Property suitable for business or residence. For figures see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Lots on Robinwood ave, at $20 per foot. Choice property 172 feet deep. For particulars see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Property on Bassett st, near Erie st, North Toledo; good lots at low figures. Look at the property and see Irving B Hiett & Co, 243 St Clair st.

FOR SALE—Lots on Virginia st, near Parkwood ave at reasonable prices. Will sell frontage to suit. Irving B Hiett & Co, 243 St Clair st.

FOR SALE—Niagara st, near Buckeye, North Toledo, good lot for $400. For particulars see Irving B Hiett & Co, 243 St Clair st.

FOR SALE—For $500, two beautiful lots in Auburndale; good location; will sell on long time if desired. Irving B Hiett & Co, 243 St Clair st.

FOR SALE—At reasonable price, well located lot on Sherman st, near Kent st, 40x115. Get our inducements. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Lot 40x136 on Lawrence ave, for $750; well located and desirable. Let us show you the property. Irving B Hiett & Co.

ENGINE—For sale, engine, 40-horse power engine with 8-foot fly-wheel, in good running order, cheap. Call or address Goulet & Co, 80 St Clair st, Toledo, O. 2sep1m

FOR SALE—Grocery store doing a good business and located in one of the best part of the city; not over $800 or $900 cash needed Address C 36, Bee office. 24jy1

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Walbridge ave, $3,500; house and lot on Washington st $2,500; 73 ft on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $40; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $50; house and lot on Lee st, 9th ward, $1,400; 4 new cottages now being built 9 in East Broadway for $1,000 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell 16 Produce Exchange. 28aug1f

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 515 Adams street. 21mar-tf

FOR RENT ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Large front parlor bedroom, furnished. 344 Michigan st 9oct2p

ROOMS—For rent, furnished rooms for light housekeeping for man and wife; both gases; first-class neighborhood. Address D 57, care Bee.

FURNISHED ROOMS—For rent, with bath. 447 12th st. 8oct6p

FOR RENT—Rooms cor Cherry and Superior, Pillied block; large front room with kitchen suitable for man and wife; rent reasonable. Call room No 2. 8oct5n

FOR RENT—Rooms, all newly furnished; board if desired; hot and cold water; for both ladies and gentlemen. Call at 317 Huron st. 7oct6p

FOR RENT—Large front offices and desk room in old Bee building, 136-138 St Clair st. 7oct6p

FOR RENT—Splendid suite of furnished rooms, very reasonable to satisfactory applicant; every convenience. Dr E, 411 Superior st near Adams. 5oct6p

FOR RENT—Flat of 5 rooms over store on Monroe st, 2d door from 221; will be vacant about the 10th. Apply to M Henahan, 2119 Bartlett st. 5oct6p

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms; also rooms for light housekeeping. Apply at 28 Ontario st, bet Monroe and Washington 8oct6p

FURNISHED ROOMS—suitable for two gentlemen, with board. 331 Huron st 3oct6p

ROOMS—For rent rooms, nicely furnished front room with use of bath suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife, also single room; next to Hotel Madison, 712 Madison st 2oct1wp

FURNISHED ROOMS single and en suite and board. Inquire 220 Huron st. 19sep tf

FOR RENT—Turner hall club room, for club parties or secret societies. Inquire Louis John, 426 St Clair st. 1aug3m

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Brown and black female dog, part Shepherd, about 9 months old; answers to name of Nubbins. Liberal reward for her return to 654 Wisconsin st. 7oct2p

Cloaks,	Jackets,	Capes.
Cloaks,	Jackets,	Capes.
Cloaks,	Jackets,	Capes.

Children's garments all new for Saturday. LASALLE & KOCH.

PARISIAN DYE HOUSE.

The old reliable Parisian Dye House, cleaners and dyers of ladies' and gentlemen's garments. They are made equal to new at 607 Adams street. Clothing called for and delivered. Phone 178.

J. A. HARRIS.

Arlington sale continued Saturday.

Do Not Fail | To see the new things in all departments Saturday.

LASALLE & KOCH'S.

CANCERS.

Thousands of Cancers are permanently removed by entirely new and original methods without pain, loss of blood, or the use of plaster or knife. For book on Cancer (sent free) address Surgical Hotel, Columbus, Ohio.

DR. S. B. HARTMAN, Pres't.

CITY NEWS.

Meeting of the Toledo Canoe club this evening.

Watches and jewelry at Judd's.

Ohio Yacht club holds its annual meeting to-night.

Wedding presents at M. Judd's.

Major McKinley is booked for a speech in Toledo on the 27th.

Ask for Smyth's New Process Bread.

Mills and Bell at Memorial hall this evening. Go and hear them.

Collars 2 cents, cuffs 4 cents, shirts 10 cents, at the Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 438

Scarlet fever is reported at the corner of Lenk street and Indiana avenue.

Hand bags at Birkencamp's factory.

Sewer Contractor Andrew Maher has completed his sewer on Wisconsin street.

The Crescent Livery Co. Phone 809.

Judge Harmon is still quite ill, but not serious. He expects to hold court Monday.

Battle of Gettysburg can be seen from a. m. to 10 p. m.

The case against Clark Browning was submitted to the jury in Judge Pugsley's court to-day.

Visit the Battle of Gettysburg.

Thomas N. Johnson for a disturbance, was fined $5 and costs in police court this morning.

Now is the time to visit the Battle of Gettysburg.

Moses Fried, on a charge of assault and battery, had his case continued until to-morrow, in police court this morning.

Buy underwear at Flory & Baker's; largest assortment; lowest prices.

Deputy County Clerk Wade was not down to the office to-day, but notice his smile to-morrow. It's a girl and weighs 10 pounds.

Bed comforters and bed blankets at Flory & Baker's.

The following drunks were disposed of in police court this morning: Jacob Hines, $5 bail forfeited; Mary Wolfe, continued; Barney McManus, costs.

We are still giving big bargains in our shoe department. Flory & Baker.

William Murphy, for stealing a pair of spectacles, was fined $20 and costs and sent to the workhouse for 30 days in police court this morning.

Gentlemen, buy your underwear at Flory & Baker's. Best goods at lowest prices.

C. H. Schroeder & Co. filed action in common pleas court to-day against William Later and Charles Saco to foreclose a lien to satisfy a judgment of $200.

A new line of kid gloves cheap at Flory & Baker's.

Justice Parker bound over Walter E. Kayes to the probate court yesterday afternoon on a charge of having threatened to kill and abusing his wife. Bail, $300.

Always buy hosiery and underwear at Flory & Baker's.

Elmer Phillips, who was reported as having been lost yesterday, turned out to be a runaway from the Orphans' home. He was taken back there last evening.

Men's all-solid fine calf $3 shoes for $2 at Flory & Baker's.

Admission to Battle of Gettysburg, 25c.; children, 15c.

Dewalson Dunn, an inmate of the asylum, from Tiffin, escaped from that place yesterday. He was arrested last evening and taken to the police station for safe keeping.

Fine carriages and surreys, good horses and stylish harness at the Crescent Livey, Co. Phone 438.

School children will visit the Battle of Gettysburg Saturday.

Rev. Charles Scadding, George Irons and Jas. B. Ludlow have been elected by the Brotherhood of St. Andrew as delegates to the convention at St. Louis Oct. 22-27.

We are now filling winter orders for coal. Get your coal now, while it is dry and good weight. A. H. Schoen. Phone 598.

Thomas Murphy and B. McMehan were arrested last night for begging. In police court this morning McMehan was discharged and Murphy fined $10 and costs and 20 days.

Largest stock of diamonds at Judd's.

George Knight, a bootblack, was arrested for stealing a knife from Jacob Sherman, who keeps a stand on Summit street. In police court this morning Knight proved that he had bought the knife of another party, and was discharged.

Have your house painted with Buckeye paints, and the interior finished with Buckeye varnishes. All the leading dealers sell them.

A large number of Ys will go to Maumee this afternoon to attend a consecration meeting. An interesting program has been prepared. A train will bring the visitors back to Toledo at the close of the services.

Birkencamp's trunks, 608 Summit street

In police court this morning Chas. Brand was bound over to the court of common pleas in the sum of $500 on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses from the American Express company.

Trunks and bags at Birkencamp's.

Everett M. Cook, dentist, successor to Nevius & Cook Worthington block, corner Superior and Adams streets.

W. H. McClain, of Erie, Mich., reported to the police last night that he had either lost or been robbed of his pocket book containing $35 and a check for $75 in favor of Gosline & Barber of this city.

You will find the best and cheapest shoes in Toledo at Davis' New Shoe Store, Cherry, near Summit. Give them a trial and you will buy of no other store.

Morris Goldberg is still breathing free air. It was announced that his bondsmen had given him up, but it must have been fixed, as Goldberger is not in custody and has not been, but Moxie, who was on the bond, refused to serve any longer.

Nobby boys' suits in black cheviots and three pieces knee pants suits just received at the Model Clothing House.

Mr. F. Hall had Barney McManus arrested for creating a disturbance at his house a few days ago. In police court this morning it was shown that that it was only a family row. McManus was fined $5 and costs of arrest and Hall paid the witness fees.

Nobby boys' suits in black cheviots and three pieces knee pants suits just received at the Model Clothing House.

Parks' city ambulance will do work for $2.50 to any part of the city. Phone 121.

The following deaths were recorded at the health office to-day: Gertrude and Gracie Boyle, 1 month and 19 days old, 1052 Oakwood avenue; Theressa Maraviski, 1 month old, 1431 Germania street; Hannah Prisly, 17 years old, 611 Michigan street; William Hartman, 5 years old, West Toledo.

Save money by bpying your blankets and comforts of us.

LAMSON BROS.

SPECIAL CONGREGATIONAL MEETING.

A special meeting of St. Stephen's English Lutheran congregation will be held on Sunday, after the evening service, to take action on the pastor's resignation. A full attendance is requested.

By order of THE CHURCH COUNCIL.

Ask to see our bargains in towels. No trouble to show goods at LAMSONS'.

Ladies' Underwear | New Equesterian Tights in Silk and in Wool. Union Suits in Ladies' and Children's. LASALLE & KOCH.

1891--STAR COURSE!--1892

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE.

Nov. 3—Whitney Mockridge Concert Co.
17—Major H. C. Dane.
Dec. 1—New York Philharmonics.
Jan. 20—Remenyi's Grand Concert Co.
Feb. 16—F. W. Gunsaulus.
Mar. 15—Russell H. Conwell.

SEATS NOW ON SALE AT J. J. FREEMAN'S.

New Trimmings for Saturday.

Another large arrival of Feather Trimmings, New Jets, Feather Boas, Collar, etc. Look through the line Saturday.

LASALLE & KOCH'S.

Owing to their large and increasing practice in this community, Drs. France & Ottman, of New York, will make a return visit to your city. Those who have been treated unsuccessfully by other physicians, will have an opportunity to consult these eminent specialists. It is a well known fact, and one that appeals to the judgement of every thinking person, that physicians who devote their whole time to the study and investigation of a certain class of diseases, must become better qualified to treat such diseases than those who attempt to treat every ill without giving any special attention to any class of diseases. The doctors have had all the advantages of thorough college training and widespread experience that the most ambitious physician could desire, but by the side of others who have that fitness and nothing more, they stand out preeminent. Their cures are remarkable. They are wrought in cases which seem utterly hopeless, and no one, no matter what his malady, should despair until after consulting these eminent physicians.

Drs. France and Ottman, formerly of New York, now of the France Medical and Surgical Institute, Columbus, Ohio, by request of many friends and patients, have decided to visit Toledo, Saturday, Oct. 10. Consultation and examination free and strictly confidential in the private parlor of the Burnett house, from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. One day only.

Cloaks,	Jackets,	Capes.
Cloaks,	Jackets,	Capes.
Cloaks,	Jackets,	Capes.

Children's garments all new for Saturday. LASALLE & KOCH.

EXCURSION TO THE SOUTH.

The C., H. & D. will sell harvest excursion tickets from all stations October 14, to points in Florida, Virginia, Louisiana, Tennessee, Kentucky, Georgia, Alabama, and Mississippi, at one fare for the round trip. The tickets will be good going October 14, and returning any time within 30 days from date of sale. Ask your local agent for tickets via C., H. & D., or address E. O. McCormick, G. P. T. Agent, Cincinnati, O.

Our Glove Department

Recognized as the best, is showing new colorings for street, reception and evening wear.

Colors too beautiful to tell about. Must be seen to be appreciated.

"Xavier Jouvin."

We alone sell them—are acknowledged to be the best. Discriminate between the genuine and the imitation.

For Cold Weather

We have Silk, Kid and Wool mittens. We will tell you more about them when it is colder.

LASALLE & KOCH.

BEEGHLEY FOR SENATOR.

Dayton, Oct. 9.—The republicans of the Third senatorial district, composed of Montgomery and Preble counties, nominated Abraham Beeghley for the senate yesterday.

The many remarkable cures of catarrh effected by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla is conclusive proof that this loathsome and dangerous disease is one of the blood, only needing such a searching and powerful alterative to thoroughly eradicate it.

Curtains and Draperies!

Look at the new arrivals for Saturday. More new Carpets and Rugs.

LASALLE & KOCH.

The last day at Arlington to-morrow.

Do Not Fail | To see the new things in all departments Saturday, at

LASALLE & KOCH'S.

The last day at Arlington to-morrow.

For Saturday | We will show New Ruchings, Handkerchiefs, Pocketbooks and Purses, New Velvet Ribbons.

LASALLE & KOCH.

The earth seems to be growing larger every year. Astronomers say that meteors of various sizes reach the earth in many places. The largest known is that which fell on the plains of Incuman, in South America, which weighed about fifteen tons. A recent calculation shows that the increase of the earth's weight annually, from meteoric sources, is about ninety thousand tons.

Red Shoes for Babies | New Chiffon Laces. New baby Bonnets. New Embroidered Flannels. LASALLE & KOCH.

The richest of the "far northwest" develop suddenly and abundantly. Within 48 hours in Oregen a soda water deposit has been discovered in the Nehalem valley, near Vernonia; a soap mine has been found near Chadwell, on Lewis and Clarke's; crystal springs of the purest water are bubbling up on the hillside in Astoria, gold is being dug out on Genevieve street and coal on West Eighth street in the same city.

Hosiery for Saturday | New Fancy Hosiery. The best Fast Black Hosiery. Children's Hosiery. Men's Half Hose. All new and at the lowest prices. LASALLE & KOCH.

A farmer near Columbus, Ga., has two turkey hens and one gobbler. The hens made nests about 75 yards apart in a melon patch and went to setting. The gobbler got lonesome and concluded that the proper thing for him to do was to set also. He got an equal distance between the two turkey hens, squatted over a guinea watermelon and set six weeks before he was discovered.

A complete line of wash goods on second floor, at LAMSONS'.

INGALLS TO SPEAK IN OHIO.

Atchison, Ks., Oct. 9.—Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls has accepted an invitation from Major McKinley to make some speeches in Ohio this month.

EXTERMINATING THE RIVER HORSE.

How the Natives Get Away with the Ponderous Hippopotamus.

One of the circus companies now traveling in this country is in the habit during the performance of turning its immense hippopotamus out of its cage, and the unwieldy animal follows its master around the hippodrome track with as much docility as a pet dog could exhibit. It is evident that in captivity the hippopotamus is anything but a ferocious animal, and the story that the late Captain Francois, the Congo traveler, told of him as he splashes about his native waters or suns himself on the sand banks indicates that the hippopotamus, though not a beautiful beast, still has his lovable traits. Von Francois was a German explorer, whose observations for altitudes and geographical positions in the part of the Congo basin he visited were long the most reliable data of that sort the mapmakers could get.

"I am not sorry," he said, "that I have not taken part in hippopotamus hunts. It seems a pity without any good reason to shoot these harmless beasts as they huddle together on the sand banks. These animals are almost incredibly innocent and unsuspicious, and they seldom take the trouble to move when they see a hunting canoe approaching. Though great numbers of them have been shot, the idea that the hunting canoes bring danger never seems to dawn upon them. Unless some restriction be soon placed upon the hunting of the hippopotami in those waters the great beasts will soon become so scarce as to be curiosities there. It is to be hoped that the Congo State will soon give its attention to this matter. The evil would not be so great if better use were made of the skin of the animals. Their valuable hides are seldom taken, and their bones, which might serve a variety of useful purposes, are left to bleach on the shores. Often, too, the river affords a grave for the unfortunate animals.

The prediction of this explorer seems rapidly to be coming true. Letters from Leopoldville this year say that the hippopotamus hunters have now to travel many miles for their prey, which was formerly found in great numbers within easy reach of the station.

Von Francois described a half savage, half comic occurrence on the Upper Congo that illustrates the remarkable fondness of the natives of that region for animal food. While he was steaming up the river one day Mr. Grenfell shot a hippopotamus, and the crew drew the huge animal on shore to cut it up. They had not been engaged in this work more than five minutes before they were surrounded by a great crowd of natives, who watched the operation with the keenest interest. The tongue and best parts of the flesh were reserved for the steamboat hands, who then left the animal and gave the natives a chance.

With uplifted knives the crowd rushed upon the remains and began to slash away on all sides. Scores of the natives could not get near the body, and they began to push and pull their more fortunate comrades with frantic eagerness. Those whose knives were within reach of the coveted flesh knew a good thing when they had it, and they did not propose to yield an inch of ground. They would slash away for a minute, then stop to fight the rear guard off, and then renew the cutting up process. The pushing, struggling, howling mob made quite an exciting scene. Then the unfortunates in the rear, unable by dint of muscle to gain access to the creature, gathered handfuls of sand, which they showered over the hippopotamus butchers, endeavoring to blind them.

So the battle went on until finally those who were nearest the carcass rolled it over into the water until it was entirely submerged. From this vantage ground they continued the work of cutting up the animal under water until every scrap that was edible was secured. This means that there was very little left but the skeleton, for the average Congo native is not at all particular. He even cuts up the thick hide of the river horse into small bits, and, after boiling it a long time, manages to swallow it with great apparent delight.

Cloaks,	Jackets,	Capes.
Cloaks,	Jackets,	Capes.
Cloaks,	Jackets,	Capes.

Children's garments all new for Saturday. LASALLE & KOCH.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

DOLLARS WELL SPENT.

For every dollar you drop at H. S. Pierce's Grocery, 713 Monroe street, you get good value and the best goods. Try him.

BRINKERHOFF SYSTEM

Of Rectal Treatment and Medication Cures PILES WITHOUT PAIN, LIGATURE, KNIFE, CAUTERY, OR DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

Also cures Rectal Ulceration, the cause of Fistula, Fissure, "Itching Piles" and Consumption, Soreness across the back, low down, constipation or diarrhea, dull, heavy pains or burning in the rectum, blood or pus on stool, pain in stomach or abdomen and bloating and general prostration warn you.

Send for 58-page book, free, to Dr. Kiskadden, 253 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

DR. H. S. KISKADDEN,

At Toledo, Hotel Madison, on Wednesday of Each Week.

Fremont, Fall House, Thursday a. m., Oct. 1
Sandusky, West House, Thursday p. m., Oct. 1

"People who walk up stairs still carry their Mail to the Post Office. Where Elevators are used one expects to find the U. S. MAIL CHUTE and the FREE Collection Service."

If you don't find them, you should

Address CUTLER MF'G CO., Patentees, Rochester, N. Y

The new BEE Building will be the first in Toledo to use the Mail Chute.

REMEMBER that Dr. Bigelow's Oriental Dental Parlors, located at 305 Summit street, are open 24 hours a day. Dr. Devoe a graduate of Ann Arbor, has charge of the night force. Dr. Schunck, (a German dentist), a graduate of the Ohio Dental college, has charge of the day force. Extracting and all operations are made painless by Dr. Bigelow's pain annihilator, patients have no dread of the dental chair after the first setting. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays special attention is given to operative dentistry. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays teeth are extracted for half the regular price. Patients can come for any and all kinds of dental work night or day without regard to special dates.

DR. BIGELOW, Propr.

Drs. Schunck, Rowaude, Musgrove, Devoe and Snyder operators. S Reese, C Tabor, F B Estell, B A Bigelow, B Ward plate workmen.

HATTIE CRISSEY, Cor. Secy.
W H GEORGE, Private Secy. Phone 1294.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER IS Universally known and everywhere esteemed as the only Powder that will improve the complexion, eradicate tan, freckles and all skin diseases.

CHAMBER SUITS

We are offering the best line of medium Chamber Suits ever offered in Toledo, for the price. Also a fine line of diningroom suits.

CALL AND SEE OUR SIDEBOARDS.

Young & Southard, 132-134 Summit St.

THE BEE HAS A NEW BUILDING

And we have a new stock of hardware, complete in all details. Builders Hardware, House Furnishing Goods, Mechanics Tools, Paints, Oils and Glass.

The WHITAKER & KIRK HARDWARE CO.,

210 SUMMIT STREET.

Steel Slag, Stilts and Artificial Coal for Gas Fires.

LADIES—You can find anything you want in Housekeeping Goods.

WHO SAID WE AIN'T IN IT?

Why this is the leading installment house in the city, and if you don't believe it call and examine our stock of furniture, carpets, stoves, etc. And we will convince you that we sell cheaper than any other firm in the city, on easy weekly or monthly payments.

We keep our establishment open evenings to accommodate the laboring people, so call and convince yourself that we are in the lead.

434 Summit St. COLDBERG & JACOBSON

Our Success Means Everybody Wants our

RECEPTION FLAKES!

WORTS, KIRK & BIGELOW BRANCH

UNITED STATES BAKING CO.

DO YOU SMOKE?

"Yes, when I can get an El Fronda Cigar. It is the best brand made—long Havana filler with a selected Sumatra wrapper. I have never smoked anything better."

Trade Supplied by Berdan & Co.

ACORN COOKING STOVES AND RANGES

Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers, Screen Doors and Windows, Acme Mixed Paints.

MECHANICS' TOOLS AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

H. E. Kuhlman & Co., 620 S. St. Clair St.

PIANOS CHICKERING, The Imperial Cross of the Legion of Honor and 1st Prize Medal. KURTZMANN, Reliable for tone & durability.

311 SUPERIOR ST., TOLEDO, OHIO. **C. J. WOOLLEY & CO.**

AID TO HOUSEKEEPERS

LABOR SAVING—A SAVING IN COST.

GREAT SALE OF

Comforts, Blankets, Pillows!

AND

HOUSEKEEPING LINENS AND MUSLINS.

JACK FROST AT YOUR DOOR

Buy Warm Goods! Save Doctor Bills! Dry Goods are Cheaper than Pills!

2,000 pairs Blankets on sale, embracing every make and grade, from the cheapest gray or white to the finest white wool; also in all the new favorite colors. Special bargains at 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 and $3.00 a pair.

A larger, better selected stock of Linens in store to-day than ever before, including scores of high grade novelties.

100 bales Comfortables, every grade from a good, substantial, warm Comfort at 75c, to the fine quality Elder Down.

A NEW DEPARTMENT!

FEATHER PILLOWS!

Made to order from selected feathers. Fresh goods only in stock. A good pair pillows for $1.00; better ones at higher cost.

10,000 yards of Flannel now on sale, including all grades, colors and prices.

AN ABSOLUTE SAVING IN COST!

To all our customers, in all the above goods. Come and see for yourself. Goods cheerfully shown. Politeness and courtesy to all.

THE LION DRY GOODS CO.

GEO. M. FISHER, Prest.